UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
HONORABLE DAVID O. CARTER, JUDGE PRESIDING

ECHOSTAR SATELLITE CORP., et )
al., )

Plaintiffs, )
vs. ) No. SACV 03-950 DOC
) Day 10, Volume I
NDS GROUP PLC, et al., )
)

Defendants. )
$\qquad$ )

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS Jury Trial<br>Santa Ana, California<br>Thursday, April 24, 2008

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Federal Official Court Reporter
United States District Court
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EchoStar 2008-04-24 D10V1

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SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA, THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 2008

Day 10, Volume I
(8:08 a.m.)
(Outside the presence of the jury.)
THE COURT: All right. On the record.

All counsel are present. The jury's not present.

The Court wants to revisit the issue concerning lost profits.

NDS relied upon and circulated an estimate from Christopher Tarnovsky, which is Exhibit 41. The internal document was Exhibit 2027.

If I could get 2027 and Exhibit 41.
MR. WELCH: Do you mean 1270, Your Honor?

THE COURT: My apologies. I mean 1270. Thank you. 1270.

So I need 41, I believe, from memory, and I need 1270.

Now, I want to look at the first page because I didn't have it with me last night. And I want to look at the top heading on that first page, which should be bolded, and there should be two lines, two bolded lines -- just give it to me. Excellent.

It reads "Marketing Competitive Intelligence." I
emphasize the word "marketing."

And then it goes on to state "NDS and the Nagra

Conditional Access Systems, a Technical and Business Analysis."

Not only is 1270 relied upon and circulated by NDS, based upon by Mr. Tarnovsky's estimate, but the Court had forgotten yesterday when I had my colloquy with counsel that this was labeled "Marketing Competitive Analysis." And last evening, sometime in the early morning, the Court recalled the heading on this document.

It was represented to the Court that this is not advertising, and $I$ agreed, but it is a marketing analysis. NDS attacked the credibility of this hundred thousand estimate, but Exhibit 41, Exhibit 1270, and eventually Exhibit 2027 pave the way for some analysis to take place in front of the jury that has some concrete numbers to it. And although NDS attacked the credibility of its own internal document and its own estimate, Tarnovsky's estimate in the e-mail to Mr. Norris is apparently the underlying information that NDS relied upon in Exhibit 1270 .

Tarnovsky testified and appears to be the most reliable person relied upon by NDS. He testified that only he knew the North America area. The methodology Tarnovsky employed was no better or no worse than that employed by Shelton. It was monitoring the Internet, from his testimony, the same as Mr. Shelton.

The Court did not find and still does not find
that there's a sufficient methodology for Mr. Shelton to testify based upon his calculations and the methodology, but does note once again that the numbers between Mr. Shelton and Mr. Tarnovsky are uncannily close to one another in similarity.

EchoStar should be allowed to argue that the profits based on Tarnovsky's estimate -- or the lost profits -- should be based on Tarnovsky's estimate from monitoring the Internet and relied upon by NDS. Once again, Tarnovsky is certainly the most knowledgeable and perhaps the most motivated to not only monitor but also to give a fairly accurate range at a time when there's absolutely no motivation for him either to pump the numbers or to decrease the numbers. After all, this is a confidential communication, he believes, between Mr. Norris and himself in an e-mail.

Therefore, this Court finds it hard for the accusation to be made that he's fabricating. The e-mail is information that Tarnovsky conveys to Norris that has every indicia of a good faith estimate. The real issue is the accuracy. The real issue is whether this is a guess, and that's for the jury to ferret out in argument.

Now, the Court notes that NDS has argued that lost profits should not be calculated and cannot go to the jury and that no evidence, therefore, should be allowed
concerning any lost profits. This Court rejects that argument. To this Court, that's incorrect.

The question isn't whether the lost profits should go to the jury. There are, obviously, some lost profits. It's the accuracy of those lost profits placed in front of the jury.

The remedy is not exclusion, but the Court does not want to place EchoStar in the position of a freewheeling analysis that literally casts numbers at the jury and places NDS in the unfair position of virtually almost no limitation based upon the hundred thousand numbers. This area of estimating is first noted by this court to be unique and would not have precluded Mr. Shelton in a Kuhmo Daubert analysis originally because I do subscribe to EchoStar's argument that this is an almost impossible area to quantify. By the same token, its uniqueness lends credence to the ability of experts. Once again, it's the methodology.

But the numbers in front of us are sitting right in front of us. It occurred to me last evening about 1:00 or 2:00 o'clock in the morning that we have 2027. This shows the number of subscribers, after multiple runs and requests by the Court, in the starting year and also computes the starting years for ROM 2, ROM 3, ROM 10, ROM 11, and those numbers show a comparative basis and when each of these are being interjected into the EchoStar system.

Since ROM 3 is only going to the jury concerning lost profits, eventually a good faith argument could be made, depending upon the tactics of counsel for both sides. This Court recognizes it will not be completely accurate because there is some confusion concerning the hundred thousand pirated subscriber cards and whether they're ROM 2 or 3, but they can be calculated, and a good faith estimate can be given based upon the numbers in 2027 -- the same process we went through out of the presence of the jury with Mr. Shelton.

The Court knows, out of the presence of the jury, that at least one good faith estimate is about 10 percent of the market. Both parties really hold the ability to calculate this within their own tactics and decision-making process.

Simple calculations that the Canadian market is about 10 percent can be argued, but it's not in front of the jury at the present time. Simple calculations concerning the ratio of ROM 2 to ROM 3 and the dates in question and the advent of ROM 10 can be argued because now we have those numbers, but they're not in front of the jury at this time.

And once again, the Court states that at least we're in the ballpark. And while the remedy is not exclusion on one side, the remedy cannot also be the ability
of EchoStar to argue a hundred thousand, 2001, and then carry that over on documents that are before this court in an in camera hearing that the jury doesn't have possession to of a hundred thousand the next year, a hundred thousand the next year, a hundred thousand the next year. Because if these documents were in front of the Court, you would be able to make the same argument of the advent of ROM 10 and the proportionality of $R O M 2$ and 3.

So this 2027 is not a document, though, that Mr. Shelton caused to be produced. It came from EchoStar, from somebody within EchoStar. And whoever prepared that is the appropriate authenticator of this document.

Now, NDS has the ability to limit damages by literally presenting this evidence, and the Court would require that person to come from EchoStar to lay the foundation. If the tactical choice, though, Counsel, on behalf of NDS is simply to remain moot and rely upon this Court's judgment and then hopefully argue from your perspective to the Circuit Court, I want a clear record that this could be cleared up very, very easily, and that's simply a tactical choice. In other words, Judge Carter was wrong, this was a guesstimate on Tarnovsky's part, it should never have gone to the jury. And if you prevail, then the case will come back, at least in terms of lost profits if there's liability.

But if I'm correct that this is a jury determination, then $I$ would want to talk this through with both of you, because putting yourself in that all-or-nothing position will become a tactical choice.

You have the ability through the last-minute document prepared by EchoStar, 2027, to limit your lost profit damages, if we ever get to that point.

Now, I recognize the difficult tactical position is deciding if you want to leave the record as it is or take the chance -- taking the chance that you're correct and I'm wrong, an all-or-nothing position. And I recognize also that if you place this document in front of the jury, you may tactically be giving credence to this document. In other words, you may place yourself in the position of driving the estimate down to a hundred thousand units, thereby shining a bright light and appearing that if liability is found and we move to lost profits, that you're accepting this hundred thousand number and some number below that as a starting point because of the Canadian market being backed out, the confusion between ROM 2 and 3 .

But EchoStar is in the posture and position of limiting what right now would appear to be, from the glint of counsel's eyes yesterday on EchoStar's part, the ability to argue, because there's nothing in front of this jury -100,000 units in 2001, the testimony of Tarnovsky that's
going up to May, that there's no ability to quantify those numbers at the present time, that they could be astronomical, according to some of your other witnesses -and to continue to argue that compilation all the way through 2002, 2003, 2004 when, in fact, the Court knows and all counsel knows that if these documents are correct coming from EchoStar, 2002 -- or 2027, that there's a swing; the ROM 3 starts significantly down, that they can be figured out very quickly on a percentage basis.

So this Court feels that the chart should be before the jury if it's authentic, but I leave that to the decision of each counsel tactically.

And therefore you're going to prevail in terms of your argument, EchoStar going to the jury in terms of lost profits, recognizing Tarnovsky's estimate, monitoring the same Internet that Shelton was. And the difference is Tarnovsky actually has increased credibility. He has no motivation to look backward in time. He's there at the time. He has no motivation to fabricate these figures. He's talking to his employer in an e-mail.

An example is, obviously, if you think you're being monitored by phone, you're careful about what you say. When you don't think you're being monitored in a confidential conversation, we're usually more motivated to give accurate numbers.

Second, NDS is in a poor posture, as far as the Court's concerned, because this is a marketing analysis. It's an internal document whether it's, quote/unquote, advertising or not. It's relied upon by a corporate entity; it's spread throughout the corporate entity.

Finally, I know, although I wouldn't base my decision, what an uncanny number that Mr. Shelton and Mr. Tarnovsky come to. If you calculate out Shelton, you're about 109,000. In fact, he may be conservative in that number, as he said. And Tarnovsky bears that out because there's a tremendous increase from his testimony between February 2001 and May of 2001, according to his testimony.

So I leave that to you. I simply say to NDS that the ship has left the harbor. You have the ability to cure this. You have the ability to force NDS to bring this document in.

EchoStar, you have the ability also to bring this document in in your case in chief. Whoever decides to do that needs to get that authenticator here. And if the Kudelski group ran this or EchoStar ran this, that person needs to be in court.

Now, the second issue I want to take up, so nobody's caught by surprise, is this issue concerning James Spertus.

It's fascinating to the Court the way that this
has unwound because it's the danger of a court making in limine decisions at an early stage of these proceedings. And being much more knowledgeable about the case, first, the relevance of this started with the in limine motion concerning whether or not the lawsuit involving DirecTV v. NDS was ever going to come into this case as a same or similar offense.

There's a motion for mistrial because of the irreparable harm done to Mr. Spertus' reputation as it reflects upon NDS, from Mr. Snyder's arguments last night, the impugning of his integrity by the question that was asked, the inference that the United States Attorney's Office has left apparently for some private job sometime in relation to a clearance letter being sent by NDS.

But if you look back at the entire record, it's a fascinating record, and it can't be decided in the vacuum of what's occurred.

It starts with DirecTV v. NDS and the Court's decision that this was same or similar conduct. You prevailed on that motion, and the Court had found basically that Tarnovsky's hacking and distribution of DirecTV had the same -- same or similar indicia that would allow that to come in front of the Court.

Now, then, NDS came back through -- I forget, Mr. Klein, Mr. Snyder, I don't remember -- but NDS counsel
came back and were concerned about the Court's ruling and sought to limit that ruling. And the way that that limitation was sought was, there was a deep concern that by that evidence coming in, there would be the inference that, in fact, NDS had committed this crime, and if a settlement had taken place that the inference would be that NDS would have been found liable. And, therefore, the jury should accept that inference in showing the same liability when EchoStar is suing NDS.

This Court allowed a certain amount of evidence. I think, Mr. Klein, this was your portion of the case, because I was also deeply concerned that that inference would be drawn. But my order was relatively clear in terms of the contents of the complaint not coming in, your pretrial documents not coming in, and the contents of the settlement not coming in.

I don't view your question as improper. You asked about the purchase. Your question was directed, from my standpoint when I heard it, to the oddity of the purchase taking place by Rupert Murdoch and NDS of DirecTV and the fact that that purchase then caused, if you will, any further hacking of DirecTV to cease. That is not an improper area. And therefore, if I conveyed any limitation on that before, with the wisdom of hearing this case, that is not grounds for a mistrial, and I deny the grounds for a
mistrial at this time.

Second, I'm becoming increasingly concerned that while the corporate world may segment out EchoStar and NagraStar and Harper Collins and NDS, that initially at counsel's request for NDS I had singled out Mr. Rupert Murdoch at their request for some protection. Apparently he has a good or bad reputation, and there was concern on NDS's part. It's becoming increasingly clear to this Court that the corporate entities don't have the same sanctity that they normally should, that these are really four primary responsible parties involved. It's not Henri Kudelski, it's Andrew Kudelski, it's Charles Ergen, it's Rupert Murdoch, and it's -- Dr. Peled. Thank you very much.

And the intermeshing between these corporate entities is fascinating. Fifty percent ownership of some shares, the combination of factors, give credence now to the corporate structure, quite frankly, if not being meaningless, significantly diminished.

And while $I$ don't intend to allow you to focus on Ergen or Murdoch and continue to use their names in vain, I'm not as concerned any longer that their names aren't a part of this lawsuit.

So, then, continuing on with what happened to Mr. Spertus. After that concern by the Court that NDS would appear to be liable because of the investigation and NDS's
desire to have some information in front of the jury that there was some absolution, the court allowed a certain amount of that. Then, of course, Mr. Klein believed -strike that.

Counsel for NDS believed that the door had opened, and without alerting the Court or asking, rose to the occasion to introduce the document, in front of the jury, which I had specifically excluded.

This has gone back and forth on both sides in terms of neither trusting or relying upon the Court, and counsel for EchoStar did the same thing yesterday in terms of the polygraph. And maybe that polygraph is coming in, but I think I should have the courtesy at least of knowing if you're leaving a deposition at night, and I should certainly have the courtesy of knowing when those critical documents that I've excluded and made known to you, whether it's a polygraph, or a document that Mr. Klein takes upon himself to believe that he can just stand the occasion, should come before the Court. But if we're not going to do that, then I'm warning you both. I've got a lot of weapons in front of the jury. I'm going to protect my record, and I'm going to protect this jury.

So if I see any more of that, you're now forewarned. I've been very neutral in front of the jury in terms of my comments. None of you have been harmed in front
of this jury. I will protect my record in this regard from this point forward.

So Mr. Klein then rises to the occasion -- strike that.

One of the counsel from NDS rises to the occasion, trying to get in a document believing that they've got carte blanche, which they don't, and then yesterday EchoStar strikes back. There's no information in front of this jury other than the question asked, that, one, Mr. Spertus left. I'm assuming he must have left in close proximity to the clearance letter. There's no information in front of this jury who he went to work for. The question assumes he went to work for some organization apparently connected in some way, if not to NDS, to a general industry, and I can't ferret that out from the question. And there's some strong innuendo that Mr. Norris had some type of either personal or professional relationship, which is hard to sort out from that question.

Now, having the wisdom of time, this whole area is collateral. In other words, looking back in time, the same or similar act should have simply come in on behalf of EchoStar. My ruling would not change. And looking back with the wisdom of hindsight, I don't believe that there should have been any discussion about any potential protection of NDS and any discussion about a clearance
letter by the U.S. Attorney's office.

And therefore, my remedy is to inform the jury -although I offered NDS carte blanche last night -- the admonition that whatever occurred in terms of the United States Attorney's Office and their investigation and their absolution or not has no effect on this jury; that they are only -- the only people who are going to hear the totality of this evidence, and there's no inference to be drawn from the United States Attorney's actions. And there's no inference to be drawn concerning Mr. Spertus and whether he went to work in an industry-related job or he had some personal or professional association with Mr. Norris.

Because what's occurring is the inference that really this clearance letter is something that the jury should rely upon collaterally and therefore absolve NDS. And it really strikes, in a sense, against the Court's ruling that was favorable to EchoStar in terms of introducing the NDS DirecTV lawsuit.

Now, I was wise enough at least to catch that after the questions came rapidly yesterday, and the Court tried to cure that with an admonition to the jury at that time. It was inartful. It was the best I could do under the circumstances with the fast-flowing questions asked between counsel. But it did say to the jury that we didn't have Mr. Spertus here.

So there's two options. One, we leave the record as it is with your motion for mistrial; or, two, I simply step back in and cure this and admonish the jury that any action by the United States Attorney's Office is irrelevant, and any actions or insinuations concerning Mr. Spertus are irrelevant, that this area is to be stricken from their consideration.

Now, since I've already made a record, although it's inartful yesterday, at least the Circuit Court knows that when they focus on this issue, they need to go back through the entire record and look at the way it developed.

Your motion for mistrial is denied.

Third, the Fifth Amendment and the question asked of Mr. Tarnovsky -- "Did you ask Mr. Frost to assert the Fifth Amendment?" -- is not grounds for a mistrial.

The Court has made the ruling that the assertion of the Fifth comes before the jury. The Court's not going to negate that ruling or cause a mistrial when in fact there's a nexus, a strong nexus, between Mr. Frost and Mr. Tarnovsky. If that question would have been asked in a vacuum concerning, for instance, a Mr. Quinn where the Court has, you know -- and I agree with Mr. Snyder, little or no nexus at the present time -- then I think that would be well taken. But where $I$ have Mr. Frost, who's been intimately involved in this hacker group, this hacker community,

Mr. Tarnovsky intimately involved, the Court finds that's a proper question to ask, and you're entitled to ask that. And I'm denying the motion for mistrial.

Fourth, I don't want the Circuit to misconstrue, if there is liability for either party, that this Court thinks that the case should start over because of evidentiary rulings. My comments yesterday started with Mr. Snyder rising to his feet correctly to back the Court that maybe a new trial should take place. My comments weren't directed at the Court's rulings thus far.

My concern is that this evidence that has literally been shredded, hidden, not produced, has only -by both entities -- has only come forward, in this Court's opinion, literally within the last couple months.

And because of that, I wish that this evidence would have been before both of you two or three years ago, and the depositions that were conducted would have been more full and complete because each of the parties, I think, were equally harmed by this. And therefore I'm keeping these statements neutral, not only on the record -- this is all outside the presence of the jury. And my frustration with the case is outside the presence of the jury.

My comments are directed to the fact that this discovery has been an abysmal process and probably every bit as frustrating for you as counsel representing your clients
as it is for the Court watching this record of destruction, shredding, noncompliance by attorneys -- one in Canada -- in violation of the Court's orders.

So, therefore, if there was any colloquy yesterday, it's only in light of the fact that $I$ wish that the discovery would have been forthcoming between the parties and we would have had your cooperation earlier.

But as far as the evidentiary rulings are concerned, I'm convinced that this case literally cannot be retried.

I don't believe that with the badgering that this Court has entered into, quite frankly, with both of you, that I could be in any posture having counsel's compliance and the messages you've sent back to your clients. I don't think, for instance, Mr. Ereiser is ever coming back in a new trial. Menard is never appearing. We're not going to be in any better position in some court in the future -this Court or another court will be in the position of depositions from this trial.

It's been absolutely essential that the jury view the demeanor of witnesses who are testifying. And at least we've cut that number from 18 or so who weren't coming, to approximately 14 now of those 18 who are appearing -- and I may be a little off in my numbers.

So it's about as fair as we can have in terms of
demeanor in front of the jury with the lack of cooperation with these multinational corporations and the decision-makers behind them.

Once again, let me be very clear. My comments have nothing to do with the excellent performance of trial counsel in my court.

Therefore, on your three grounds, your motions for mistrial are denied.

Concerning the admonition, I'll leave that to you quickly to decide. Because if I'm going to admonish the jury, I'm going to do it immediately upon their entering the courtroom. If not, I'm going to take your silence as acquiescence in terms of letting the record stand with Mr. Spertus.

I note for the record Mr. Spertus is local. He's appeared in my court. Either one of you can get him if you want to continue down this line, and if you can't reach a resolution, and/or you can bring Mr. Norris back to find out what kind of relationships there are.

Defendants, finally, had moved for summary judgment as a matter of law pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 50(a). According to Rule 50(b), if the Court does not grant a motion for judgment as a matter of law made under Rule 50(a), the Court is considered to have submitted the action to the jury, subject to the Court's
later deciding the legal questions raised by the motion.
This Court does not want to leave this in an unresolved condition prior to the time it goes to the jury, but in searching Rule $50(a$,$) it's unlike a Court trial where$ the Court can delay that decision until the end of the defense case. And I would simply ask, so that I don't put NDS in the position of having not thoroughly and thoughtfully considered this, that there's a stipulation that once again we can raise this at the end of the defense case, moving in the same procedural format as we would in a court trial.

Therefore, you're given two opportunities: To raise these same questions again, but it's very fair to EchoStar because, quite frankly, a large part of your case may come through NDS's testimony just like a large part of NDS's case has already come in through EchoStar's presentation of witnesses.

These witnesses have been sometimes hostile, from EchoStar's position. And many of the witnesses NDS calls, like Guggenheim, may be hostile to NDS's position.

Now I may be wrong about $50(a)$, but that's what my research shows. Last evening we stayed quite late trying to look at that procedure, and $50(a)$ is a little different. It requires this horrendous jump, Mr. Snyder, from the initial decision on a directed verdict at the end of the plaintiffs'
case to, literally, the Court having the ability and not granting the judgment as a matter of law to submit this action to the jury.

But right now, tentatively, I would deny your motion. There's the nexus to Dawson, as far as I'm concerned.

But this Court is in a minority of courts in the country, and in having a frank discussion with you, I think I need to make a record that this Court historically has been very concerned about the application of civil RICO and this concept. This Court's used to dealing with criminal RICO. It was written by the gentleman from Notre Dame. It was written for organized crime, and the judiciary has carried this concept of civil RICO through affirmances and nonaffirmances into the area of civil law.

This Court had initially granted summary judgment on behalf of NDS in the Sogecable case. The Ninth Circuit corrected this Court. This Court is a very humble Court in light of the Ninth Circuit's ruling, and I'm bound, and whatever my history is in terms of deep concern about civil RICO, this Court humbly takes its direction from the Ninth Circuit and will obey their admonition.

So, therefore, I think I've made it known to you -- privately on some of the Saturday sessions -- my concern, and $I$ want to state that on the record, quite
frankly. I've been corrected, and therefore RICO is back with us. I'll act in a very neutral regard, whatever my personal concerns have been about that. That's off the table.

Right now, tentatively, I believe that there's enough to go to the jury on civil RICO. I'm going to deny Mr. Snyder's directed verdict, but I'm going to find that this allows you to reraise this again at the end of the defense case, although I can't find the specificity in Rule $50(a)$ that allows that.

I think because of the posture of the case and in fairness to both sides, the Court's going to be even wiser at the end of the presentation of the defense case and can make another considered decision.

Now, therefore, you have a record for appellate purposes. If, in fact, in denying Mr. Snyder's directed verdict, and if $I$ can't reconsider this again at the end of the defense case, then that's final. And if I did knock out civil RICO at that time, you have every right to take that to the circuit and say that Judge Carter was wrong in the posture he put the case in.

So I need a little bit of research by you on behalf of NDS. That's why I wanted all of you in here. I really need to know if $I$ have that authority or if I'm, in a sense, now dooming you and closing the gate to an even more
thoughtful consideration in terms of civil RICO at the end of your case, and it just goes over to the jury. But that's as much research as we could do last night because we wanted to focus back on the three motions for mistrial, try to look at some of the predicate acts, try to take into consideration, but right now, in calling for a directed verdict, that's denied.

Now, I have a lot of other things that we can take up this morning.

There's a number of documents out there, but I want NDS to have a thoughtful conversation about whether, in fact, the entire area should call for this Court's admonition to the jury. And in no way are you acquiescing to my prior rulings. In fairness, I want both of you in as good a tactical position as possible. But I'm prepared and offer to you -- and I'm inclined to unless I hear an objection -- an admonition that this entire area concerning the U.S. Attorney's findings, their investigation, is collateral, should not be considered by this jury, should be stricken, as well as any inferences concerning Mr. Spertus.

Why don't you talk for a moment and tell me your positions.

Counsel, while you're deciding that, if you need James Spertus, either one of you, if you decide to decline the Court's admonition, I can certainly get him here. He's
local.

And Mr. Norris is ordered back, or we can strike the entirety of this by an admonition.

My guess is that NDS is thoughtfully considering the import of their request to limit this and to show the U.S. Attorney's efforts, and my guess is that EchoStar would like to take up the Court's offer that's been offered to NDS. But that's just a guess.

Mr. Klein, why don't you have a seat, sir.
Thank you for your courtesy.
MR. KLEIN: If I might, Your Honor, I will answer the Court's question, but $I$ want to explain why the question has particular relevance this morning because the first witness who is going to testify is Mr. Peluso, and Mr. Peluso would testify, unless the Court rules otherwise, about the letter and contacts with Mr. Spertus as well as the U.S. Attorney in San Diego.

Mr. Peluso was an Assistant United States Attorney, and he would testify that he wanted to speak to Mr. Norris with respect to satellite piracy; that he did not meet with Mr. Norris because he was made aware of this investigation.

He would further testify that he had communications with the U.S. Attorney in San Diego as well as Mr. Spertus and at some point in time became aware that
the investigation was not going anywhere, that it was going to be concluded, and eventually received the letter. He saw the letter that Mr. Spertus wrote, and, based on the conversations and the letter, began speaking to Mr. Norris. And, in fact, that's developed into a situation where Mr. Norris aided him on a number of investigations and prosecutions.

THE COURT: The first part may be entirely irrelevant; the last part may be very relevant.

Once again, bluntly, the whole import of this letter is to influence this jury that the United States Attorney's Office gave a clean bill of health to NDS and that this should carry over into their decision-making process in this case.

I'm having NDS complaining on one hand about EchoStar's question yesterday, and yet NDS has opened this door, quite frankly, to have this jury draw the inference.

MR. KLEIN: One other point I need to make, Your Honor. There was no ruling on this letter, 1268. I did not give it to you when we talked about the exhibits because I had no intention of putting the exhibit in. Didn't even have the exhibit with me. I did put it in based on what -- the questions that counsel asked about the U.S. Attorney's Office, but there was no ruling that this Court had made with respect to that letter.

THE COURT: Well, that's true. There's no ruling on the record, but there was certainly direct rulings on Saturday. And I didn't see you here.

I saw Mr. Snyder here and David. I saw David -MR. EBERHART: Eberhart.

THE COURT: Eberhart. My apologies. Maybe Mr. Snyder was gone on Saturday.

MR. SNYDER: I was here, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Maybe Richard --

MR. STONE: Stone.

THE COURT: Mr. Hagan, I know you were here.

MR. KLEIN: I was here on Saturday, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Klein, I didn't see you on

Saturday.

MR. KLEIN: I was here Saturday.

THE COURT: Did you hear my admonition to you on Saturday? It couldn't have been any more direct. That letter's not coming in.

What really happened -- and I'm finding no fault; it happened on both sides -- it was clear to me that the polygraph shouldn't have come up in terms of the request for -- neither one of you want to slow down and ask the Court for its wisdom. You just want to rise to the occasion in front of the jury. Fine. We can argue about that, but from my standpoint, it's clear.

MR. KLEIN: Well, one other thing I would ask the Court to clarify as far as Mr. Peluso's testimony, because I need to obviously speak to him and tell him what he can say and what he can't say.

Can the Court just make clear -- as I say, our position is the letter should come in, and Mr. Peluso should be able to testify about these communications. But obviously, whatever the Court's ruling is, I will speak to him and make sure that he does not say anything that the Court believes should not be said. I just would like to clarify what he shouldn't say.

THE COURT: I think I'm going to clarify the record. I don't think I'm getting any help from either counsel on either side, and therefore this is a collateral matter. It shouldn't be in front of the jury. They shouldn't be drawing an inference from whether the United States Attorney's Office gave a clearance or didn't give a clearance. Mr. Spertus' reputation should not be cast in this light in terms of questions, and I'm going to admonish them to strike this entire area.

So Kristee, get the jury.

MR. KLEIN: Your Honor, may I speak to Mr. Peluso so for a moment and tell him?

THE COURT: Certainly. Kristee, just a moment. I want to pay the courtesy.

THE CLERK: Okay.

THE COURT: All the other aspects of the testimony are relevant. I heard nothing that causes the Court any concern, but the clearance is not.

MR. KLEIN: Okay. Well, should he say -- can he say he had conversations with those -- can he say why he didn't speak to Mr. Norris right away? Which would be because there was an investigation going on.

THE COURT: Certainly.
MR. KLEIN: Okay. And then he can say at some point he spoke to Mr. Norris?

THE COURT: Certainly.
MR. KLEIN: And can he say that it was after
contact with the U.S. Attorney that he spoke to Mr. Norris?
THE COURT: Certainly.

MR. KLEIN: But not mention the letter?

THE COURT: And not mention the clearance from
this point forward. I'm going to have them strike that from their minds, and I'm going to have them strike the innuendos concerning Mr. Spertus' character also from their minds.

MR. KLEIN: I understand.

THE COURT: By the way, both of you can open that door again if you want to bring Spertus and Norris here, but we're not doing it through leading questions and insinuations like EchoStar.

And I think in this effort to listen to Mr. Snyder and to protect you against this alleged bias that it's gotten to the point now that the jury may assume, because of this clearance letter of the U.S. Attorney, that all of this evidence was in front of them. It's not.

MR. KLEIN: For the record, Your Honor, NDS's position would be that the admonition would make it worse. We will -- our position is the record should be left the way it is.

THE COURT: Just the way it is?

MR. KLEIN: Yes, Your Honor.
MR. HAGAN: Your Honor, may $I$ be heard on this?

THE COURT: Yes. No further discussion, then, unless Mr. Norris is called or Mr. Spertus is called.

MR. KLEIN: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: That's your position?

MR. KLEIN: Yes.

THE COURT: You can take that up because the Court would be forewarned, and you paid me the courtesy of telling me about this beforehand -- Mr. Spertus or Mr. Norris.

MR. KLEIN: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Counsel on behalf of

EchoStar.

MR. HAGAN: Yes, Your Honor, I would like to make two points.

First, we think that an instruction or admonition to the jury is required. We think that it is unfairly prejudicial for the defendants to argue through any of their witnesses that somehow the United States Attorney's Office gave them clearance or has already considered all of this evidence and has made a determination. The jury is not in a position to understand the difference between a beyond all reasonable doubt standard of proof and a preponderance of evidence standard of proof. And we would request that the Court provide that admonition to the jury.

The second point, Your Honor: My question to Mr. Tarnovsky was based on facts. And the reason that that question was asked was because the defendants intend to call a former U.S. Attorney as their first witness, Mr. Peluso.

We deposed Mr. Peluso. In his deposition, he acknowledged that there was some sort of colloquial or professional relationship between NDS and Mr. Norris and AUSA Spertus. That was the sole basis for that question. And if the Court is not inclined to give the jury some type of an admonition or instruction, I would like to be able to ask Mr. Peluso, if he testifies about this --

THE COURT: And if you do, then, why isn't Mr. Klein in the posture of being able to bring this out at the beginning?

MR. HAGAN: And that's why $I$ think the way to cure
this is an admonition to the jury to disregard any actions taken by the United States Attorney's Office. It is not binding, and it should not influence their decision in this case in any regard.

THE COURT: Okay. We're going to take a brief recess.

I'll be back in about 15 minutes. (Recess held at 8:59 a.m.)
(Proceedings resumed at 9:15 a.m.)
(Outside the presence of the jury.)

THE COURT: All right. We're back on the record. The parties are present.

Counsel, any further comments so I'm courteous and I hear you fully?

Mr. Hagan.

MR. HAGAN: Yes, Your Honor, I would just add one thing.

The questions about Mr. Norris's or NDS's relationship with AUSA Spertus were made in good faith. The inference is certainly one that the jury can draw, and that is the timing of leaving the AUSA and the declination letter and the inference that can be drawn between that relationship.

And I would just like to be on the record saying that there was certainly no malintent on our part. We were
anticipating that they call Mr. Peluso first, which they are doing, and it was based on testimony that he gave at his deposition.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
I'm going to turn to Mr. Klein as a courtesy.

MR. SNYDER: May I respond?

THE COURT: Mr. Snyder.

MR. SNYDER: Thank you, Your Honor.
Two things: First, we continue to believe that an admonition that the jury not consider for any purpose the results of the investigation would be unduly prejudicial in the context of the case.

It is a fact that the investigation occurred and that the Government declined to prosecute. And we are all aware of the multifarious reasons for which -- based on which that decision can be made. But it is a fact.

When the defendants asked to introduce the letter from Mr. Spertus, as I understood it, part of the Court's rationale was that the evidence of the Government not taking action was already before the Court in the context of the witness's testimony, and thus it would be unnecessary and, in the Court's words, unduly prejudicial to have the letter introduced. But those facts still remain.

If the Court gives the admonition, it is now indicated, and that testimony is struck from the record.

Then we are left only with testimony about an investigation having occurred with no resolution of that investigation, which could be highly prejudicial to the defendants if the jury were to draw the inference that there was some kind of prosecution or charges or other kind of conduct made.

Second point, Your Honor: The Court's admonition regarding the investigation by the Government occurs in the context when there have been allegations made against the defendants in a number of contexts, including the DirecTV litigation and the Canal+ litigation about which there has been substantial testimony, including, as was part of the discussion last night, the resolution of those cases.

Indeed, it has become a part of the plaintiffs' theory of the case that those cases were resolved in a way that suggest liability on behalf of NDS and some kind of control by News Corp. in trying to resolve those cases to insulate it from liability for some misconduct. Allegations that we vehemently deny.

If the Court gives the admonition regarding the U.S. Attorney's investigation but the jury is still allowed to consider the resolution of those cases in the context of plaintiffs' theory that those cases were resolved in a way to protect NDS from allegations of misconduct or from actual misconduct, that is severely prejudicial to the defendants and hamstrings us in our ability to create a proper record.

THE COURT: Okay.

Mr. Hagan.

MR. HAGAN: Brief response, Your Honor.

The record is clear, based on the testimony of Mr. Norris and Mr. Tarnovsky, that the investigation was ultimately dismissed, that no charges were filed, and that there was a declination by the U.S. Government to pursue charges. So an admonition to the jury that they not consider that is sufficient to protect both sides. And it takes away the ability -- or the necessity for either side to make the arguments that have been attempted to be made through the initial witnesses in this case.

With respect to the DirecTV and Canal+ litigations, I'd respectfully disagree with Mr. Snyder's characterization, and I would point out that EchoStar has several claims that still survive, including the civil RICO claim, which require us to establish a pattern and practice and predicate acts, which Mr. Snyder raised last night.

The jury can certainly consider the underlying conduct in those litigations, and we are certainly able to argue the inferences that could be drawn from News Corp. purchasing controlling interest in those companies, the lawsuits being dismissed, and the destruction of evidence, including on the part of ICG and TDI, as being somehow related to that.

THE COURT: Okay.

Mr. Snyder.

MR. SNYDER: Thank you, Your Honor.

And I think that Mr. Hagan -- well, let me respond to both of the points.

First of all, unless I'm entirely mistaken about how admonitions from the Court work, if the Court admonishes the jury that they are not to consider for any purpose the results of that investigation, $I$ would be inviting error if NDS, in closing, argues that the jury should consider those things. And I suspect the Court would react strongly to those. So I don't understand the comment he's making about how an admonition would be sufficient, and yet the jury can consider the evidence. It cannot do both, consider it and not consider it.

Second, the theory that resolution of the DirecTV and Canal+ cases was somehow indicative of misconduct is a theory that was never pled in any complaint in this case and in fact was first articulated in one of the Saturday sessions before we began putting on evidence. It has not been the subject of discovery; it has not been part of this case until immediately before trial; and most importantly, it is not a part of the RICO claim.

The predicate acts which are required to be pled with particularity in the RICO claim are criminal copyright
infringement of plaintiffs' copyrights. Those are not at issue in the DirecTV case; those are not at issue in the Canal+, even in the broadest form.

And second, violations of 1029: Those also require interception of plaintiffs' signal. Those are not at issue in the DirecTV case; those are not at issue in the Canal+ case. So for plaintiffs to argue that somehow the allegations in the DirecTV case and the Canal+ case are relevant to a RICO claim, it is relevant to a RICO claim that is not part of this case and has never been pled.

THE COURT: Mr. Hagan.
MR. HAGAN: Yes, Your Honor. With respect to the RICO claim, we are required to establish a pattern and practice of racketeering activities. That requirement does not apply solely to plaintiffs' conditional access system; it applies to all conditional access systems for any of the competitors in this market. And that is clear by the other element of RICO, which is that we are required to prove a likelihood of continued misconduct. That does not require us to prove it by solely to EchoStar's conditional access system. That allows us to argue that the continuing wrong could continue with -- as it did DirecTV, Canal+, Sogecable, and EchoStar.

THE COURT: Mr. Snyder -- although I'm sure you're both exhausted, and I invite your arguments, and then we'll
go back to Mr. Hagan. I'm not chilling you at all. In fact, I'm inviting you to comment.

MR. SNYDER: I appreciate your courtesy, Your Honor, but with respect to Mr. Hagan, I don't believe that his argument addresses the point at all that this is an eleventh hour or twelfth hour or 1:00 a.m. introduction to this case. And the allegations they're making, the theory that they are articulating, is not one that they pled. A requirement that they plead those acts, the predicate acts which lead to or potentially lead to an allegation or pattern of misconduct, those are not part of this case. They're not.

THE COURT: It's difficult for a Court when it's trying to give each party the dignity, through their exquisite preparation, of arguing a lawsuit. I've been involved as a litigator where the judge took my lawsuit from me, and I've never forgotten that experience. So I've been trying to let each of you develop within the rules of law the best possible presentations for both sides as respective plaintiffs and counterplaintiffs and defendants and counterdefendants.

But when the Court's faced with a motion for mistrial, then the Court has to move to protect its record also. Therefore, $I$ don't think the parties can have it both ways. And in giving you that option and ability, when
motions for mistrial are made, the Court has to move to protect this jury.

Now, I'm going to bring this lawsuit in. You're encouraged to keep your expansive nature on both sides. There's no chilling effect. There's nothing frustrating about counsel as far as this Court's concerned -- only with the companies involved, obviously.

But the admonition will be as follows:

Yesterday counsel engaged in a discussion involving former United States Attorney James Spertus. Counsel for NDS had previously asked a witness about the United States Attorney's investigation of NDS. The Court is concerned that you might draw some inference based upon the decisions by the United States Attorney's Office concerning the liability or nonliability of the parties before the Court in this civil lawsuit.

Those decisions have no bearing and should have no bearing on your decision. There should be no implication of any misconduct by the United States Attorney's Office or Assistant United States Attorney James Spertus.

You are the only trier of fact that has heard all of the evidence in this case. You should strike from your consideration any testimony regarding the investigation of NDS by the United States Attorney's Office.

That will be my admonition in just a few moments.

Second, your first witness will not be the gentleman from the United States Attorney's Office. I'm leery now. I want to hear a full offer of proof, and I don't want to answer quickly when you start talking to me about different areas you can get into. You'll call another witness out of order.

This time the Court's going to take its time out of the presence of the jury and hear exactly what this gentleman's going to say in light of my admonition.

Kristee, get the jury, please.

That should be a curative instruction; that should resolve it; and I hope that the reviewing court recognizes that the Court inartfully tried to cure that yesterday, initially, when it saw and realized what was occurring. That was my initial attempt, so this is not anything other than a follow-up from yesterday's inartful wording to the jury.
(In the presence of the jury.)

THE COURT: Good morning.
We're back on the record, and I want to thank the ladies and gentlemen of the jury.

Counsel, thank you for your courtesy. If you'll please be seated.

Any delay is entirely my responsibility. It is not to reflect on hard-working counsel for both sides. It
is my inability, quite frankly, to foresee some issues,
et cetera, and thank you for your forbearance.
I'm going to admonish you as follows:
I had a colloquy with you yesterday concerning a
James Spertus, an Assistant United States Attorney, and
informed you at that time that Mr. Spertus was not before
the Court. But upon further reflection, I will continue
along that same vein that I attempted to talk to you about
yesterday.
Yesterday counsel engaged in a discussion
involving former Assistant United States Attorney
James Spertus. Counsel for NDS had previously asked a
witness about the United States Attorney's investigation of
NDS, and that came in through other witnesses earlier in the
trial. This Court's concerned that you might draw some
inference based upon the decisions by the United States
Attorney's Office concerning liability or nonliability of
the parties before the Court in this civil lawsuit.

Those decisions have no bearing and should have no bearing on your decision in this lawsuit. There should be also no implication of any misconduct by the United States Attorney's Office or Assistant United States Attorney James Spertus.

You are the only trier of fact that has heard and will be hearing all of this evidence. You should strike

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from your consideration any testimony regarding the
investigation of NDS by the United States Attorney's Office.
In other words, this is this lawsuit. Let's hear the
evidence in this lawsuit from the witness stand. Okay? And
no inference is to be drawn either for or against either of
these parties.
    Okay. Now, later on I'll have further discussion
with counsel, but at this time that admonition stands. And
I started to inartfully try to tell you that yesterday;
that's a more formal admonition to you.
    Now, also I've been informed last evening that
counsel for EchoStar is resting.
    Is that correct, Counsel?
    MR. HAGAN: That's correct, Your Honor.
    THE COURT: And are you formally resting at this
time in front of the jury?
    MR. HAGAN: We are formally resting at this time.
    (Plaintiffs rest.)
    THE COURT: Now, there may be, Counsel, through
the last nine days a series of evidence that we may have
neglected. In other words, we didn't have time last evening
to go over each item of evidence, and I don't want the
resting to be a preclusion of a request for some other item
of evidence that we might have overlooked.
    So if I can have your stipulation that we can go
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over those evidentiary items this evening and check them off with Kristee, then we could keep moving the case along.

Would that be acceptable to EchoStar? MR. HAGAN: Yes, Your Honor. THE COURT: And to NDS? MR. SNYDER: Yes, Your Honor. THE COURT: And the same courtesy to NDS. When you rest your case, if there is any rebuttal or surrebuttal in that matter, we can go over the evidentiary list during the evening.

Then EchoStar has formally rested their case.
NDS has been prepared for quite a while. We all
believed that we would be starting the case involving NDS
today, so we're right on schedule, actually.

So Counsel on behalf of NDS, Mr. Klein.

MR. KLEIN: Thank you, Your Honor.
THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. KLEIN: Ken Klein representing NDS.

And defendants call Mr. Marco Pizzo, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Mr. Pizzo.

Mr. Pizzo, if you would be kind enough to raise
your right hand, please.
MARCO PIZZO, DEFENSE WITNESS, SWORN THE WITNESS: I do.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Pizzo.

If you would have a seat, please, in the witness
box.

And after you're seated, sir, would you be kind enough to face the jury, make sure that the microphone's close to you and state your full name for the jury, please.

THE WITNESS: My name is Michael Jerome Pizzo.

THE COURT: Sir, would you spell your last name for the jury.

THE WITNESS: Sure. P-I-Z-Z-O.

THE COURT: Thank you.

This is direct examination by Mr. Klein on behalf
of NDS.

MR. KLEIN: Thank you, Your Honor.

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. KLEIN:
Q. Good morning, Mr. Pizzo.
A. Good morning.
Q. Are you familiar with the nickname "xbr21"?
A. Yes.
Q. Whose nickname is that?
A. It's my nickname.
Q. How long have you used that nickname?
A. After '95, I would say.
Q. 1995?
A. That's right.
Q. Are you still using it today?
A. Yes.
Q. How did you choose that particular nickname?
A. I was -- it is a nice nickname. It had xbr, you know, it's the name of the Sony xbr line of televisions, and 21 is like a lucky number. So it was kind of short.
Q. Okay. Now, I'd like you to tell the jury a little bit about yourself.

How old are you?
A. I'm going to be 39 years old June 6.
Q. Where do you live?
A. I live in St. Louis, Missouri.
Q. St. Louis?
A. Yes.
Q. And how long have you lived there?
A. Oh, about 20 years now.
Q. Did you graduate from high school?
A. Yes.
Q. Did you go to college?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. Where did you go to college?
A. I went to University of Missouri, Rolla. When I graduated, $I$ got a bachelors in electrical engineering.

THE COURT: Electrical engineering?

THE WITNESS: That's correct.

THE COURT: You say you worked at the University
of Missouri, Roll?

THE WITNESS: Rolla. R-O-L-L-A.

THE COURT: Thank you very much.

BY MR. KLEIN:
Q. And what was your degree in when you graduated?
A. Got a bachelor in electrical engineering.
Q. Are you employed?
A. Yes, I am.
Q. Where do you work?
A. I work at CH2M Hill.
Q. What does CH2M Hill do?
A. It's a consultant engineering company that deals with, you know, industrial designs.
Q. And what do you do?
A. I'm an industrial engineer, and I design facilities,
you know. I deal with consulting for a company like Boeing,

BSF, Monsanto. I design their industrial facility.
Q. Does your job have anything to do with satellite TV?
A. Uh, no.
Q. Are you married?
A. Yes, I am.
Q. Have any children?
A. Yes. Two boys.
Q. Two boys. How old?
A. I've a six-years-old and an eight-years-old.
Q. Now, do you today or have you ever had any relationship at all with NDS?
A. Uh, no, no.
Q. Now, to your knowledge, before being contacted by investigators from NDS a few months ago, have you ever had any contact with any other NDS employees?
A. No.
Q. Now, did you ever -- do you know what a glitcher is?
A. Yes.
Q. What's a glitcher?
A. Well, it's also called an unlooper. It's a device that allows you to change a frequency and voltage and apply it to another device, you know, like a Smart Card.
Q. And is a glitcher used sometimes to get free satellite TV?
A. That's correct.
Q. Did you ever use a glitcher?
A. Yes, I have.
Q. Did you ever use a glitcher to obtain free DirecTV?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. About how long did you do that for?
A. Several months.
Q. When, approximately?
A. '97, '98 probably.
Q. Have you used a glitcher to obtain free DirecTV since that '97, '98 time period?
A. Nowadays it's impossible to use it.
Q. When you say it's impossible, why is that?
A. Because the Dalas stream is secure.
Q. I'm sorry. What is secure?
A. The dish network -- the DirecTV data stream is secure these days, so it would be impossible to use it.
Q. Your glitcher didn't work anymore?
A. No.
Q. Now, have you over the years had a subscription to

EchoStar?
A. That's correct. I was one of the very early subscribers.
Q. And did you ever obtain satellite programs from

EchoStar without paying for them?
A. Well, I had a subscription and -- and I did learn through the forums, you know, how to obtain, you know, free TV.
Q. And did you obtain free EchoStar --
A. I did some testing, yes, and it worked.
Q. And about how long did you do that for?
A. About a year.
Q. And did there come a time when you stopped?
A. Oh, yes. Yes.
Q. When was that?
A. After the year 2000, probably.
Q. Now, why did you use a nickname like xbr21 instead of using your real name?
A. Because in the forums, you don't use your real name. You use a handle, you know, nickname.
Q. Now, have you ever had occasion to go to a website called dr7.com?
A. Yes.
Q. When did you start going to that website?
A. It was about late '97.
Q. Why did you go there?
A. It was one of the prominent sites for information about satellites.
Q. Now, did there come a time when you were going to dr7.com when you began reading messages that dealt with hacking of DirecTV?
A. Right. In '97 there were messages, and it was dealing with DirecTV.
Q. And then did there come a time when you started reading messages on dr7.com that dealt with hacking of EchoStar?
A. That's right. That's correct.
Q. And when did you start seeing those messages?
A. Well, I started seeing it from the front page of dr7.

There was something imminent that was gonna be released.
Q. And based on what you were reading on the Internet sites that you were going to, did you come to an understanding at some point in time whether EchoStar was successfully being hacked by satellite pirates?
A. Yes.
Q. When did you come to that understanding?
A. By the files that were posted on the dr7 website, about all the chatter, all the people who have confirmed that it's been hacked.
Q. And about when did you start seeing that chatter that EchoStar was being successful -- what year?
A. '98. I will say in November '98.
Q. Now, in '98, '99, the year 2000, was it possible to go to Internet websites and buy devices over the Internet that would allow people to receive free EchoStar programming?
A. Yes.
Q. And did you get some understanding from reading the messages on the websites -- as to whether these devices that people were selling to get free EchoStar programming -- as to whether they worked?
A. Yes. They did work.
Q. Now, when you first started going to www.dr7, did you understand what people were actually doing to successfully hack EchoStar?
A. Yes. It began -- I was learning, so -- and then $I$ understood. I pieced it all together with time.
Q. So eventually you began to understand --
A. Yes.
Q. -- what they were doing?
A. Through the postings.

THE COURT: Let's make sure that you hear the question and then take a breath so that you don't talk over the top of each other.

THE WITNESS: Okay.

THE COURT: And then Counsel will control that by asking you a question. Okay?

THE WITNESS: Okay. Yes.

THE COURT: Thank you very much.

BY MR. KLEIN:
Q. Now, based on what you were seeing on the Internet on sites like www.dr7.com, did you get an understanding, say, back in the year 2000, as to whether EchoStar had a strong security system?
A. It had a weak security system.
Q. Now, were there other websites besides dr7.com that you were going to, say, around 1999, 2000, that dealt with satellite piracy?
A. Yes.
Q. Tell us some of the other sites you went to.
A. Okay. I went to a UK website known as Interesting Devices.
Q. By "UK," what do you mean?
A. It was located in the UK.
Q. United Kingdom?
A. That's right.
Q. Okay. Continue.
A. Originated from there. Then there was another website like itechsat. And the PiratesDen, that would be another one.
Q. Now, let's take the year 2000. During that year, can you give us an understanding of how frequently you visited www.dr7.com or those other websites that you just mentioned?

About how frequently did you go there?
A. Dr7 every other day was like my home base.
Q. And was that during the year 2000?
A. Yes.
Q. Now, when you went to dr7 in 2000 , what did you typically do when you actually got on the site?
A. Well, my first thing -- my routine it was, uh, check the front news to see what's the latest news, check the file section to see any new files been added. And then $I$ would proceed and go into the forum, you know, and open the forum with EchoStar on it, and then I will look any threads on the forum which are the freshest, you know. They got more
responses, more chatter.
Q. Now, you said that you typically went every other day. If you missed a day or two on dr7, you didn't get to go there for some reason, and then after, say, two days' absence you went to dr7, was there some way that you could determine what happened on the days that you were not there?
A. Right. The nature of the forum is a static place. You post it, a message, and it will stay there. And if it is something of importance, there will be a lot of chatter. It will be right at the top.
Q. Okay. Well, let's say you don't go on the website on Monday and Tuesday, and you go on Wednesday. My question is, is there some way that you could tell what was posted on Monday and Tuesday even though you hadn't been there?
A. Everything is dated. So I would have known if something was new.
Q. I couldn't hear that.
A. Everything is dated, so if something gets added for some of the file section, it will be in chronological order. Or the new section, if any news would be added, I would be able to catch up right away because I would know what was the last item that $I$ read last week.
Q. Just so I understand, is what you're saying that even if you did not go on the file, say Monday and Tuesday, when you went on Wednesday, you could look back to the last date
you did go on, say it was Sunday?
A. Right.
Q. And then read the messages that were posted between -or from Sunday, from Monday, from Tuesday, and that's how you could catch up?
A. That's right. And always the freshest messages always right at the top when you click it.
Q. Now, during the, say, the year 2000 when you were on -going to www.dr7.com, did you ever recall somebody named StuntGuy posting on that site?
A. Of course.
Q. What about Nipper? Do you recall someone named Nipper posting during the year 2000?
A. Yes.
Q. Now, I want to direct your attention to December of 2000 .
A. Okay.
Q. Did you have occasion to go to the website Interesting Devices in December of 2000?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. And that was the website you said originated in the United Kingdom?
A. Yes, originated in the United Kingdom. That's correct.
Q. Now, in December of 2000, did you see a posting from a person called "Nipper Clause"?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. Was there something significant about that posting that causes you to remember it?
A. It was at the very top, it was the freshest, and they had a lot of reposting, a lot of chatter on it.
Q. Now, when you say it was at the very top, does that give you some understanding as to how long --
A. It is the most discussed recent topic.
Q. Now, what was the subject of that posting that you saw on Interesting Devices?
A. It was some code.
Q. And when you looked at it, did you understand what it was?
A. At first, no.
Q. Did you think it was significant in some way when you looked at it?
A. Yes.
Q. Why did you think it was significant?
A. Because it was a code snippet, and a lot of people were talking about it -- what is it, what it does. And three posts down says it works, and I said, what works? It was something of significance to me.
Q. Were you are able to tell whether it involved EchoStar?
A. Yes, because it was in the EchoStar section that it was posted.
Q. I see. And did you read the comments that were posted about that particular posting --
A. Yes, I did.

THE COURT: Strike the question and reask the question.

BY MR. KLEIN:
Q. I think what you need to do is, when I ask my question maybe count to one or two so you don't answer until I finish.
A. Okay. Try to do that.
Q. When you saw the posting on Interesting Devices, I think you said that there were a lot of other postings commenting on it?
A. Yes.
Q. And at some point, did you decide to repost that posting somewhere else?
A. Yes.
Q. By "reposting," what does that mean?
A. Well, I took this post and I did a cut and paste, meaning I highlighted the text and I copied the clipboard, ready to be reposted to a different place.
Q. Okay. And where were you going to repost it?
A. In my home base, dr7.
Q. And what was there about this posting that you saw on Interesting Devices that you thought was important enough
that you wanted to repost it on dr7?
A. I wanted to repost on $d r 7$ so there would be talk at dr 7.
Q. And did you repost it?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. Can you give us some understanding as to how much time lapsed between when you saw the post on Interesting Devices and then reposted it on www.dr7.com?
A. Okay. A matter of hours.

MR. KLEIN: Now, Your Honor, I would ask that the witness be shown Exhibit 511-A, please.

THE COURT: 511-A?

MR. KLEIN: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. KLEIN: Your Honor, I'm not sure if this has
been received in evidence, but $I$ would ask that this be
received into evidence at this time.
THE COURT: So I'll receive it in evidence at this
time, Counsel.
(Exhibit No. 511-A received in evidence.)
(Document displayed.)

BY MR. KLEIN:
Q. Now, looking at Exhibit 511-A, we see -- I guess, it's the third posting. It says, "xbr21 member."

Do you see that?
A. Yes. I see it.
Q. It says it's posted December 23rd, 2000.

Now, is that what you reposted on dr7?
A. Right. That's correct.
Q. Now, when you reposted it on $d r 7$, how many times did you actually post it there?
A. Twice.
Q. Why did you do that?
A. Because since $I$ was on dial-up, it didn't show up right away that I posted, so I clicked it again to make sure it gets posted.
Q. Now, we see the first line. It says, "You want

Nipper Clause here" and then a colon. Do you see that?
A. Yes, I do.
Q. Who wrote that?
A. I did.
Q. Okay. And then after that, it begins, "There will be no boxes anymore. There will be no more fighting amongst us," and it goes on. Is that, beginning with "There will be no boxes," is that what you had seen on Interesting Devices and had copied and pasted onto dr7?
A. Yes. In its entirety, yes.
Q. So the only thing you added was, "You want

Nipper Clause here"?
A. That's correct.
Q. Now, after you posted Exhibit 511-A, was there any response from other individuals?
A. Yes, it was, you know, lot of responses.
Q. Now, when you say there were a lot of responses, what was the nature of the responses?
A. Well, first, some people were saying what is it, and then some people said it works. It was, you know, a code to basically get inside the EchoStar card.
Q. And was that discussed in the responses that came after you reposted this?
A. Not immediately, but thereafter, yes. You know, after like several hours.
Q. And were you on the site watching the responses after you posted your --
A. Yes, I was.
Q. Okay. Now, had you ever seen this Nipper Clause posting on dr7 before you saw it on Interesting Devices?
A. No.
Q. Had you ever seen it on Interesting Devices before you saw it on the day that you've testified about?
A. No.
Q. Had you ever seen any references to this posting on Interesting Devices for the day that you saw it and reposted it?
A. No references.
Q. Had you ever seen any references to this posting on dr7 before the day that you posted it?
A. No reference on dr7.
Q. Do you believe you were the first person to post this code on dr7?
A. Yes.
Q. Why do you think that?
A. Well, first of all, there's -- there's no one claiming that I double-posted. They will tell me right away it's been discussed in another thread.
Q. So are you saying if someone had posted it before, then you would expect that somebody might come on and say, "Gee, we've seen this before. Why are you showing us old stuff?" Something like that?
A. Yes, I would be alerted.
Q. And you didn't see that?
A. No.
Q. And any other reasons you believe that you were the first one to post it?
A. I didn't see -- I never seen on the website.
Q. Did you see anybody else say anything to indicate that it had been posted before on dr7 before you did it?
A. No reference.
Q. Did you see anyone -- any reference by anyone saying they had seen it on any website -- dr7 or any other
website -- before you posted it?
A. No reference.
Q. Now, you said that you didn't go to the website every day. Well, how do you know that this same NipperClause posting didn't appear on $d r 7$ on one of the days that you just weren't there?
A. There would be some traces left.
Q. What do you mean by that?
A. Well, even if it was deleted, somebody would say, "Hey, somebody deleted this."
Q. I'm sorry. You're saying if it were deleted, somebody would have said something? I'm not sure --
A. If you delete a post within a forum, it will automatic mark and say "edited," either by moderator or the guy who posted it. And somebody would have talked about it.
Q. Okay. So you're saying if it appeared before you
posted it, and if it was for some reason deleted, you would still expect to see some discussion about it?
A. That's correct.
Q. And did you see any such discussion indicating to you that this posting had appeared before you posted it and been deleted?
A. I didn't see such discussion.
Q. Now, you sat for a deposition in this case. Do you remember that?
A. Yes.
Q. In your deposition, you were asked a question about, "Well, if the file was taken down before the next occurrence when you visited the website, then you would have no knowledge that it had been taken down?"

And you said, "Correct," you wouldn't have any knowledge.

I'm not quite sure if -- is it your testimony that if it was up on that website before you posted, you would -you would know it, or you wouldn't know it?
A. Well, it is possible it could have been posted and 30 seconds later removed. But if it stayed there enough to be clicked, you know, somebody would have known it.
Q. Okay. So you're saying it could have been up there for
a few seconds and removed before anybody saw it, and that way you wouldn't see any postings?
A. Right.
Q. And that could have occurred?
A. That's correct.
Q. But you're saying if it was up on the website long enough for someone to click -- and by "click," you mean long enough for somebody to see it -THE COURT: Let's stop.

BY MR. KLEIN:
Q. You're saying if it was up on the website long enough
for somebody to click, and that means see it and write some kind of response, then you would know about it?
A. Yes.
Q. And how would you know about it?
A. There will be talk. Talking about it. Posts about it.
Q. And you didn't see anything like that?
A. I didn't see any postings.
Q. Now, when you visited the website www.dr7.com in

December of 2000, did you ever see a single posting that said in words or in substance that this NipperClause posting, Exhibit 511-A, or anything similar to it, had appeared on that site before you posted it?
A. It never appeared on that site before I posted it.
Q. Now, this posting, Exhibit 511-A, you said that you read the comments about it, and you started to learn what it was and the significance of it?
A. Yes.
Q. Did you learn that this posting dealt with a hole in the EchoStar security system?
A. Yes.
Q. Did there come a time when you read postings over the Internet site www.dr7 that indicated that this hole that was discussed in Exhibit 511-A, that this hole was fixed? Did that ever happen?
A. Afterwards.
Q. Yeah. I'm saying after you posted Exhibit 511-A, did there come a time later when you read other postings that indicated that the hole was fixed by EchoStar?
A. Several months later.
Q. Now, within the last few months, you were contacted by investigators from NDS?
A. Yes.
Q. Before they contacted you, had you ever heard the name Chris Tarnovsky?
A. Never.
Q. Have you ever heard of a "logger"?
A. Yes.
Q. And did you hear about loggers when you visited the websites that you were visiting?
A. Yes, on dr7.
Q. And based on your trips to dr7 and the other websites, did you have an understanding as to whether someone could obtain a logger over the Internet?
A. You could obtain a logger over the Internet or build your own.
Q. I'm sorry. The last part?
A. Build your own logger.
Q. You're saying that you could get schematics over the Internet?
A. Yes.
Q. Now, do you know what a reader is?
A. Yes.
Q. And based on your going on the web back in 2000 , was it possible in 2000 to obtain a reader over the Internet?
A. By reader, ISO7816 -- is that what you call it?
Q. Did you ever hear the term "reader"?
A. Right.
Q. Have you heard that?
A. Yes.
Q. What does a "reader" mean?
A. Well, a reader is for a Smart Card. It's a special reader. It's an ISO7816.
Q. Is it sometimes used by hackers?
A. Right, and it's -- that's correct.
Q. And my question is, back in 2000, was it your understanding from going to these websites that you could obtain a reader over the Internet?
A. Yes.
Q. With respect to a logger, what's a logger?
A. A logger is like a wedge device. It goes between a Smart Card and a receiver and allows you to tap into the communication between the receiver and the Smart Card through a computer and basically log it.
Q. And do satellite hackers typically use loggers?
A. Yes.
Q. And back in 2000, that was when you said you could obtain the schematics for a logger over the Internet?
A. Yes.
Q. Now, I want to direct your attention to 2004. I want to skip ahead a couple of years.
A. Okay.
Q. Did you become aware, some time around 2004, that

EchoStar did a card swap?
A. Yes.
Q. Based on what you were seeing on the websites -- and, by the way, in 2004 were you still going to these various pirate websites?
A. Yes, I was still reading.
Q. Based on what you were seeing on the websites in 2004, after EchoStar did their card swap, were hackers able to hack their new card?
A. Almost immediately.
Q. What about today? Do you still go to some of those websites?
A. I check some news website, yes.
Q. Based on what you're seeing, is EchoStar still being hacked?
A. Ostensibly.
Q. Now, did you ever hear of a term called "free-to-air"?
A. Yes.
Q. And have you heard about that over the website?
A. Yes.
Q. What is free-to-air?
A. Well, free-to-air -- it's a receiver to receive a digital signature unencrypted, and it came from Europe.
Q. And are hackers using free-to-air to hack EchoStar?
A. That is correct. You know, with the free-to-air receiver and some additional patching programming to the firmware of this receiver, you be able to receive it. Without a DISH Network card or a DISH Network receiver, you will receive DISH Network programming.
Q. You said that at some point you were contacted by investigators from NDS. Did anybody from EchoStar ever contact you with respect to the posting, Exhibit 511-A, that you made?
A. No.
Q. So today are you still posting as xbr21 on various satellite-related websites?
A. Not anymore, actually.
Q. When did you --
A. Like till a few months -- few months ago.

MR. KLEIN: Your Honor, I would ask that the witness be shown Exhibit 1343, please.

THE COURT: 1343.

MR. HAGAN: Your Honor, we would object to this
exhibit on the grounds of hearsay.

THE COURT: Thank you.

BY MR. KLEIN:
Q. Is everything you've testified today truthful?
A. Yes, it is.
Q. Has NDS paid you any money to testify?
A. No money.
Q. Are you a consultant for NDS?
A. No.

MR. KLEIN: Thank you, Your Honor. I have no
further questions.

THE COURT: I haven't received 13-

MR. KLEIN: I understand. I'm not going to offer
it at this time.

THE COURT: So he's just holding it.
MR. KLEIN: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. You can put that down, sir.

Thank you.

Cross-examination by Mr. Hagan.

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                                    CROSS-EXAMINATION
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BY MR. HAGAN:
Q. Good morning, Mr. Pizzo.
A. Good morning, Chad.
Q. We've met one time before; is that right?
A. That's right. You had a red shirt from "Colonels." I
remember you.
Q. And on that one occasion I took your deposition; is that correct?
A. Yes.
Q. And you swore to tell the truth at that deposition under penalties of perjury?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. Same oath that you took here today?
A. Yes.
Q. You testified a moment ago that you don't have any relationship or affiliation with NDS whatsoever, is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. But that's not entirely accurate, Mr. Pizzo. You, in
fact, a couple of months ago entered into a release and indemnity agreement with NDS, correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. And NDS investigators approached you and told you they had evidence that you had possessed pirate devices at one point in time in your life?
A. I possessed an unlooper, yes.

THE COURT: Okay. Now, wait for the question.

Slow down.

Now, what was your answer?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

BY MR. HAGAN:
Q. And during that meeting, they told you that they would be willing to release you of all of your past misconduct if you would come testify in this trial, correct?
A. Not this way, but yes, essentially.
Q. And in addition to releasing you, they would also indemnify you for any of your past misconduct, correct?
A. That's what the agreement said, yes.
Q. So you do have some relationship with the defendants; isn't that right, Mr. Pizzo? And that started a couple of months ago, correct?
A. They came December.
Q. Okay. So a few months ago?
A. Few months.
Q. All right. Now, you also testified that the posting you made under xbr21 never appeared on dr7 before you posted it; is that correct?
A. That is correct.
Q. And are you absolutely certain about that testimony?
A. Yes.
Q. Are you as certain about that testimony as you are the rest of your testimony?
A. I'm about certain that testimony, yes.
Q. Let's take a look at what has previously been introduced into evidence --

THE COURT: I'm going to negate those questions, Counsel.

The line that goes, "Are you certain about this as you are that," I want to disregard those kind of questions. It's not a comparison. So you're not to reflect back because it was wrong on one particular part that he's wrong on another. He's stating he's certain about that. That's good enough, Counsel. This is not a comparison. BY MR. HAGAN:
Q. Let's look at Exhibit 113, Mr. Pizzo.

MR. HAGAN: Your Honor, this has already been introduced into evidence.

THE COURT: 113. MR. HAGAN: Clint, can we blow that up?
(Document displayed.)

BY MR. HAGAN:
Q. Mr. Pizzo, I'm giving you a copy of what has been introduced as Exhibit 113, and I'm going to represent to you that Chris Tarnovsky testified that this is an e-mail that he sent using his alias, Michael George, to various NDS employees.

And if you'll look at the text of the e-mail, Mr. Tarnovsky is bragging, saying the "Cat's out of the bag." And what he says is that there's a public file he saw on Interesting Devices.com as well as dr7.com, and it's the
syntax to dump any NagraVision card. Do you see that, sir?
A. Yes, I see that.
Q. The date of your post, xbr21, on the dr7 web site was December 23rd of 2000?
A. That's correct.
Q. And you're certain of that?
A. That's -- it's stamped on the posting, yes.
Q. Can you read for the ladies and gentlemen of the jury the date of Mr. Tarnovsky's e-mail bragging about this
post --
A. December 22 nd.
Q. So the day before you reposted the file, correct?
A. Yes.
Q. Do you have any reason to dispute that Mr. Tarnovsky bragged about that file being on dr7 the day before you reposted it?
A. I don't know Mr. Tarnovsky.
Q. You don't know if Mr. Tarnovsky is Nipper, correct?
A. I don't know Mr. Tarnovsky.
Q. And if there's any evidence that has been introduced in
this trial that links Mr. Tarnovsky to Nipper, you have no way of disputing that, correct?

MR. KLEIN: Objection.

THE COURT: Overruled. You can answer that.

THE WITNESS: I don't know Mr. Tarnovsky.

THE COURT: You were monitoring the Internet. You can answer that.

BY MR. HAGAN:
Q. And so we're clear, Mr. Pizzo, the xbr21 posting that you made was simply a repost, correct?
A. It was a repost.
Q. You copied and pasted it and put it on the dr7 website on December 23rd, correct?
A. Hours later. After it was posted on the Interesting Devices website.
Q. On December 23rd, correct?
A. December 23rd.
Q. Now, you didn't develop that hack methodology, did you, Mr. Pizzo?
A. No.
Q. And during your deposition, you described it as a hack recipe. Do you recall that?
A. Yes.
Q. You didn't develop that hack recipe for EchoStar's system, did you?
A. I didn't.
Q. You didn't write any of the code for that hack recipe, correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. You didn't even understand the code at the time you
copied and pasted it, correct?
A. At first, yes. But after few hours, it was known what it was for.
Q. But when you copied and pasted it, you did not understand what it meant, correct?
A. At the moment, yes.
Q. Now, Mr. Pizzo, at the time that you copied and pasted that code, you did not understand the way that the I/O buffer overflow, the RAM ghost effect, the index variable, or the exception handler behavior of EchoStar's Smart Card worked, correct?
A. Correct.
Q. Now, you would agree, Mr. Pizzo, and I believe you testified in your deposition that as a result of that posting, there was an explosion in EchoStar piracy, correct?
A. Yes. There was another way to hack the card, basically.
Q. And that was because this public file had been made available to all pirates?
A. That's correct.
Q. Now, Mr. Pizzo, the original author of that file posted under the name NipperClause, correct?
A. Yes.
Q. You're not NipperClause?
A. I'm not NipperClause.
Q. You have no way of disputing that Christopher Tarnovsky used the alias NipperClause, correct?
A. I do not know Chris Tarnovsky.
Q. Now, you also testified that you believed EchoStar had a weak security system; is that right?
A. Yes.
Q. Were you aware, Mr. Pizzo, that EchoStar's security system had not been compromised until the defendants developed a hack for that system?
A. Please rephrase the question. I don't understand that question.

MR. KLEIN: Objection.
THE COURT: I'm going to sustain the objection.

Just reask the question.
(To the jury:) You'll decide if it's the
defendant --

MR. HAGAN: Certainly, Your Honor.
THE COURT: -- in this matter.
(To counsel:) So the question's proper without
the last portion. Just restate it.
BY MR. HAGAN:
Q. Mr. Pizzo, were you aware that the defendants engaged
in efforts to reverse-engineer and develop a hack for
EchoStar's secure system with their Haifa team in 1998?
A. I -- I'm not aware of that.
Q. And the first time $I$ believe that you said you saw any piracy postings related to EchoStar's security system was after 1998, correct?
A. It was in -- by '98, the system was already hacked.
Q. November of '98, correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. And you haven't seen a copy of the defendants' report describing how to hack EchoStar, have you, sir?
A. I haven't seen it, no.
Q. So you have no way of knowing that that report was dated November of 1998?
MR. KLEIN: Objection, Your Honor. Just argument.
THE COURT: Overruled.

You can answer the question.

THE WITNESS: I don't understand the question.
Please rephrase.

BY MR. HAGAN:
Q. You've not seen a copy of the defendants' report that describes how to hack EchoStar's security system, correct?
A. I haven't seen the defendants' report, but on the website in '98 there were files that will tell you how to hack the EchoStar system.
Q. November of 1998, correct?
A. That's correct. November '98. THE COURT: Now, it's clear, Counsel. His
knowledge is limited to the postings. So the last portion of Mr. Klein's objection is going to be sustained.

And if you can confine your questions to what he knows.

BY MR. HAGAN:
Q. Mr. Pizzo, did you ever engage in any efforts to use a focus ion beam, a laser cutter, or a scanning electron microscope to disassemble the chip in EchoStar's card?
A. No, I'm not that savvy.
Q. You would not consider yourself one of the best
engineers in the world for reverse-engineering Smart Cards; would you, sir?
A. My expertise is different. Different field.
Q. You would not consider yourself one of the two best hackers in the world?
A. No.
Q. You never developed software applications to work with hacking EchoStar's system --
A. No.
Q. -- such get AtR, SC talk or anything further, correct?
A. No.
Q. And you never engaged in efforts to travel across international borders and reprogram EchoStar Smart Cards in basements to intercept the signal, have you, sir?
A. No.

MR. KLEIN: Objection, Your Honor.

MR. HAGAN: No further questions, Your Honor.

THE COURT: As to the last question, your
objection is sustained.

MR. KLEIN: Thank you.

THE COURT: Redirect.

MR. KLEIN: Thank you, Your Honor.

REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. KLEIN:
Q. With respect to the post you originally saw on

Interesting Devices --
A. Yes.
Q. -- have you gone back to Interesting Devices after
the -- after you saw it that first day to see if it was
still there?
A. Yes.
Q. Was it still?
A. Oh, yes.

THE COURT: I couldn't hear you.

THE WITNESS: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay.

BY MR. KLEIN:
Q. Now, just to be clear, when you saw the post on Interesting Devices, you said that it was a number of hours between when you saw it on Interesting Devices and when you
reposted it on www.dr7.com?
A. That's my estimation.
Q. Now --

MR. KLEIN: Your Honor, I would ask that

Exhibit 1343 be received in evidence.

MR. HAGAN: Same objection, Your Honor. Hearsay.

THE COURT: It's received, Counsel. It goes
towards corroboration, so now it becomes relevant.

MR. KLEIN: Thank you.

BY MR. KLEIN:
Q. Do you still have Exhibit 1343 in front of you?

THE COURT: I used the word "corroboration." It
also goes towards credibility so you'll know what's been
offered and not offered in terms of this indemnity agreement. I think the jury has a right to see it. BY MR. KLEIN:
Q. Do you recognize Exhibit 1343?
A. Yes.
Q. What is that?
A. It's an agreement between me and NDS.
Q. And was this agreement signed when you met the NDS investigators a number of months ago?
A. Yeah.
Q. Now, was it your understanding that part of this agreement required that you testify truthfully about this
case?
A. Yes.
Q. And have you done that?
A. Yes, I have.
Q. Did the agreement say that NDS would provide you with a counsel if you needed one with respect to this matter?
A. Yes, they provide me counsel.
Q. And did the agreement tell you that NDS would release you of any claims for piracy of DirecTV?
A. Yes.
Q. Did the agreement say that NDS would indemnify you for -- if you had legal action as a result of the testimony in this case?
A. They provide legal counsel.
Q. Yeah. And again, as far as the things that NDS said they would do for you, was it your understanding that none of that would happen if you did not testify truthfully?
A. That's correct. It's one of the stipulates -- to tell the truth.
Q. And have you done that?
A. Yes, I have.

MR. KLEIN: Thank you. I have no further questions.

THE COURT: Recross-examination by Mr. Hagan on behalf of EchoStar.

## RECROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. HAGAN:
Q. Mr. Pizzo, you did agree to testify truthfully today; correct, sir?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. And your truthful testimony is that you are not NipperClause, correct?
A. I'm not NipperClause.
Q. Your truthful testimony is that you did not post the nipperclauz file, the original one, on any website, correct?
A. I don't understand what you're saying. The original file?
Q. The one that you copied and pasted.
A. That's a posting. It's not a file.
Q. Okay.
A. It's different.
Q. Your truthful testimony is, you weren't responsible for putting that posting out onto the Internet, correct?
A. I reposted from the Interesting Device website on December $23 r d$ into my home base, dr7.
Q. Your truthful testimony is that you didn't develop that hack recipe; is that correct?
A. I didn't develop -- that's correct.
Q. Your truthful testimony is, you copied and pasted that hack recipe from one website and posted it on December 23 rd
on dr7, correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. Your truthful testimony is that you have no reason to rebut Mr. Tarnovsky's e-mail seeing that post on December 22 nd ?
A. I don't know Mr. Tarnovsky. You asked me to speculate on somebody that I don't know.

THE COURT: Well, the information, Counsel, in 113 is what you're referring to. He didn't know Tarnovsky. BY MR. HAGAN:
Q. Mr. Pizzo, you have never registered the alias
"NipperClause," correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. And you never --
A. That's correct.
Q. And you've never registered the alias "NiPpEr2000"?
A. That's correct.
Q. You've never used the e-mail address

ChrisVon@s4.interpass.com to register a Nipper alias; is
that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. You've never used the alias "Von" to post?
A. Never used the alias, Von.
Q. You've never used the alias "Von Neumann"?
A. No.
Q. And your truthful testimony is, you simply reposted the NiPpErClAuZ 00 hack recipe, correct?
A. I reposted this recipe from December 23 rd from the Interesting Device website, UK website, into my home base at dr7.

MR. HAGAN: Thank you. No further questions, Your Honor.

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    THE COURT: Sir, we're placing all of the
witnesses on call. I don't know if you're coming back. I
seriously doubt it.
    THE WITNESS: Okay.
    THE COURT: But I want to be cautious so we don't
have any delay. So you live in Missouri?
    THE WITNESS: Yes, I do.
    THE COURT: We're going to put you on 48 hours'
call.
    THE WITNESS: Okay.
    THE COURT: If you're needed, from that time
forward, we'll expect you back within 48 hours. I doubt it
that we'll need you.
    THE WITNESS: Okay.
    THE COURT: I'm going to ask that you remain
available until June 15th, but we're going to conclude the
case in the early part of May. And we'll call you
immediately and tell you that you don't have to remain
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available.

THE WITNESS: Okay, Your Honor. THE COURT: You may step down. (Witness excused subject to recall.)

THE COURT: Counsel, your next witness, please.

MR. SNYDER: Thank you, Your Honor.

Defendants call Jeff Bedser.
(Live reporter switch at 10:23 a.m.)
(Further proceedings reported by Jane Rule in

Volume II.)
-OOO-


| A | address 84:18 | 36:20 | approximately | 43:8 |
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