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UNITED STATES DI	STRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT	OF CALIFORNIA
HONORABLE DAVID O. CART	ER, JUDGE PRESIDING
ECHOSTAR SATELLITE CORP., et)
al.,)
)
Plaintiffs,)
)
VS.) No. SACV 03-950 DOC
) Day 2, Volume III
NDS GROUP PLC, et al.,)
)
Defendants.)

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS Jury Trial Santa Ana, California Thursday, April 10, 2008

Debbie Gale, CSR 9472, RPR Federal Official Court Reporter United States District Court 411 West 4th Street, Room 1-053 Santa Ana, California 92701 (714) 558-8141

EchoStar 2008-04-10 D2V3

1 **APPEARANCES:** 2 3 FOR PLAINTIFF ECHOSTAR SATELLITE CORPORATION, ET AL.: 4 T. WADE WELCH & ASSOCIATES 5 BY: CHAD M. HAGAN CHRISTINE D. WILLETTS 6 ROSS WOOTEN WADE WELCH 7 Attorneys at Law 2401 Fountainview 8 Suite 700 Houston, Texas 77057 9 (713) 952-4334 10 11 FOR DEFENDANT NDS GROUP PLC, ET AL.: 12 O'MELVENY & MYERS 13 BY: DARIN W. SNYDER DAVID R. EBERHART 14 Attorneys at Law 275 Embarcadero Center West 15 Suite 2600 San Francisco, California 94111 16 (415) 984-8700 17 -and-18 HOGAN & HARTSON BY: RICHARD L. STONE 19 KENNETH D. KLEIN Attorneys at Law 20 1999 Avenue of the Stars Suite 1400 21 Los Angeles, California 90067 (310) 785-4600 22 23 ALSO PRESENT: 24 David Moskowitz Dov Rubin 25

I N D E X WITNESSES DIRECT CROSS REDIRECT RECROSS SHKEDY, Svi By Mr. Noll By Mr. Snyder EXHIBITS EXHIBIT NO. IDENTIFICATION IN EVIDENCE 2-A Draft, Headend Project Report Final Headend Project Report E-mail E-mail Computer program

1	SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA, THURSDAY, APRIL 10, 2008
2	Day 2, Volume III
3	(1:00 p.m.)
4	(In the presence of the jury.)
5	THE COURT: All right. We're back in session.
6	The jury's present. All counsel are present. Thank you for
7	your courtesy.
8	Counsel, the witness, Mr. Shkedy, is present with
9	the interpreter. And, Counsel, if you'd like to continue
10	your direct examination. Once again for the record just
11	identify yourself.
12	MR. NOLL: Okay. David Noll for the plaintiffs,
13	Your Honor.
14	THE COURT: Thank you very much.
15	ZVI SHKEDY, PLAINTIFF'S WITNESS, PREVIOUSLY SWORN,
16	RESUMED THE STAND
17	DIRECT EXAMINATION (Continued)
18	
19	BY MR. NOLL:
20	Q. Mr. Shkedy, do you recall, before lunch before we
21	took our break, you were talking about the device that NDS
22	has in its offices in Haifa, Israel called the "sniffer."
23	Do you recall that, sir?
24	A. Yes, sir.
25	Q. This is a device that NDS has never patented; is that

1	correct?
2	A. That is correct.
3	Q. In fact, NDS has never applied for a patent for the
4	sniffer; is that correct?
5	A. As far as I know, you are correct.
6	Q. Okay. And you're not aware of NDS providing the
7	sniffer technology to anyone outside of NDS?
8	A. No.
9	Q. Okay. I want to talk to you a little bit about
10	earlier you testified about reverse engineering, what you
11	did to hack the EchoStar Smart Card.
12	Now, we heard you talk a little bit about a focused ion
13	beam, and I think you said that NDS may have leased the
14	focused ion beam. Do you recall saying that?
15	A. I said that we lease the focused ion beam in '98.
16	Q. Okay. Now, does thank you for the time frame
17	clarification.
18	When did NDS purchase the focused ion beam?
19	A. We had a contract with a company name Micron from 1998
20	up to about 2000. And we had the FIB leased for this period
21	of time.
22	Q. So just to be clear, NDS does have in its lab in Haifa
23	a focused ion beam now; is that right?
24	A. Now, no.
25	Q. What happened to the one that NDS had?

1	A. The contract had been terminated on, I think it was
2	2001. And the company didn't want to extend the contract
3	further, the Micron, I mean, the one that
4	THE INTERPRETER: The leasing company did not want
5	to continue the lease.
6	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
7	BY MR. NOLL:
8	Q. Going back to the 1998 time frame, which you testified
9	is when the EchoStar hack was done by NDS, would you say
10	that the focused ion beam was a rare piece of equipment?
11	A. No.
12	Q. Do you know how many labs around the world had a
13	focused ion beam in 1998?
14	A. I don't know, but I'm personally went twice to England,
15	to a different laboratory, and I use the FIB over there, the
16	focused ion beam.
17	Q. Now, when you went to England, did you do that in
18	connection with the EchoStar hack?
19	A. One time it was connection with the EchoStar. The
20	second time I went for evaluation of one of the NDS chip.
21	Q. All right. So we've now talked about what you did to
22	extract the codes from EchoStar's Smart Card. So what I
23	want to do now, going forward, is talk about what you did
24	with that information. Okay, sir?
25	A. Yes, sir.

1	Q. Now, you're aware of a report that was written by you
2	and David Mordinson concerning the EchoStar hack?
3	A. Of course.
4	Q. And this report is called the Headend Project Report;
5	is that correct?
6	A. It is correct.
7	Q. And I'm going to hand to you what's been premarked
8	Exhibit 2 and ask you to take a look at that document, sir.
9	A. Thank you. Yes, please.
10	Q. Okay. Do you recognize Exhibit 2, sir?
11	A. Yes, sir.
12	Q. And is it correct that this document is the first draft
13	of the Headend Project Report?
14	A. I don't know if this is a first draft. I have to look
15	further down. But it seems so.
16	MR. SNYDER: For the record, Your Honor, I believe
17	this is Exhibit 2-A.
18	THE COURT: 2-A?
19	THE WITNESS: 2-A, yes.
20	THE COURT: Thank you.
21	THE WITNESS: I don't know if this I cannot say
22	whether this is a draft or the final report. I have to go
23	through it. It will take some time. If you want, I can do
24	it.
25	

1	BY MR NOLL.
2	O Okay There was two there was an initial draft and
2	Q. Okay. Inere was two there was an initial dialt and
2	then a final Headend Project Report; is that correct?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. Okay. Now, the document that you're looking at, marked
6	2-A, that's a document that was made in Israel by you and
7	David Mordinson; is that correct?
8	A. It is correct.
9	Q. And you kept that document in the ordinary course of
10	business in the Haifa lab in Israel; is that correct?
11	A. We have it not as a hard copy but as a file on the
12	computer.
13	Q. Okay.
14	MR. NOLL: At this time Plaintiffs offer Exhibit 2
15	into evidence.
16	THE COURT: No objection?
17	MR. SNYDER: No objection to Exhibit 2-A.
18	MR. NOLL: 2-A, I'm sorry.
19	THE COURT: 2-A is received.
20	(Exhibit No. 2-A received in evidence.)
21	BY MR. NOLL:
22	Q. Take a look, sir, at the top right-hand corner of 2-A.
23	It has an October 27th, 1998 date. Do you see that, sir?
24	A. Yes, sir.
25	Q. Does that refresh your recollection that this was the

1	draft, the initial draft of the Headend Project Report?
2	A. I can browse through the document and see whether or
3	not this was the final or a draft. In the draft there are a
4	few paragraphs that are missing, and it had been edited
5	afterward to the final version. So I can go through there,
6	and then I will be sure whether or not this is a final or a
7	draft.
8	Q. Okay. Do you want to look would you like to do
9	that?
10	A. Yes.
11	THE COURT: Do you have my copy of 2-A?
12	MS. WILLETTS: Yes, Your Honor.
13	THE WITNESS: This is the draft. I can recognize
14	it by turning to page 11. And there are two paragraphs that
15	are missing that says "Zvi" that I had to add to the report.
16	So this is a draft.
17	BY MR. NOLL:
18	Q. Okay, sir. Let's focus your attention back to the
19	first page of Exhibit 2-A, please. I'm going to direct your
20	attention to No. 2, Hardware. Do you see that, sir?
21	A. Yes.
22	Q. I'll read for you. Underneath that it says "the
23	SGS Thomson ST16CF54 CPU has a standard Motorola 6805
24	architecture with the following differences."
25	Did I read that correctly?

1	
1	A. Yes, correct.
2	And may I add something?
3	Q. Sure.
4	A. In my deposition I made an error, and I said its
5	architecture is 8501 of Intel, and I found it when I browsed
6	through my deposition about a week ago. So I would like to
7	correct my deposition if it's possible.
8	Q. Thank you very much, sir.
9	Okay. Now, this particular architecture, this Thomson
10	ST16CF54 architecture, this is a chip that NDS never used;
11	isn't that correct, sir?
12	A. It is correct.
13	Q. Okay. And it's also true that during the time frame
14	that you were performing this EchoStar hack in 1998, NDS
15	didn't use any ST microprocessor; isn't that correct?
16	A. It is correct.
17	Q. And as far as you know, Mr. Shkedy, NDS had no business
18	relationship with ST in 1998; isn't that correct?
19	A. As far as I know, you are correct.
20	Q. And focusing back on this 1998 time frame when you were
21	performing the EchoStar hack, DirecTV's conditional access
22	technology had been compromised; isn't that correct?
23	A. It is correct.
24	Q. And NDS was the provider of DirecTV's conditional
25	access at that time?

1 Yes. Α. 2 The exhibit we're looking at, Exhibit 2-A, this Headend Ο. 3 Project Report draft, this wasn't prepared in an effort by 4 NDS in order to fight the compromise of the DirecTV system; 5 is that true, sir? 6 Α. Can you please repeat. I didn't --7 Sure. You just testified that the DirecTV system was Q. 8 hacked in 1998, right? 9 Yes. Α. 10 And focusing on this exhibit, 2-A, this document was Q. 11 not prepared by NDS in any effort to try to fight against 12 the compromise of DirecTV's system, correct? 13 Α. One moment. 14 (Witness confers with interpreter.) 15 THE INTERPRETER: Can you kindly repeat the 16 question? 17 BY MR. NOLL: 18 Sure. At the time you created this Headend Project Q. 19 Report, Exhibit 2-A --20 THE INTERPRETER: (Interprets.) 21 BY MR. NOLL: 22 Q. -- you didn't do so in order to combat against the 23 piracy that DirecTV was suffering. 24 THE INTERPRETER: (Interprets.) 25 THE WITNESS: Of course, no.

1	BY MR. NOLL:
2	Q. You agree with me, right?
3	A. Yes, yes.
4	Q. And, Mr. Shkedy, at the time you did create this
5	report, to your knowledge, EchoStar was secure?
6	A. As far as I know, yes.
7	Q. And you would agree with me, sir, that hacking or
8	modifying original access cards so you can watch TV without
9	paying for it is an illegal act?
10	A. You mean pirating?
11	Q. Yeah. Is that illegal?
12	A. Pirating is illegal.
13	Q. Is watching TV without paying for it illegal?
14	A. As far as I know well, I am not a lawyer, but as far
15	as I know the law, you are right.
16	Q. Is hacking or modifying access cards illegal?
17	A. No.
18	Q. Okay. I'd like to focus your attention on
19	Paragraph 3.5.2. It's page 13 of 32.
20	THE COURT: What exhibit number, again, Counsel?
21	MR. NOLL: 2-A. We're still on 2-A.
22	BY MR. NOLL:
23	Q. In the center it says, "Cloned and Universal
24	Subscription." I'll read it for you. It says, "this is a
25	classic 3M hack. The subscriber subscribing to a basic

1	package of service for a minimal possible charge can view
2	any services, excluding PPV, even if he/she is not
3	authorized to view them."
4	Did I read that correctly, sir?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. And you just testified, sir, that hacking and watching
7	television without paying for it is an illegal act, right?
8	A. Watching TV illegal I think it's unlawful.
9	Q. And in Exhibit 2, in the section we're looking at,
10	3.5.2, you're describing how a satellite hacker, or pirate,
11	can view EchoStar's satellite signals without paying for
12	them.
13	A. Yes. This is what is said in the document.
14	Q. Okay. I want to move you down to Section 3.5.3
15	entitled Cloned and Universal PPV Entitlement. Do you see
16	that, sir?
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. I'm going to read for you the first sentence: "As said
19	above, the IRD allows the subscriber to switch to a PPV
20	service only when an appropriate file, OB, containing
21	correct information regarding this service, exists on the
22	card. The difficulty in 'faking' the OB for a particular
23	PPV service is that the ID number is different for each
24	service, even if they have the same content and are
25	broadcast on the same channel, and such ID cannot be easily

1	discovered."
2	Did I read that correctly, sir?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. The long and short of what you're describing here, sir,
5	is that the cloned and universal pay-per-view entitlement
6	hack allows a pirate to watch pay TV without paying for it;
7	is that correct, sir?
8	A. Yes. If you are modifying the content of the EEPROM,
9	you can do whatever you want.
10	Q. And focus your attention, sir, to the top of page 13.
11	In the center you can see it says "secret." Do you see
12	that?
13	A. Which no.
14	Q. Very center, at the top of the page.
15	A. Oh, yeah, okay.
16	Q. You and David Mordinson labeled this document "secret";
17	is that correct?
18	A. Of course.
19	Q. And nothing in this document relates to NDS's
20	technology; is that correct, sir?
21	A. I have to elaborate a little bit on your question, with
22	your permission.
23	When you are looking on such a chip or such a system,
24	so you try to find out weak point and to say whether or not
25	we in NDS are suffering from the same type of weaknesses.

1	So you can just transfer information that you study in
2	one chip to the designer to say, "Hey, be alerted. Don't do
3	the same mistake, because otherwise you get whole bunch of
4	weaknesses or compromising of the system. So be careful."
5	So the intention was over here to say that the
6	technology or the ways the weaknesses that we found in
7	this chip are relevant to our NDS chip, and be aware of such
8	weaknesses.
9	Q. Sir, the truth is this Exhibit 2-A does not relate to
10	NDS's technology; isn't that correct, sir?
11	MR. SNYDER: Objection. Asked and answered.
12	THE COURT: Overruled.
13	You can answer, sir.
14	THE WITNESS: Okay. It's regard to the technology
15	that says if there is a weakness in the system, you are
16	prone to hacker to pirate attack. So one kind of
17	weakness is exactly what we describe in this document.
18	And then we transfer the information to Jerusalem.
19	Jerusalem is a design group. And we told them, "Look, if
20	you are missing or you are not protecting this type of
21	weaknesses, you are open you are wide open to many, many
22	attacks."
23	So what we told Jerusalem or we feedback them is a
24	way that it can be compromised, so be aware and don't expose
25	ourselves to the same type of attack.

1 BY MR. NOLL: 2 Sir, when we started this examination, do you recall I 0. 3 asked -- I reminded you that I took your deposition in this 4 case, correct? 5 Δ Yes. 6 And you recall at the time that you gave a deposition, Q. 7 you swore to tell the truth; is that right, sir? 8 Yes. Α. 9 I didn't haul you off the streets in New York. We had Ο. 10 a prearranged meeting time to come and have you sit for your 11 deposition; is that correct? 12 Yes. Α. 13 Q. You had your lawyers present too; is that right, sir? 14 It is correct. Α. 15 And your testimony is that Exhibit 2 -- you're now Q. 16 saying something different than you said in your deposition; 17 is that right, sir? 18 I don't think so. Α. 19 Ο. Okay. 20 MR. NOLL: Your Honor, I'd offer as impeachment --21 THE COURT: Not yet. I'm going to allow you to 22 answer the question again. 23 Your answer concerned technology. He's asking you 24 about technology, not process or method. 25 So maybe I'm confused, but I don't believe he's

1 answered the question yet. 2 MR. NOLL: Okay. 3 THE COURT: Ask it again. You asked about 4 technology, if this technology was the same. He's gone 5 through an answer about process. 6 MR. NOLL: All right. 7 THE COURT: Listen to the question again, sir. 8 BY MR. NOLL: 9 Q. Nothing in this document, Exhibit 2-A, the draft 10 project, Headend Report, relates to NDS's technology, 11 correct? 12 A. I want to --13 THE COURT: Define "technology" for him, Counsel. 14 Maybe that would be helpful. 15 BY MR. NOLL: 16 Q. Well, you testified that the ST Thomson chip is not a 17 chip that was ever used by NDS, right? 18 Yes. Α. 19 So the subject of the document is the ST Thomson chip Ο. 20 and the hack of that chip, correct? 21 Α. Correct. 22 Q. So nothing in this document relates to any chip that 23 was ever used by NDS in any of its access cards, correct, 24 sir? 25 A. It is correct if you are looking only to the chip. But

1 if you are looking at what we call the technology, how to 2 protect a channel, a TV channel against hacker to compromise 3 the system, so over here we say there is another technique 4 that the hacker may use, and please defend ourselves against 5 such an attack. 6 In this instance I think it's related to our technology. So we study weak point in other system, and we 7 8 try to eliminate them in our design. 9 I hope that I answer your question. 10 MR. NOLL: I mean, I request permission to play 11 the clip, Your Honor. 12 THE COURT: Can I have a copy of that clip, 13 please. 14 MR. NOLL: It's page 274, lines 11 through 15. 15 THE COURT: 11 through 16? 16 MR. NOLL: 11 through 15. Did I say -- it's 247. 17 Did I give the wrong page? 18 MS. WILLETTS: Yeah. (Document handed to court.) 19 THE COURT: You may. 20 MR. NOLL: 274. 21 (Video clip played starting at 1:20 p.m.) 22 (Video clip playing ends at 1:21 p.m.) 23 BY MR. NOLL: 24 Q. Now, sir, going back to this document being labeled 25 secret, you labeled it secret because you didn't want a

1 hacker to have it; is that correct? 2 Yes, it is correct. Α. 3 But according to you, the Headend Report, Exhibit 2-A, Q. 4 was given to Mr. Oliver Kommerling; is that correct? 5 Α. Yes. 6 And as you testified earlier, Mr. Kommerling was one Q. 7 satellite pirate and hacker that NDS had a special 8 relationship with, right? 9 It was an ex-pirate. Α. 10 Okay. I want to focus your attention on another Q. 11 exhibit, marked 98. 12 MR. NOLL: Please hand him Exhibit 98. 13 MS. WILLETTS: (Complies.) 14 BY MR. NOLL: 15 Can you identify Exhibit 98, Mr. Shkedy? Q. 16 Α. Yes. This is the final version of the Headend project. 17 And this is the final version that you and Q. 18 Mr. Mordinson prepared and created; is that correct? 19 Α. Yes. 20 MR. NOLL: At this time plaintiffs offer 21 Exhibit 98 into evidence. 22 MR. SNYDER: No, objection, Your Honor. 23 THE COURT: Received. 24 (Exhibit 98 received in evidence.) 25

1 BY MR. NOLL: 2 Exhibit 98 is a more complete version of Exhibit 2; Ο. 3 isn't that right, Mr. Shkedy? 4 Α. Yes. 5 THE COURT: 2 or 2-A? 6 MR. NOLL: 2-A. I'm sorry, I keep saying that, 7 Your Honor. 8 BY MR. NOLL: 9 Q. I'm going to focus your attention to page 12, 10 Exhibit 98. Do you see the circuitry on that page, 11 Mr. Shkedy? 12 One moment. Yes. Α. 13 Now, this circuitry, this is actually a picture of the Q. 14 ST Thomson chip that was reversed and hacked by NDS, 15 correct? 16 Α. Yes. 17 Let's go to page 16. I'm going to focus your attention Q. 18 on Paragraph 4. 19 Yes. Α. 20 Okay. Paragraph 4 is entitled 3M Hack in Practice. Do Q. 21 you see that, sir? 22 Α. Yes. 23 Q. Did I read that correctly? 24 Yes. Α. 25 3M is an abbreviation for Three-Musketeers; is that Ο.

1	
1	right?
2	A. Yes, it is right.
3	Q. And the slogan for Three-Musketeers means all for one
4	and one for all?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. And in cyberpiracy talk what that means is you buy a
7	few of the basic channels but you expand the service to get
8	the premium channels for free?
9	A. Other channels for free, yes.
10	Q. Okay. Now, I'm going to read for you, sir. It says,
11	"In order to implement to try to implement 3M hack in
12	practice, an authorized IRD and its married card of ROM
13	version 003 were taken. The IR3 (sic) and and the card
14	were intended for DISH Network USA. Once the card EEPROM
15	contents were downloaded, the card was not used anymore.
16	Its EEPROM image was burned up to another card. And this
17	card was utilized in all 3M hack attempts. The IRD, of
18	course, was disconnected from the telephone line."
19	Did I read that correctly, sir?
20	A. Yes.
21	Q. Paragraph 3 of Exhibit 98 explains how you and
22	Mr. Mordinson were attempting to create a 3M hack to use on
23	the DISH Network system in the United States, correct?
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. And the IRD refers to the receiver; is that right?

1	A. Yes. It's also known as a set-top box. I think this
2	is a name that is used in the United States.
З	Q. It stands for integrated receiver/decoder, correct?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. And you say that the IRD was disconnected from the
6	telephone line, right?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. And you disconnected it from the telephone line because
9	you didn't want the receiver to call DISH Network and notify
10	them that you had subscribed to pay-per-view; isn't that
11	correct, sir?
12	A. Almost correct. It notify the center about whether or
13	not we are very sorry.
14	(Witness confers with interpreter.)
15	THE INTERPRETER: The card informs the center that
16	we have purchased too many movies.
17	THE WITNESS: That we exceed the limit, the debit
18	limit.
19	BY MR. NOLL:
20	Q. And you didn't want the card to inform the center,
21	because you and Mr. Mordinson were hacking the system, isn't
22	that the truth, sir?
23	A. No, it was not because we hacked the system but because
24	we made many, many tries of trying to purchase movies, and
25	we didn't that we didn't watch. So it's just

1	accumulating the debit, the price.
2	Q. Let's focus our attention down to Section 4.1 titled
3	DISH Network USA.
4	A. Okay.
5	Q. Do you see that, sir?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. And I'll read for you. That section says, "The card
8	initially had a minimal subscription and an option to
9	purchase pay-per-view services."
10	Did I read that correctly?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. Now, earlier you testified you didn't know where the
13	Smart Cards that you hacked had come from.
14	A. Yes. You are right, of course.
15	Q. All right. But you knew that at least one of these
16	cards that you were hacking came from a gentleman named Eyel
17	in Fort Lee, New Jersey.
18	A. Yes, one of the card came from there.
19	Q. And Reuven Hasak do you know who Reuven Hasak is?
20	A. Yes.
21	Q. Reuven Hasak is the chief of operational security for
22	NDS; is that right?
23	A. It is correct.
24	Q. He's one of the top officers in NDS's organization,
25	right?

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. And Reuven Hasak gave you Eyel's name and made
3	arrangements for you to stay at his house in the
4	United States; isn't that right, sir?
5	A. It is right.
6	Q. You then went to Eyel's house, correct?
7	A. We went to their house.
8	Q. You picked up his receiver and Smart Card?
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. And this was in 1998?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. You don't know how much Eyel was paid for the receiver
13	and Smart Card?
14	A. No.
15	Q. And David Mordinson, the engineer we'll hear from later
16	in this case, was with you; is that right?
17	A. Yes, it is correct.
18	Q. And you did this because you were instructed by NDS to
19	come to the United States in 1998 to test the hack that you
20	were working on of the EchoStar system?
21	A. No. We came to Fort Lee, to Eyel house, just to
22	monitor the data that flows between the Smart Card and the
23	set-top box using the sniffer that you show previously.
24	Q. Is monitoring the data with the sniffer part of the
25	hack that you were performing on EchoStar's conditional

I

1	access system?
2	A. It's part of the data that we use to test our hack.
3	Q. And you also went to Canada to purchase receivers and
4	Smart Cards in 1998, sir?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. You went in July or August of 1998, correct?
7	A. Something like that. I don't remember the date, but
8	around July, August '98.
9	Q. Okay. Let's focus back on the Headend Project Report
10	for a minute. I want to direct your attention to page 17,
11	Section 4.1.2, titled Universal Subscription.
12	A. Okay.
13	Q. Do you see that section, sir?
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. This describes a more it's a more technical
16	description of the steps necessary for a 3M hack and what a
17	satellite pirate would have to do in order to steal
18	EchoStar's programming, correct?
19	A. Correct.
20	Q. I'm gonna focus your attention on appendix C. I
21	believe it's page 27.
22	A. One moment, please. Yes.
23	Q. And the title is Memory Access Messages?
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. Okay. This is an example of an instruction on how to

1	dump out data from EchoStar's conditional access card's
2	memory?
З	A. It is report how we did it.
4	Q. And if someone were to obtain this information, it
5	would give them the technique to dump EchoStar's access
6	cards?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. Focus on where it says EEPROM, E-E-P-R-O-M.
9	A. Can you guide me where it is?
10	Q. Let me ask you generally, what is EEPROM, sir?
11	A. EEPROM is type of a memory. In a chip there are
12	several types of memory. The first one is ROM, R-O-M, which
13	is abbreviation for read-only. And if somebody would like
14	just to have an example, it's like a book. Somebody print
15	it. You just can read it. You cannot modify or writing
16	with a pen.
17	There is another type of memory which is E-PROM or
18	EEPROM, which is if you would like an example, is like
19	writing with a pencil. So you write down. It remains, but
20	you can erase and to change it. So EEPROM is kind of a
21	memory that can be written. It is permanent. So even if
22	you remove the power, the data does not change. That you
23	can do using a certain electrical procedure.
24	Q. Okay.
25	A. The abbreviation for EEPROM is electrical erasable ROM.

1	The EE is electrical erasable.	
2	Q. So, sir, knowing the structure of the fields of	
3	EchoStar's EEPROM code from the ST Thomson card does not	
4	make NDS's technology any more secure, correct?	
5	A. It is correct.	
6	Q. I'm going to focus your attention on appendix H on	
7	page 39. And I'll read for you. It says	
8	A. One moment.	
9	Q. I'm sorry. Are you there, sir?	
10	A. Yes.	
11	Q. Appendix H, 3M Hack in Practice.	
12	A. Okay.	
13	Q. Says that at the top?	
14	A. Yes.	
15	Q. Now, what this is describing is the procedure for	
16	resetting pay-per-view, which was something we just	
17	discussed, correct?	
18	A. Correct.	
19	Q. And through your hacking efforts, you identified a ho	le
20	in EchoStar's chip; is that right?	
21	A. Yes.	
22	Q. Then you wrote that information down in Exhibit 98,	
23	this document that we're looking at here today. Yes?	
24	A. Sorry. Okay. Can you repeat, please?	
25	Q. Yeah. You identified through your hacking effort a	

1	hole in EchoStar's chip.
2	A. Yes.
3	Q. And then you wrote that information down in the
4	exhibits that we're looking at here today.
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. And this document, sir, teaches anyone that reads it
7	how to create a 3M hack of the EchoStar access cards.
8	A. Yes. And at the same time it teaches NDS how to
9	protect ourselves in not having the same error also.
10	Q. Mr. Shkedy, you're aware that this lawsuit against NDS
11	concerns EchoStar's conditional access codes being posted on
12	the Internet.
13	A. Yes.
14	Q. And let's look back at the Headend Report, Exhibit 2.
15	And we're gonna look at appendix A on page 14.
16	A. Yes.
17	Q. Are you there, sir?
18	A. In which document, please?
19	Q. Okay.
20	A. In 98?
21	Q. No. Exhibit 2.
22	A. Okay. 2-A. Yes.
23	Q. Yes. 2-A, page 14 of 32.
24	A. Okay. One moment. Yes, please.
25	Q. Okay. I'm gonna focus your attention to the second to

1	last row in this matrix. And if you scroll down or just
2	focus your attention down to the last second to the last
3	row in the matrix, if you read across and you see the
4	language in the center column says "Nipper."
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. Do you see that, sir?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. When NDS reverse-engineered and hacked EchoStar's
9	system, you discovered the word Nipper in EchoStar's code?
10	A. Yes. It was
11	THE COURT: Counsel, I'm sorry. Would you point
12	that out? I didn't see that. I don't think you have the
13	right document up.
14	MR. NOLL: Maybe it's 98.
15	Highlight it, please, Clint.
16	THE COURT: Where are you?
17	MS. WILLETTS: 2-A.
18	THE COURT: Just a moment. Is this 2-A?
19	MR. NOLL: 2-A.
20	THE COURT: And you're at appendix what?
21	MR. NOLL: Appendix A.
22	THE WITNESS: I apologize for the language that
23	EchoStar inserted in the card.
24	BY MR. NOLL:
25	Q. Okay. You discovered this language in the lab in

1	Haifa, Israel in 1998?
2	A. Yes, in the code we extracted from the chip. So it was
3	there.
4	Q. Okay. Let's go to appendix F, same document.
5	A. Page?
6	0. Page 31.
7	Do you see at the top it says "Stack Overwrite
8	Example"?
9	A. Yes.
10	0. And this is the instruction for the EEPROM contents
11	~ download?
12	A. This is one example how you can utilize the arrow in
13	the card in order to do whatever you want. So one example
14	is how to dump the EEPROM. Another one is how to modify the
15	permission table and so forth. So you can do many things
16	using the same code.
17	Q. EEPROM, you just testified a little bit about it
18	earlier. EEPROM is memory that can be changed or rewritten?
19	A. Yes.
20	Q. And because you can modify EEPROM, someone posting the
21	EchoStar code on the Internet could do so anonymously. Do
22	you agree with that?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. All you have to do is change the EEPROM to conceal that
25	person's true identity, correct?

1	A. Correct.
2	Q. Mr. Shkedy, you don't know who posted EchoStar's codes
3	on the Internet, do you?
4	A. No, I don't know.
5	Q. It's your testimony here today under oath in front of
6	this jury that when you change EEPROM, there is no way to
7	determine the source, correct?
8	A. Correct.
9	Q. To use your words specifically, if you were doing a
10	good job, you can't trace it.
11	A. If you are doing a good job, you can conceal your
12	identity, yes.
13	Q. Now, we discussed earlier how you labeled the document
14	"secret," the Headend Project Report was labeled "secret."
15	Do you remember that?
16	A. Yes.
17	Q. Okay. And you wanted to keep it secret, right?
18	A. Yes. We wanted results should be secret.
19	Q. But you gave it to Oliver Kommerling, correct?
20	A. We gave it to him, yes.
21	THE COURT: Gave it to who?
22	THE WITNESS: To Mr. Oliver Kommerling.
23	BY MR. NOLL:
24	Q. You also gave it to Mr. Chaim Shin-Orr, correct?
25	A. Yes. He was the head of the group.

1	Q. And you provided EchoStar's code to all the members of
2	the Haifa team, correct, sir?
3	A. All the member in Haifa team that worked on the
4	project, partially or fully.
5	Q. And at some point in time you came to understand that
6	Mr. Kommerling's special relationship with NDS ended, right?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. And it's your belief that that relationship ended
9	because NDS tried to blame Mr. Kommerling for the posting of
10	the Canal+ codes on the Internet?
11	A. It is correct.
12	Q. You came to know of an individual named Christopher
13	Tarnovsky in 1997, Mr. Shkedy?
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. And it's your testimony that you probably showed
16	Mr. Tarnovsky reverse-engineering techniques on ST Thomson
17	chips, right, sir?
18	A. Yes, but in 2004.
19	Q. The EchoStar code could be sent out by e-mail?
20	A. Everything can be sent by an e-mail.
21	Q. And you may have e-mailed it to somebody, you just
22	can't recall who, right?
23	A. I didn't e-mail, I didn't testify so, and I didn't do
24	it.
25	Q. To your knowledge, NDS never gave a copy of the Headend

1	Project Report to EchoStar, correct?
2	A. Correct.
3	Q. NDS never gave a copy of the project Headend Report to
4	NagraStar, correct?
5	A. Correct.
6	Q. NDS never gave this report to Kudelski, correct?
7	A. Correct.
8	Q. NDS never gave this report to NagraVision?
9	A. Correct.
10	Q. Mr. Shkedy, you'll agree with me, sir, that the code
11	that you extracted from EchoStar's Smart Card was the
12	lifeblood of the system?
13	A. If it would leak, it would be very, very harmful.
14	Q. This is where all the secrets of the Smart Card were
15	kept, correct?
16	A. Not all the secrets.
17	Q. This is where the most important secrets of the Smart
18	Card were kept, sir.
19	A. It opened the way to read the secret, yes.
20	Q. In the wrong hands this report, Mr. Shkedy, would allow
21	satellite pirates to steal EchoStar's programming.
22	A. Yes.
23	Q. And this same report in the wrong hands would allow a
24	satellite pirate to post EchoStar's secret codes for its
25	Smart Cards on the Internet.

1 Yes. And this report was not leaked. Α. 2 MR. NOLL: Pass the witness. 3 THE COURT: Cross-examination, please. 4 Would you identify yourself for the record, 5 please. 6 MR. SNYDER: Yes, Your Honor. Darin Snyder for 7 the defendants, Your Honor. 8 CROSS-EXAMINATION 9 BY MR. SNYDER: 10 Good afternoon, Mr. Shkedy. Q. 11 Good afternoon. Α. 12 Mr. Shkedy, I know you've been on the stand for a Q. 13 little while, but you really haven't had a chance to 14 introduce yourself to the jury. Could you tell the jury 15 where you live, please? 16 I'm living in Israel, in a small town about 25 miles Α. 17 out of Haifa. 18 Do you have a family, Mr. Shkedy? 0. 19 Yes, I do. I have a wife and four child and four Α. 20 grandchildren. 21 Q. Thank you. Who do you work for? 22 I'm working for NDS-Israel. Α. 23 And what does NDS do? Q. 24 Α. NDS is supplying conditional access to TV providers. 25 Q. Okay. Mr. Shkedy, have you prepared a graphic to help

1 illustrate your testimony about what conditional access 2 systems are? 3 Yes, I did. Α. 4 Q. Okay. 5 MR. SNYDER: Could you show him demonstrative 6 No. 1, please. 7 Your Honor, may I publish that to the jury? 8 THE COURT: Any objection, Counsel? 9 MR. NOLL: I don't have a copy of it. 10 THE COURT: Not yet. 11 MR. NOLL: No, objection. 12 THE COURT: You may. 13 (Document displayed.) 14 BY MR. SNYDER: 15 Mr. Shkedy, could you please describe for the jury what Q. 16 a conditional access system is? 17 Yes, I will try. Α. 18 Okay. The story started with the ground station. And 19 the ground station that you can see on the bottom left. 20 They store -- the provider store all the information --21 movies, sport channel and so forth, news channel -- that 22 they wanted to transmit to its subscribers. Each one of 23 these channel is encrypted, so you cannot watch this channel 24 unless there are certain conditions that I will explain a 25 little bit later.

Associated data is also what we call the encryption data, or keys, that help open the encryption of the program. So what we see, we see four blue lines that represent four TV channel, and the red line which represents the keys that is associated data that may help open or decrypt the channel.

All this data is transmitted to a satellite that is up in the middle (indicating). And the satellite retransmits this information to the subscriber that has a dish. He receive the channel and the associated data which is transferred to the set-top box, or IRD, which are synonym. And the data is then splitted into two part.

The encryption data goes to the Smart Card that is a blue small rectangle that stick out of the set-top box. And the duty of this -- of the Smart Card is to verify whether the subscriber has permission to watch a certain channel. If yes, the Smart Card decrypt, supplies the set-top box with the key, and the set-top box decrypt the channel and display to the subscriber.

If the subscriber does not have permission to watch, the set-top -- the Smart Card does not possess the encryption data, does not supply key to the set-top box, and you cannot watch.

The battlefield between the pirate and any conditional access provider is over this small Smart Card.
1	Q. And, Mr. Shkedy, have you prepared a graphic to help
2	illustrate the Smart Card for the jury?
3	A. Yes, I did.
4	MR. SNYDER: Could you show him Demonstrative
5	No. 2, please.
6	MR. O'DONNELL: (Complies.)
7	MR. NOLL: No objection.
8	MR. SNYDER: May we publish this to the jury, Your
9	Honor?
10	THE COURT: You may. There's not an objection.
11	MR. SNYDER: Thank you.
12	(Document displayed.)
13	BY MR. SNYDER:
14	Q. Mr. Shkedy, can you describe the Smart Card for the
15	jury, please?
16	A. Yes. The Smart Card is a piece of plastic the size
17	more or less of a credit card. Okay. In the middle you can
18	see which is exposed on the top, the blue rectangle,
19	there is eight contact of a gold color. Underneath this
20	contact there is a small chip, what we call chip or piece of
21	electronic, of the size of about 1/8th of an inch. So the
22	entire card is just empty plastic, and we have a small chip
23	of the size of in millimeters it's about 3 or
24	4 millimeter. And in English system is about 1/8th of an
25	inch. Might be a little bit more, might be a little bit

1 less. Okay. 2 The whole battle is whether or not somebody can gain 3 control on this Smart Card. The communication between the 4 Smart Card and the set-top box is done via this eight 5 contact, which actually only five of them are function --6 functional. The rest are nonfunctional contacts. 7 And before we talk about some of the work you did 0. 8 related to this case, Mr. Shkedy, allow me to get a little 9 bit of background. Can you describe for the jury your 10 educational background, please? 11 Yes. I'm an electronic engineer. I was graduated in Α. 12 the Israeli Institute of Technology. I hold a bachelor of 13 science degree since 1969. And I hold a master of science 14 from 1884 -- sorry -- 1984. I'm not so old. Sorry. 15 Okay. 16 Mr. Shkedy, have you been a practicing engineer since Q. 17 1969? 18 Yes, about 39 years. Α. 19 When did you start working for NDS? Q. 20 Α. '97. 21 Q. And was -- have you worked continuously for NDS since 22 1997? 23 No. I work two stint. One was from 1997 up to 2001, Α. 24 and I quitted. And then I rejoined NDS 2004 to date. 25 When you quit NDS in 2001, who did you go to work for? Q.

1	A. I worked for a company name SanDisk. That is a
2	manufacturer of design of what you know memory card.
3	Q. And did you work for anyone other than SanDisk?
4	A. Yes. I worked for the government of Israel for about
5	one and a half year.
6	Q. When you were working for the government of Israel, did
7	you work on classified projects?
8	A. Yes, I did.
9	Q. Are you allowed to say anything about the content of
10	those projects?
11	A. No. I am sorry.
12	Q. Would it be fair to say, Mr. Shkedy, that the
13	government of Israel relies on you to maintain the secrecy
14	and confidentiality of those projects?
15	A. Yes.
16	Q. Now, Mr. Shkedy, I'd like to focus on the time at NDS
17	from 1997 to 2001, okay?
18	A. Okay.
19	Q. During that time, what was your title?
20	A. Principal engineer of the HRC group. HRC is the Haifa
21	Research Center.
22	Q. And what were you hired to do as the principal engineer
23	of the Haifa Research Center?
24	A. To evaluate NDS chip to find out weak point and to feed
25	back the design group that is located in Jerusalem about my

1	finding so they can improve the system.
2	Q. Now, you mentioned the design group was in Jerusalem.
3	Was the Haifa Research Center located in a different place,
4	a different location?
5	A. Yes. It's about 100-mile from Jerusalem.
6	MR. SNYDER: Okay. Could you show the witness the
7	photograph exhibits, please.
8	May I publish these to the jury, Your Honor?
9	THE COURT: Yes.
10	BY MR. SNYDER:
11	Q. Mr. Shkedy, can you tell the jury what this is a
12	photograph of?
13	A. This is an industrial park which is located near Haifa,
14	which is a city in the north of Israel. And there are many
15	companies over there, high-tech companies.
16	Q. Is the building where the Haifa Research Center was
17	located in this picture?
18	A. Yes. It's in the center, the cross-shape building.
19	Q. Perhaps you can turn around and on the large television
20	point it out for the jury, please.
21	A. Yes. This is the one.
22	MR. SNYDER: Okay. Could you go to the next
23	picture, please.
24	(Picture displayed.)
25	

1	BY MR. SNYDER:
2	Q. Mr. Shkedy, can you tell the jury, please, what this
3	picture is.
4	A. It's the same building.
5	Q. Is that the building where the Haifa Research Center
6	was located?
7	A. Yes. The cross-shaped building in the center.
8	This is a close-up of the same building sorry, I had
9	two copies of the same picture. I was confused, sorry.
10	MR. SNYDER: And if you could turn to the next
11	picture, please.
12	(Picture displayed.)
13	BY MR. SNYDER:
14	Q. And what is this a picture of, Mr. Shkedy?
15	A. This is the same building. Okay. We move in 2005
16	we move from this building to next to other building.
17	And this building is now occupied by other companies.
18	Q. And while the Haifa Research Center was located in this
19	building, what were the other occupants?
20	A. On the first floor it was Hewlett-Packard, HP.
21	Agilant, A-G-I-L-A-N-T, a small subsidiary.
22	And the second and the fourth floor was Zeron, a chip
23	producer. And we were located on the third floor.
24	Q. Mr. Shkedy, could you describe for the jury the purpose
25	of the Haifa Research Center?

1	A. As I mentioned previously, the first one was to
2	evaluate our chip, our NDS chip, to see if there are any
3	weak point, and to feedback to Jerusalem. And other task
4	was to investigate as a candidate to be a platform in our
5	language, our chips that we can input inside the Smart Card.
6	Q. And when you say evaluate NDS chips, could you explain
7	to the jury what you mean by that?
8	A. To find out weak point software and how to the ways
9	that a pirate may use in order to compromise our system.
10	Q. Okay. And then there was another task of the Haifa
11	Research Center?
12	A. Yes, to evaluate other chip.
13	Q. Okay. And what was the purpose of evaluating other
14	chips?
15	A. Twofold. First of all, if they meet our standard, then
16	we can use them, or to find out other techniques, idea, that
17	if they are good ideas, we can adopt them, of course,
18	without infringing any patents.
19	Q. Now, Mr. Shkedy, as part of your work at the Haifa
20	Research Center, did you do any work with a group called
21	operational security?
22	A. Yes, I did.
23	Q. What is operational security?
24	A. In order to fight the pirate, which was one of our
25	tasks, NDS formed to launch two effort. One of them is HRC

1 group, the group that I was a part of it. And the other one 2 is operational security that chases hacker and try to bring 3 them into court, which they succeed many times, to sue them 4 and to send them to jail. 5 Q. And what relationship did you have as a member of the 6 Haifa Research Center, or HRC, with operational security? 7 The first one was to study techniques and way of Α. 8 thinking from the hacker so that we know -- we will know the 9 enemy so we can fight him. So we adopt techniques, we adopt 10 way of thinking from the hacker, and otherwise I was a point 11 of contact for hacker that had been recruited by NDS, so I 12 can -- and I was the technical point of contact with them. 13 Q. Was Oliver Kommerling one of those ex-hackers? 14 Α. Yes. 15 Why were you chosen to be the point of contact between Q. 16 NDS and Oliver Kommerling? 17 The first time that I flew to Germany where his Α. 18 laboratory was located, in order to learn that he teach me 19 techniques, immediately we found out a common language, 20 chemistry, between ourselves. So it was kind of an open 21 channel of mutual appreciation and mutual way of thinking, 22 creative, innovative, and so forth. So we feel that we can 23 work together very well. 24 Now, the lab of Mr. Kommerling's that you visited in Q. 25 Germany, was that an NDS lab?

1	A. No, it was his private one.
2	Q. Did NDS provide him with that lab?
3	A. Not at the beginning. Afterward we purchased some
4	equipment for him.
5	Q. This was after he became an NDS consultant?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. Now, as part of your work at the Haifa Research Center,
8	did you reverse-engineer cards?
9	A. Yes, I did.
10	Q. Can you explain for the jury what it means to
11	reverse-engineer a card?
12	A. Yes, okay. To open the chip as I explain previously,
13	to look at them from the hardware and software point of
14	view, to see what are the good point, what are the bad
15	point, where they are well protected, where they are not
16	protected, and to feed back the people in the design group
17	if you find out weak points so that we will not make the
18	same mistake again. And if we are finding if we found
19	good or strong point, to adopt the idea and to try to
20	implement it in a better way.
21	Q. Mr. Shkedy, during your testimony today you've been
22	asked a lot of questions about hacking.
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. Is hacking the same as reverse engineering?
25	A. Yes.

1	Q. Is hacking or reverse engineering the same as piracy?
2	A. No.
3	Q. What is the difference to you between hacking, or
4	reverse engineering, and piracy?
5	A. Reverse engineering is understanding what is going in a
6	chip. We can enlarge, then, or broaden the idea to any
7	other technology. For example, if you are going to
8	reverse-engineer a car, you find out what our how
9	efficient is the motor so you can find out that the motor is
10	okay or is doing well, so you adopt the ideas. And if it is
11	consuming too much gas, okay, you say, "I know what is the
12	weak point of this motor, and I can design a better one
13	overcoming the deficiencies in the design."
14	So by learning from other people mistake, you can just
15	do a better job.
16	Q. Mr. Shkedy, did the Haifa Research Center
17	reverse-engineer or hack NDS chips?
18	A. Yes.
19	Q. And did you also reverse-engineer or hack competitor
20	chips?
21	A. Yes.
22	Q. What was the point of reverse-engineering or hacking
23	NDS's own chips?
24	A. We are not angel. Also we make mistake. So the people
25	in Jerusalem made mistakes. We found them, we feed back to

1	them about any mistakes that they did, and they fix them.
2	Q. Now, also part of your work at the Haifa Research
3	Center was reverse-engineering other companies' chips,
4	correct?
5	A. Correct.
6	Q. Can you identify for the jury some of the other
7	companies' chips that you reverse-engineered?
8	A. Yes. I did it in I started, as I say, it was a
9	Hitachi chip back in 1997.
10	THE COURT: Hitachi?
11	THE WITNESS: Hitachi.
12	BY MR. SNYDER:
13	Q. Was that the first chip that you reverse-engineered?
14	A. Yes. And afterward I work on a Dalas chip, which is a
15	secure chip that the hacker and the pirate uses in their
16	product. So we dump the code of the hacker and the pirate,
17	and we saw what are the techniques that they use in order to
18	penetrate our system.
19	THE COURT: I'm sorry. I missed part of that.
20	The Hitachi chip?
21	THE WITNESS: The Hitachi chip was
22	THE COURT: Just a moment.
23	THE WITNESS: Sorry, sorry.
24	THE COURT: I want to make certain I'm hearing
25	correctly.

1 Hitachi? 2 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. 3 THE COURT: And the second chip was? 4 THE WITNESS: Dalas chip. 5 THE COURT: Spell that term? Like Dallas, Texas? 6 THE WITNESS: D-A-L-A-S. 7 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you very much. Okay. 8 Thank you. 9 Counsel. 10 THE WITNESS: Okay. 11 BY MR. SNYDER: 12 Mr. Shkedy, you mentioned that the Dalas chip was the Q. 13 one that was being used by pirates? 14 Yes. Α. 15 Q. And you reverse-engineered that chip? 16 Yes. I dump the code. Α. 17 Can you -- is reverse engineering and piracy the same Q. 18 thing? 19 Α. No. 20 What is the difference between reverse engineering and Q. 21 piracy? 22 Reverse engineering is understanding how something is Α. 23 functioning. Piracy is to take this one with a malintention 24 to make damage. 25 THE INTERPRETER: Cause damage.

1	THE WITNESS: Damage to a system, to a company.
2	BY MR. SNYDER:
З	Q. Is there anything wrong in your mind with reverse
4	engineering?
5	A. Not at all. This is the way that
6	THE INTERPRETER: Humanity?
7	THE WITNESS: That humanity advances. By reverse
8	engineering, you are looking at a system. For example, when
9	you look at a bird and you ask yourself how the bird is
10	flying, you invent the airplane. So this is kind of reverse
11	engineering of nature, but it's the same applied also to
12	technology.
13	BY MR. SNYDER:
14	Q. Now, do other companies sometimes ask NDS to
15	reverse-engineer their chips?
16	A. Yes. One of the one of them I think you know
17	them now Thompson, the same one that we
18	reverse-engineering the card and developed month ago. I
19	report them deficiencies in one of their chip, and they fix
20	it.
21	Q. So the Thompson Company asked NDS to reverse-engineer
22	their chip?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. And why did the Thompson Company ask NDS to do that?
25	A. Because they thought that we have the capability of

1 doing a good job. 2 Is reverse engineering something that's unusual? Ο. 3 No, it's usual. And it -- first of all, it's legal. Α. 4 And the reason that it's legal is because it is necessary 5 for the humanity. 6 Regarding your question, there is a company in Canada, 7 which name Semiconductor Insight -- it's a small company of 8 140 employees. The only task that they are doing is reverse 9 engineering of chip legally. 10 There is another company, also, Chip World, also in 11 Canada, another one in Europe, and there are a few of them 12 in China. 13 Q. What was the name of the company in Europe? 14 Α. Raith, R-A-I-T-H. 15 Mr. Shkedy, were some of the chips that you Q. 16 reverse-engineered competitor chips? 17 Α. Yes. 18 And were those competitor chips different from the Q. 19 chips that NDS uses? 20 The color is different, but there are many similarities Α. 21 between the chips. 22 Q. If NDS doesn't use the competitor chip, what is the 23 purpose of reverse engineering those chips? 24 I'll give you an example. Previously I had been asked Α. 25 whether or not there is a -- the memory of the Thompson chip

is divided into six parts. And I say, yes. And I overcome 1 2 by a single shot of laser. 3 COURT REPORTER: Did you say a single shot of a 4 laser? 5 THE WITNESS: Yes. Okay. So the idea of using 6 such a protection is a nice idea. The implementation was 7 not so good. So what we are doing, we are reporting to 8 Jerusalem, and they using same type of protection, hopefully 9 with a better engineering. 10 BY MR. SNYDER: 11 When you say that it was -- that such a thing was a Q. 12 good idea, what is the "thing" you're referring to? 13 Α. How to protect the memory so you cannot read from one 14 memory space to another memory space. In this case, if the 15 memory space -- if this type of protection would work well, 16 I couldn't read the EEPROM by using the dumps that I show in 17 the document. 18 Q. Okay. 19 So by neutralize this feature, I could dump the code. Α. 20 Let me make sure I understand, Mr. Shkedy. Q. 21 The chip had the memory divided into six parts? 22 Α. Yes. 23 Q. But you were able -- and the purpose of dividing the 24 memory was to make it harder to access that memory or to 25 dump that -- the contents of that memory?

1	A. Yes. So if I can install program in the RAM, it cannot
2	read I'll use the EEPROM, for example.
3	Q. But you were able to defeat that security feature that
4	separated the memory into six different parts?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. And how were you able to defeat that security measure?
7	A. Single shot with a laser. I think in this case I have
8	use the FIB to bypass the protection, but it can be done
9	with a single shot of laser as well.
10	Q. And did you later learn that NDS implemented a similar
11	security feature?
12	A. Security feature that protects a memory, yes.
13	Q. And did NDS implement it in a way that would protect it
14	against the way that you defeated that security feature?
15	A. Yes.
16	Q. How did NDS do that?
17	A. The moment that you know that you can neutralize this
18	feature easily, so you start to think, and when you start to
19	think, when you know the question, you know how to find an
20	answer. If you don't know the question, you don't know how
21	to answer. So when they know the problem, they know how to
22	try to put protect against such a problem.
23	Q. Mr. Shkedy, you don't work at the design on the
24	design teams in Jerusalem, correct?
25	A. It is correct.

1	Q. So how did you know that NDS implemented this same
2	security idea but in an improved way?
3	A. Because I tried to reverse-engineer the next
4	generation, and it was much harder to me to overcome the
5	protection layers that they inserted.
6	Q. Are there other examples, Mr. Shkedy, of weaknesses
7	that you identified in your reverse engineering that were
8	later corrected in NDS chips?
9	A. Yes. We mentioned previously the instruction latch.
10	and I have said that I could neutralize the instruction
11	latch by putting the needle on one of the line of the
12	instruction latch that you saw in my document. What NDS
13	did, they just dissolved the instruction latch. We don't
14	have any instruction latch, so this type of attack is not
15	relevant anymore to our products. So we learned it from
16	other chip, and we implement solution in our chips.
17	Q. And again, how did you know that NDS had corrected
18	against that defect or weakness in its chips?
19	A. Because we work for more than six months in order to
20	locate the point, and we couldn't find them.
21	Q. Now, Mr. Shkedy, in doing this reverse engineering, is
22	one of the purposes to assist piracy?
23	A. No.
24	Q. Have you ever done anything to assist piracy?
25	A. No.

1	Q. To the best of your knowledge, has anyone else on the
2	Haifa research team, the team at the Haifa Research Center,
З	done anything to assist piracy?
4	A. No.
5	Q. When you started at the Haifa Research Center, who
6	worked on that team?
7	A. Mr. Chaim Shen-Orr was the head of the group. He came
8	before me. There was another guy named Danny Ratner, which
9	he he worked for NDS, but in Jerusalem. I was the
10	principal engineer. And afterwards, a few other people.
11	Q. What's the largest number of people that ever worked at
12	Haifa?
13	A. Sorry. Can you repeat?
14	Q. What is the largest number of people that ever worked
15	on the reverse engineering team or reverse engineering
16	project?
17	A. Total, at the peak, we were about 12, but not all of
18	them work on the reverse engineering. The core of the
19	reverse engineering is about four to five people.
20	Q. Now, earlier you were asked some questions about the
21	process that you use to reverse-engineer chips. Do you
22	recall that testimony?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. Okay. And I believe you were describing the reverse
25	engineering you did for the EchoStar chip, the ST Thompson

1	
1	16CF54?
2	A. Yes.
З	Q. Is that the same process that you used for
4	reverse-engineering all chips?
5	A. Yes, basically the same.
6	Q. Do you use the same process for reverse-engineering NDS
7	chips?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. Do you use the same equipment regardless of the chip
10	that you're reverse-engineering?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. So, for example, you can use a logic analyzer?
13	A. I need to use a logic analyzer when I reverse NDS chip.
14	Q. Okay.
15	A. This is my eyes.
16	Q. Okay. Do you also use an oscilloscope?
17	A. This is as an eye.
18	Q. Mr. Shkedy, you were asked some questions about a
19	focused ion beam. Has NDS ever owned a focused ion beam?
20	A. Yes. As I say, we have it on lease since '98 until
21	2001.
22	Q. My question's a little more specific, Mr. Shkedy. I
23	just want to make sure the record's clear. Has NDS ever
24	owned a focused ion beam?
25	A. No.

1	
1	Q. You only leased it?
2	A. Yes.
3	Q. Are focused ion beams unusual?
4	A. No, it's a common equipment. It was developed to
5	assist failure analysis effort while you design and while
6	you design new chips.
7	Q. Do you say "failure analysis"?
8	A. Failure analysis. Yes, I did.
9	Q. And I believe you said in some of your reverse
10	engineering efforts you leased time on a focused ion beam?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. Is that difficult to do?
13	A. No, it costs up 2800 pound, and then you have enough
14	time to do what you need.
15	Q. For how many chips?
16	A. We did it I don't remember the number. It was more
17	than one, but I don't remember the number.
18	Q. Now, Mr. Shkedy, you also were asked some questions
19	about the Headend Report. Do you recall that?
20	A. Yes.
21	Q. And as part of your reverse engineering project, did
22	you also create data or files or information?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. Did you consider that information to be secret or
25	confidential?

1 Yes. And you saw it also on the report that it bills a Α. 2 title "secret." 3 Can you describe for the jury how you stored the Ο. 4 information related to the reverse engineering project, and 5 let's focus on the reverse engineering of the EchoStar card. 6 A. Okay. We had a separate computer in our facility in 7 Haifa that we store sensitive data on this computer. The 8 normal procedure is to encrypt the data with a program named 9 "PGP." 10 We have another set of computer that is linked to 11 Jerusalem and to the network in Jerusalem for e-mail and 12 communication with Jerusalem. 13 Sometime -- also we have a sometime a separate computer 14 not connected to other computer. The most important one in 15 the sense that I'm talking today is the computer of 16 Mr. David Mordinson, that -- he will be the next witness. 17 Okay. Who has access to Mr. Mordinson's computer? Q. 18 David -- only David. Α. 19 And who -- Mr. Mordinson? Ο. 20 THE COURT: I'm sorry. Who has access to that 21 computer? 22 Α. Only Mr. David Mordinson. 23 THE COURT: Thank you. 24 BY MR. SNYDER: 25 And who has access to the secure network at the Haifa Ο.

1	Research Center?
2	A. Only the engineer in Haifa.
З	Q. Did you ever share any of the information from the
4	EchoStar reverse engineering project with anyone other than
5	the team at the Haifa Research Center?
6	A. Only with Mr only with Kommerling.
7	Q. And at that time, was Mr. Kommerling working with NDS?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. Does Mr. Kommerling work for NDS now?
10	A. No.
11	Q. Who does Mr. Kommerling work for now?
12	A. He's a consultant for Atmel and for Nagra. Atmel,
13	A-T-M-E-L.
14	Q. Nagra, the company that's one of the plaintiffs?
15	A. Yes.
16	Q. Other than the team at the Haifa Research Center and
17	Mr. Kommerling, did you share any of the information related
18	to the reverse engineering of the EchoStar card with anyone
19	else?
20	A. No.
21	Q. Did you e-mail the Head End Report to anyone?
22	A. No.
23	Q. Did you e-mail any part of the information developed
24	during the EchoStar reverse engineering project to anyone?
25	A. No.

1	Q. Did you e-mail any of the code that was developed as
2	part of that project to anyone?
3	A. No.
4	Q. Now, you were asked earlier, Mr. Shkedy, when you
5	discussed reverse engineering techniques with Christopher
6	Tarnovsky. Do you recall that question?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. When was the first time that you discussed reverse
9	engineering techniques with Christopher Tarnovsky?
10	A. It was after in the second term that I was in NDS,
11	so it was after 2004. I don't remember well if it was 2005
12	or 2004.
13	Q. Okay. Why did you discuss reverse engineering
14	techniques with Christopher Tarnovsky in 2004?
15	A. Chris Tarnovsky read the techniques in a paper that
16	were published in USNIX, which is a conference for a
17	security of chips, and the techniques that I used appeared
18	in this paper. He couldn't do it well, and when he visited
19	our laboratory in Israel, I showed him what type of analysis
20	that he did or some improvement in the technique that he
21	used.
22	Q. Mr. Shkedy, before 2004, had you ever discussed reverse
23	engineering techniques with Christopher Tarnovsky?
24	A. No.
25	Q. And before well, I'll withdraw that question.

1	Did you ever share with Mr. Tarnovsky any of the
2	information from your reverse engineering of an EchoStar
3	card or chip?
4	A. No.
5	Q. Did you give Mr. Tarnovsky a copy of the Head End
6	Report?
7	A. No.
8	Q. Did you give Mr. Tarnovsky any of the information that
9	you had extracted from the EchoStar card?
10	A. No.
11	Q. Did you give Mr. Tarnovsky any of the code or other
12	information that you developed as part of that project?
13	A. No.
14	Q. Now, Mr. Shkedy, just a few more questions.
15	Is the Haifa Research Center sometimes referred to as
16	the "Black Hat Team"?
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. Where does that name come from?
19	A. It was a name that was adopted by Mr. Chaim Shen-Orr,
20	which was the head of the group. And he just borrow it from
21	the same group that was constructed at IBM.
22	Q. And what did the group at IBM do that got it the name
23	the Black Hat Team?
24	A. From my best of knowledge they did the same task as we
25	did in Haifa.

	-	
1	0.	That was reverse-engineering chips?
2	2. A.	Yes.
3	0.	Products?
4	ع م	This is what I know.
5	0.	Mr. Shkedy, was part of your work at the Haifa Research
6	Cent	er analyzing information about competitor chips that was
7	sent	to vou?
8	Δ	Yes
9	0	That would be information that might be sent to you by
10	v. oper	ational security?
11	л	Vas
12	л. О	Could I show you place Exhibit 789
13	¥•	House you soon Eulipit 780 before today sir?
11	7	Nave you seen Exhibit 769 Delote today, Sit:
15	A.	ies.
10	Q.	Can you tell me generally what it is?
16	Α.	This is an e-mail that's sent to me by Mr. Yoni Shiloh.
17	Yoni	Shiloh work in the security department, and they sent
18	me a	n e-mail asking me about an information that appeared in
19	one	of the in the Internet one of the sites over the
20	Inte	rnet, sorry okay. And what the file said that it
21	show	s many, many keys that were used in several system like
22	Expr	ess View, DISH Network, and Sky Vista in Spain, and they
23	aske	d me if I recognize 'em. All the system had been
24	desi	gned by Nagra.
25	Q.	Mr. Shkedy, was this an e-mail that was sent to you at

1 your work at the Haifa Research Center? 2 Α. Yes. 3 MR. SNYDER: Your Honor, I move Exhibit 789. 4 MR. NOLL: I haven't seen the exhibit yet, 5 Your Honor. 6 Can you locate a copy for me, please. 7 MR. SNYDER: This was one of the exhibits that we 8 went over last night, Your Honor. 9 MR. NOLL: No objection. 10 THE COURT: Received. 11 (Exhibit No. 789 received in evidence.) 12 MR. SNYDER: Thank you, Your Honor. 13 May I publish the exhibit? 14 THE COURT: You may. 15 (Document displayed.) 16 BY MR. SNYDER: 17 Mr. Shkedy, can you identify for the jury the date of Ο. 18 this e-mail? 19 Α. September 19 --20 Maybe you can highlight the date so they can see it, Q. 21 please. 22 I'm sorry, Mr. Shkedy. What is the date? 23 September '99. Α. 24 Q. What is being sent to you in this e-mail? 25 Α. Those are the key that had been used -- that are used

1	in several Nagra system, all of them based on the same chip
2	and the same system.
3	Q. And these keys were being sent to you in 1999?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. What is the importance of the keys in the system?
6	A. As I explain it previously in the first slide about
7	what is a conditional access, the moment that you have the
8	key, so you can decrypt all the programs that are sent to
9	the satellite down to the earth.
10	Q. Where were these keys found on the Internet?
11	A. A site called DISHPlex.com.
12	Q. Is that described in the e-mail?
13	A. Yes, it's the second line in the message.
14	Q. So in the second line where it says,
15	HTTP:\\www.DISHPlex.com?
16	A. Yes, this is what it said.
17	Q. Okay. Thank you, Mr. Shkedy.
18	Could you please look at Exhibit 459. Can you tell me
19	generally, Mr. Shkedy, what Exhibit 459 is?
20	A. One moment, please. I don't recognize it. It will
21	take me some time It's kind of a pirate activity, but
22	I I don't know.
23	Q. You don't recall this e-mail, Mr. Shkedy?
24	A. No.
25	Q. Okay. Could I get you, please, to look at Exhibit 791?

1 THE COURT: Just a moment, Counsel. 2 The last was 459? 3 MR. SNYDER: Should have been 459. 4 THE COURT: This is the document that we went over 5 Saturday? 6 MR. SNYDER: I believe we looked --7 THE COURT: And this refers to the Russians and 8 the Bulgarians? Are you sure you gave me the right one? 9 THE WITNESS: This is the wrong one, I think. 10 THE COURT: You might have given me the wrong 11 document. 12 Okay. Thank you very much. I didn't think that 13 that was the correct document, Counsel. 14 BY MR. SNYDER: 15 Do you have Exhibit 791 in front of you, Mr. Shkedy? Q. 16 Α. Yes. 17 Can you tell me generally what that exhibit is? Q. 18 Generally speaking, it's the same type of information Α. 19 or help that we gave to first-line security. They pick up 20 files from the network, and they ask us to identify what is 21 the content. In this case, it's a part of a program that 22 appeared on the Internet, the second part. And it sees like 23 a regular program written in assembly language, not in human 24 one, not in human language, and they asked us whether or not 25 we can identify the file.

1	Q. And this was an e-mail that was sent to you as part of
2	your work at the Haifa Research Center
3	A. Yes.
4	Q in October of 1999?
5	A. Yes.
6	THE COURT: Counsel, can you clarify once again
7	who the gentleman Yehonatan Shiloh is? I don't know if the
8	jury knows.
9	MR. SNYDER: Sure.
10	BY MR. SNYDER:
11	Q. Mr. Shkedy, who is Yehonatan Shiloh?
12	A. Okay. We are pronouncing it Yoni Shiloh, but he is one
13	of the team of the operational security team working
14	under the name sorry is working in the operational
15	security team under the supervision of Mr. Reuven Hasak.
16	And I work with him during this this time in evaluating
17	data that he got from the Internet.
18	Q. And that was part of your work at the Haifa Research
19	Center?
20	A. Yes, I was a point of contact for such activity.
21	THE COURT: So, in other words, to be clear, he is
22	part of the NDS?
23	MR. SNYDER: He is part of the NDS operational
24	security, yes.
25	THE COURT: Very good.

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1	MR. SNYDER: Your Honor, I move Exhibit 791.
2	THE COURT: Any objection?
3	BY MR. NOLL: No, Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: Received.
5	(Exhibit No. 791 received in evidence.)
6	MR. SNYDER: May I publish it to the jury?
7	THE COURT: You may.
8	BY MR. SNYDER:
9	Q. Mr. Shkedy, could you point out for the jury where it
10	identifies the date of this e-mail?
11	A. Yes, it's in the second line. It's October '99.
12	Q. Okay. And then could you look down to the first body
13	of the e-mail, about four lines down, where it says: "This
14	is the first of two files"?
15	A. Yes.
16	Q. Do you see that? It says: "This is the first of two
17	files, are the disassembled version of the E-Star ROM info
18	that was posted on pound DISH Network."
19	Do you see that?
20	A. Yes.
21	Q. What does that mean?
22	A. That means that somebody extracted the code of the
23	EchoStar. E-Star is EchoStar, and they put the code on the
24	Internet on the site named DISHPlex.
25	Q. And why is that important?

1	A. Because somebody could dump the code of the EchoStar
2	card ROM and to put it on the Net. I mean, it was a very
3	good hack to the pirate.
4	Q. This shows that someone had dumped the EchoStar ROM?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. In 1999?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. And had put it on the Internet?
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. And what was the web site where this was found?
11	A. DISHPlex.com.
12	Q. Okay. If we could go back, please, Mr. Shkedy, to
13	Exhibit 459 we'll try and get you the right exhibit this
14	time. I apologize for confusing everyone.
15	A. Okay.
16	Q. Can you describe generally, Mr. Shkedy, what
17	Exhibit 459 is?
18	A. The same type of activity as the previous two files
19	two exhibits. And this is a response to an e-mail that was
20	sent to me by Mr. Yoni Shiloh, the same one sent previous
21	two files. And the there is an attachment of a file.
22	And they asked me to identify what is the content of this
23	file.
24	And what I told him, that the file is not part of the
25	Smart Card. Might be that it is part of the IRD, what we

1 called the set-top box previously. 2 So Mr. Shkedy, this is -- the bottom -- the original Ο. 3 e-mail is an e-mail from Mr. Shiloh to you? 4 Yes. Α. 5 And the upper portion is your response to Mr. Shiloh's Q. 6 message? 7 Yes. Α. 8 And this e-mail exchange was done as part of your work Q. 9 at the Haifa Research Center? 10 Yes. Α. 11 MR. SNYDER: Your Honor, I move Exhibit 459. 12 THE COURT: Any objection? 13 MR. NOLL: No objection. 14 THE COURT: Received. 15 (Exhibit No. 459 received in evidence.) 16 MR. SNYDER: May we publish it, Your Honor? 17 THE COURT: You may. 18 MR. SNYDER: Can you blow up the upper portion, 19 please? 20 BY MR. SNYDER: 21 Ο. What is the date of this exchange between you and 22 Mr. Shiloh? 23 A. October '99. 24 And what is the information that Mr. Shiloh had Ο. 25 forwarded on to you?

 A. It's kind of a file that he found on the DISHPLex site, and they asked me to identify the content of the file. Q. And what did you tell Mr. Shiloh was the content of the file? A. First of all, that the code is not out of the Smart Card that we have in our disposal. And secondly, that this might be from the IRD, if at all. I mean, we were not sure what is the content of the file. So in this case, we failed to identify the file. Q. And what was the website that this was found on? A. DISH DISHPLEX. Q. Mr. Shkedy, if I can go back you were asked a few questions about your trips to the United States. Do you recall that? A. Yes. Q. As part of the reverse engineering of the EchoStar card, how many trips, did you make to the United States? A. Two to the United States and one to Canada. Q. Okay. So let's try and take those one at a time. A. Okay. Q. Where did you go on the first trip to the United States? A. To Fort Lee, to the house of a guy named Eyal, E-Y-A-L. Q. And what did do you when you were in Fort Lee? A. We tried to monitor the transaction or the data that 		
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 18 A. Two to the United States and one to Canada. 19 Q. Okay. So let's try and take those one at a time. 20 A. Okay. 21 Q. Where did you go on the first trip to the 22 United States? 23 A. To Fort Lee, to the house of a guy named Eyal, E-Y-A-L. 24 Q. And what did do you when you were in Fort Lee? 25 A. We tried to monitor the transaction or the data that 	17	card, how many trips, did you make to the United States?
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Q. And what did do you when you were in Fort Lee? A. We tried to monitor the transaction or the data that	23	A. To Fort Lee, to the house of a guy named Eyal, E-Y-A-L.
25 A. We tried to monitor the transaction or the data that	24	Q. And what did do you when you were in Fort Lee?
	25	A. We tried to monitor the transaction or the data that

1	goes between the set-top box and the card, what we refer to
2	previously, the sniffing.
3	Q. Okay. And while you were there, did you receive any
4	EchoStar programming that you weren't authorized to receive?
5	A. No. Actually, the card failed after a while, and we
6	couldn't accomplish the tasks that we that we traveled
7	for.
8	Q. Did you decrypt any television programming from
9	EchoStar that you weren't authorized to decrypt?
10	A. No.
11	Q. When was the second time that you came to the United
12	States as part of the EchoStar project?
13	A. A little bit afterward. I don't remember if it was one
14	or two months, something like that. And we went to
15	Maryland, to one of NDS employee named Veret Anikster,
16	V-E-R-E-T, A-N-I-K-S-T-E-R.
17	THE COURT: Just a moment. A-N-I-K-S-T-E-R.
18	THE INTERPRETER: Would the Court with for the
19	interpreter to do spellings?
20	THE COURT: I have A-N-I-K-S-T-E-R.
21	THE INTERPRETER: That's correct.
22	THE COURT: Thank you.
23	BY MR. SNYDER:
24	Q. Mr. Shkedy, what did you do on that second trip to the
25	United States?

1	A. We try again to monitor the data that flows between the
2	Smart Card and the IRD.
3	Q. And were you successful this time?
4	A. No.
5	Q. As part of that visit to the United States, did you
6	receive any EchoStar programming that you weren't authorized
7	to receive?
8	A. No.
9	Q. Did you decrypt any EchoStar programming that you
10	weren't authorized to decrypt?
11	A. No.
12	Q. Now, you made one more trip to North America, correct?
13	A. Yes.
14	Q. Why did you come to the United States or Canada as part
15	of the reverse engineering project? Why didn't you do the
16	work in Israel?
17	A. Okay. I will use my fist with okay. This is a
18	globe. Here is United States. Here is Israel. The
19	satellite is hang over United States. In Israel, we are
20	in the shadow. We cannot receive any signal from the
21	satellite that is hang up over the United States. So we
22	didn't have any other option but to go to the United States,
23	or to North America, actually.
24	Q. So if you wanted to log the information between the IRD
25	and the Smart Card, were you able to do that in Israel?

1	A. No.
2	Q. You had to go to North America to do that?
3	A. Only in North America. In professional world, it would
4	be the footprint of the satellite does not cover Israel.
5	But just to show that I know some technical words okay.
6	Q. Mr. Shkedy, you made a third trip to North America as
7	part of the project?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. And where did you go that time?
10	A. To Canada Windsor, Canada.
11	Q. And what did you do in Windsor, Canada?
12	A. We try to verify whether or not we accomplished the
13	task of reverse-engineering the EchoStar card. And the
14	reason is to verify whether or not there are still as a
15	security measure that we didn't find in our
16	reverse-engineering effort in Israel, so just a verification
17	that we found a security measure and they don't hide any
18	other tricks in the card.
19	Q. And did you understand that anything you were doing in
20	Canada was wrong or illegal?
21	A. As far as I know, it's legal.
22	Q. Now, Mr. Shkedy, did you share the results of any of
23	the information you collected on your trips to the
24	United States or Canada with Chris Tarnovsky?
25	A. No.

1 Did you share any -- did you share any of the results Q. 2 of your visits to the United States or Canada with any 3 pirates? 4 No. Α. 5 Did you -- was -- did you share any of the information Q. 6 from the EchoStar reverse-engineering project with any 7 pirates? 8 No. Α. 9 Was any of the information from the EchoStar Q. 10 reverse-engineering project used to assist piracy? 11 No. Α. 12 Was that one of the purposes of the project? Q. 13 Α. No. 14 Has any of the reverse engineering that you have done Q. 15 been done for the purpose of assisting piracy? 16 No. Α. 17 Is the purpose of the Haifa research facility to fight 0. 18 piracy, Mr. Shkedy? 19 Yes, this is our main task. Α. 20 MR. SNYDER: No further questions, Your Honor. 21 THE COURT: Redirect. 22 Once again, introduce yourself back to the record 23 so I have a clear record. 24 MR. NOLL: Thank you, Your Honor. 25 David Noll on behalf of plaintiffs.
1	REDIRECT EXAMINATION						
2	BY MR. NOLL:						
3	Q. I want to cover a few points that you just made in your						
4	examination by Mr. Snyder, Mr. Shkedy.						
5	One of the things you just testified to is that Israel						
6	is in the shadow when you tried to demonstrate to the jury						
7	the way the satellite spot beam works. Do you recall that?						
8	A. Yes.						
9	Q. Truth is, Mr. Shkedy, Israel is not in the shadow. The						
10	footprint that EchoStar broadcasts its signal is to the						
11	United States; is that correct?						
12	A. Yes.						
13	Q. You looked at Exhibits 459, 784, and 791. Do you						
14	recall that, sir?						
15	A. Those are the three e-mails that I						
16	Q. Yeah.						
17	A. Okay. Yes.						
18	Q. Yeah, your counsel just showed those to you, correct?						
19	A. Okay. Yes.						
20	Q. And you recall those exhibits dealt with a web address						
21	called dealing with DISHPlex. Do you recall that?						
22	A. Yes.						
23	Q. Okay. Now, the DISHPlex there's some code posted or						
24	something that appears to be something like code in 791, and						
25	you testified that it related to ROM.						

1	A. Yes.						
2	Q. Okay. When somebody has a ROM of a conditional access						
3	system, they don't have the ability to write to the access						
4	card; is that correct?						
5	A. It is correct.						
6	Q. Yeah. So in order to write to the access card, you						
7	need the EEPROM, which we discussed was demonstrated in the						
8	Headend Report, correct?						
9	A. Correct.						
10	Q. And these exhibits, they don't contain EEPROM. Is that						
11	right, sir?						
12	A. It is right.						
13	Q. In fact, Exhibit 459 you analyzed the code from the						
14	DISHPlex website, and you say in your e-mail that the code						
15	is not part of the Smart Card.						
16	A. Yes.						
17	Q. And you knew that because you already had the code in						
18	your possession from a year earlier in 1998; isn't that						
19	correct, sir?						
20	A. Yes.						
21	Q. You testified earlier about two tasks that NDS has for						
22	its lab in Haifa, Israel. Do you recall that, sir?						
23	A. Yes.						
24	Q. First task is NDS tries to find weak points in its						
25	chips, correct?						

1	A. Correct.					
2	Q. And the second task is NDS evaluates other chips from					
3	competitors, correct?					
4	A. Yes.					
5	Q. Okay. And you testified that you flew to the					
6	United States two times concerning the EchoStar hack,					
7	correct?					
8	A. Correct.					
9	Q. You came over here from Israel in order to obtain					
10	EchoStar access cards, correct?					
11	A. (No audible response.)					
12	Q. You came over here to test excuse me you came					
13	over here to test your hack of the EchoStar access cards.					
14	A. In Canada.					
15	Q. That's right. You did that in Canada one time, right?					
16	A. Canada, and twice in the United States.					
17	Q. And we understand from your testimony that the chips					
18	that are in these access cards come from that is, the					
19	EchoStar access cards come from a company called					
20	ST Thompson, correct?					
21	A. The chips is come from ST Thompson, yes.					
22	Q. And in order to test the EchoStar access cards, you got					
23	the cards from NDS's operational security, right?					
24	A. Right.					
25	Q. And isn't it true, sir, that you could have just worked					

1	directly with ST Thompson in order to evaluate the chips						
2	that they put out in the market?						
3	A. It could be done also, yes, we did it also now with						
4	ST Thompson, but they didn't contact us at that time.						
5	Q. You didn't do it that way, did you?						
6	A. We didn't do it that way, yes.						
7	Q. And you also testified that reverse engineering is						
8	understanding how something functions.						
9	A. Yes.						
10	Q. Giving the Headend project report to a satellite						
11	hacker, Mr. Shkedy, does not further any reverse						
12	engineering. Do to agree with that?						
13	A. Sorry. Can you repeat, please?						
14	Q. Yeah. You recall the Headend project report you did						
15	concerning the hack of the EchoStar system, correct?						
16	A. Yes.						
17	Q. And your counsel elicited testimony from you that you						
18	believe that's just reverse engineering, correct?						
19	A. Yes.						
20	Q. Now, if you or anyone at NDS was to give that Headend						
21	project report to a satellite pirate or hacker, that						
22	wouldn't be in furtherance of reverse engineering. Do you						
23	agree with me?						
24	A. Sorry? Can you repeat?						
25	THE COURT: That has a double negative.						

1	THE WITNESS: I think that I didn't got some of						
2	the word and						
З	BY MR. NOLL:						
4	0. I'll make it simple.						
5	A Okay						
6	A. Ukay.						
7	EchoStar back to a satellite pirate or backer is not reverse						
8	engineering correct?						
g	THE INTERPRETER (Interprete)						
1.0	THE NIERFREIER. (Interprets.)						
11	THE WITNESS: Okay. You are right. We didn't						
11	give it.						
12	BY MR. NOLL:						
13	Q. Can you think of any good reason, Mr. Shkedy, that NDS						
14	would have had to give the Headend project report to						
15	Christopher Tarnovsky?						
16	A. No.						
17	Q. Right. And you agree with me, sir, if the evidence						
18	shows that NDS gave that Headend project report to						
19	Christopher Tarnovsky, that that act was not in furtherance						
20	of reverse engineering?						
21	A. I can testify only on the part where I was involved						
22	until 2001. Until 2001 we didn't give any any report to						
23	Mr. Tarnovsky.						
24	Q. Okay. And in your testimony with when your counsel						
25	was examining you, you made a distinction between piracy and						

1	reverse engineering. Do you recall that?						
2	A. Yes.						
3	Q. And we already talked about reverse engineering. But						
4	you said piracy and I'll use your words is to cause						
5	damage to another company, correct?						
6	A. Correct, or to take advantage of selling something,						
7	forgery or something like that. So I use the word "damage."						
8	But you have to take it in the sense to make damage or to						
9	make illegal profit, something like that.						
10	Q. And you agree with me, sir, that if this jury right						
11	here finds that Christopher Tarnovsky posted EchoStar's						
12	codes on the Internet, that would be piracy, sir?						
13	A. This is a question or a process? I don't know.						
14	Q. You would also agree with me, sir, that if this jury						
15	finds that it's illegal, correct?						
16	A. It I think it is illegal, yes.						
17	Q. And based on your definition of piracy, this jury finds						
18	that Christopher Tarnovsky did those acts, it would cause						
19	damage to EchoStar, sir; isn't that correct?						
20	A. This is legal advice, or this is I don't know if I'm						
21	capable of answering this question.						
22	Q. Okay.						
23	BY MR. NOLL: No further questions.						
24	THE COURT: Recross.						
25							

1	RECROSS-EXAMINATION							
2	THE COURT: This is Mr. Snyder on behalf of NDS.							
3	BY MR. SNYDER:							
4	Q. Just a couple of questions, Mr. Shkedy. I think there							
5	may be some confusion about the difference between a							
6	footprint and a shadow for a satellite.							
7	A. Okay.							
8	Q. EchoStar's satellite that beams transmissions to the							
9	United States and to North America can you receive that							
10	signal in Israel?							
11	A. No.							
12	Q. So if you wanted to log the communications between an							
13	IRD, a set-top box, and a Smart Card, would you were you							
14	able to do that in Israel?							
15	A. No.							
16	Q. Did you have to travel to North America to do that?							
17	A. Yes. May I give an example? Let's assume that we have							
18	a flashlight and a sphere, or the sun which is shining. And							
19	so we have day on one side; we have night on the other side.							
20	From the night side, you cannot see the sun, so you cannot							
21	see the transmission.							
22	Okay. The satellite act like a sun. And the							
23	transmissions is like whether or not we have we have							
24	light or not. So if you have this globe, we have this							
25	satellite over here transmitting its transmission onto the							

1	globe, you can receive the signal only on one side of the							
2	globe and not from the other side where Israel is located.							
3	Q. And, unlike the sun, Mr. Shkedy, is the satellite set							
4	up so that it's always over the same part of the earth?							
5	A. Yes. The technical word is "geostationary."							
6	Q. Geostationary?							
7	A. Which mean it hang up always above the same point on							
8	the globe.							
9	Q. And Mr. Shkedy, you were also asked some questions							
10	about giving the Headend report to pirates. Did you give							
11	the Headend report to any pirates?							
12	A. No.							
13	MR. SNYDER: Thank you, Mr. Shkedy.							
14	THE WITNESS: Thank you.							
15	THE COURT: All right. Now, we're going to take a							
16	recess until about 20 minutes this time. I need just							
17	about five or ten minutes with counsel.							
18	You're admonished not to discuss this matter							
19	amongst yourselves nor to form or express any opinion							
20	concerning this case.							
21	Thank you very much.							
22	Sir, if you would remain for just a moment.							
23	THE WITNESS: Sir.							
24	(The jury exits the courtroom.)							
25	(Outside the presence of the jury.)							

1 THE COURT: All right. Counsel, if you would be 2 seated for just one moment, we'll remain on the record. 3 The jury is no longer present. All counsel are 4 present. 5 I don't propose to enter into this lawsuit in the 6 presence of the jury unless there's an adverse inference 7 being drawn by the Court. With this particular witness, he 8 has every likelihood of returning, so as a courtesy I can 9 speak to you now, or just put you on notice that in all 10 likelihood he's returning. 11 You can have my thoughts. 12 (To the witness:) Sir, if you would remain outside 13 for just a moment, and we'll call you back in just a moment. 14 THE WITNESS: Okay. 15 THE COURT: But that's up to you. It will become 16 clear why if one of the parties request in the future, but 17 as I said, I can divulge a thought to you and have you each 18 deal with it, but I will not do this in front of the jury. 19 MR. SNYDER: Please, Your Honor. 20 THE COURT: The gentleman is no longer present. 21 There's a tremendous disconnect. If you listen to 22 the gentleman, he disassociates himself from a pirate. He 23 keeps tossing in "ex-pirate," referring to Kommerling. So 24 my notes show that on direct examination the gentleman 25 testified that the Headend report was given to Oliver

1 Kommerling, Mr. Shen-Orr, and all members of the Haifa team. 2 When he uses the word "pirate," he doesn't include 3 Mr. Kommerling. He defines Mr. Kommerling as an ex-pirate. 4 I'm going to joke with you a moment -- I don't know if they 5 have retirement systems or what, but the end result is 6 there's a disconnect between the two of you. 7 You've labored hard to say that he doesn't 8 disclose this report. To a pirate, that's definitional. 9 Mr. Kommerling may not be a pirate. He may have been a 10 pirate at one time, but now he's a retired pirate. 11 If you two want to leave that where it is, maybe 12 he's not coming back, but within 72 hours if there's concern 13 about his questioning, he's back on that plane. 14 The second thing is, I don't know, because it's 15 not clear from this examination, what year Mr. Kommerling 16 received this information. In other words, the question's 17 been asked, when did Kommerling get the information about 18 the Headend reports. But it's not clear what year. Do 19 either one of you know? 20 MR. SNYDER: I believe it was about the time of 21 the project, Your Honor. I'm not sure that anyone knows 22 precisely, but the 1998 period. 23 MR. HAGAN: We have, Your Honor, and that's the 24 best evidence, is mid-1998. 25 THE COURT: Did that come out in front of the

1 jury? Does anybody know? 2 MR. HAGAN: I do not. 3 THE COURT: I'll leave you in a quandary: How 4 much he's inconvenienced, how many times he comes back, 5 maybe never. All right, Counsel. You'll deal with it how 6 you want to. I'll have him back on the stand and just 7 admonish him in front of the jury that he's subject to a 8 72-hour recall. 9 Take a recess until five after the hour. 10 MR. HAGAN: Thank you, Judge. 11 (Recess is held at 2:48 p.m.) 12 (Further proceedings reported by Sharon 13 Seffens in Volume IV.) 14 -000-15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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3	CERTIFICATE						
4							
5	I hereby certify that pursuant to Section 753,						
6	Title 28, United States Code, the foregoing is a true and						
7	correct transcript of the stenographically reported						
8	proceedings held in the above-entitled matter and that the						
9	transcript page format is in conformance with the						
10	regulations of the Judicial Conference of the United States.						
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12	Date: April 11, 2008						
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