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11	CORPORATION, ECHOSTAR COMMUNICATIONS				
12	CORPORATION, ECHOSTAR TECHNOLOGIES				
13	L.L.C.	ſAR,			
14	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
15	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
16	SOUT	HER	N DIVISION		
17	ECHOSTAR SATELLITE	No.	SA CV 03-950 DOC(ANx) AINTIFFS' SECOND AMENDED		
18	CORPORATION, ECHOSTAR COMMUNICATIONS	CO	MPLAINT FOR:		
19	CORPORATION, ECHOSTAR TECHNOLOGIES	1)	Violation of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act, 17		
20	CORPORATION, AND NAGRASTAR L.L.C.		U.S.C. § 1201(a)(1)(A);		
21	Plaintiffs,	2)	Violation of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act, 17		
22	V.		U.S.C. § 1201(a)(2);		
23	NDS GROUP PLC, NDS AMERICAS, INC., JOHN	3)	Violation of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act, 17		
24	NORRIS, REL VEN HASAK, OLIVER KOMMERLING,		U.S.C. § 1201(b);		
25 26	JOHN LUYANDO, PLAMEN DONEV, VESSELINE NEDELTCHEV,	4)	Violation of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. § 605(a);		
27	CHRISTOPHER TARNOVSKY, ALLEN MENARD, LINDA	5)	Violation of the Communications		
28	WILSON, MERVIN MAIN,	,	Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. § 605(e)(4);		
	<u>DAVE DAWS ON, SHAWN</u>		0.5.0. 8 005(0)(4);		

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1 2	QUINN, AND RE SERGEI, TODD DALE, STANLEY FROST, GEORGE TARNOVSKY, BRIAN	6)	Violation of the Electronic Communications Privacy Act, 18 U.S.C. § 2511(1)(a);
3	SOMMERFIELD, ED BRUCE, "BEAVIS," "JAZZERCZ," "STUNTGUY," and JOHN	7)	Violation of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1114;
5	DOES 1 – 100°. Defendants.	8)	Violation of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a);
6 7		9)	Violation of RICO Statute, 18 U.S.C. § 1962(c);
8		10)	Violation of RICO Statute, 18
9		11)	
10 11		12)	Code §§ 593d(a); Violation of California Penal
12		13)	Code § 593d(b); Violation of California Penal
13 14		14)	Code § 593d(c);
15			Violation of California Penal Code § 593e(a);
16		15)	Violation of California Penal Code § 593e(b);
17 18		16)	Unfair Competition in Violation of California Business & Professions Code § 17200;
19 20		17)	Tortious Interference with Contractual Relations;
21		18)	Tortious Interference with Prospective Contractual Relations/Economic Advantage;
22		19)	Relations/Economic Advantage; Unjust Enrichment;
23			Conversion;
24   25		21)	Negligent Hiring, Training, Supervision and/or Retention;
26			Breach of Contract;
27		23)	Civil Conspiracy.
28		JUR	Y TRIAL DEMANDED
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Plaintiffs EchoStar Communications Corporation, EchoStar Satellite L.L.C. f/k/a EchoStar Satellite Corporation, and EchoStar Technologies Corporation (collectively "EchoStar") and NagraStar L.L.C. ("NagraStar") (collectively "Plaintiffs") file their Second Amended Complaint against the above named Defendants and state as follows.

## I. <u>INTRODUCTION & NATURE OF THE CASE</u>

- 1. Plaintiff EchoStar is a multi-channel video provider, providing video, audio, and data services to customers throughout the United States, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands via a Direct Broadcast Satellite ("DBS") system. As part of its business, EchoStar uses high-powered satellites to broadcast, among other things, movies, sports, and general entertainment programming services ("Programming") to consumers who have been legally authorized to receive its Programming after payment of a subscription fee (or in the case of a pay-per-view movie or event, the purchase price). EchoStar operates its DBS Programming service under the trade name "DISH Network" which was launched in 1996.
- 2. In order to protect its signal from unlawful and unauthorized use, a DBS provider must encrypt its satellite signal. EchoStar encrypts its satellite signals using a technology provided, in part, by NagraStar. NagraStar is a supplier of access cards or "smart cards" ("Smart Card") which contain tiny microprocessors embedded therein and which facilitate functions of a larger "conditional access system" ("CAS") known as Digital Nagra Advanced Security Process ("DNASP"). DNASP uses a complex encryption system that is combined with a Digital Video Broadcasting ("DVB") scrambler/encoder system to form EchoStar's management and Security System ("Security System"). Among other things, the Security System serves two interrelated functions: (1) subscriber management allowing EchoStar to "turn on" programming that a customer has ordered; and (2) encryption preventing individuals or entities who have not ordered programming from receiving it.

3. Defendants NDS and NDS Americas ("NDS") are the only major competitor of Plaintiff NagraStar in the CAS marketplace. NDS provides the encryption technology used by DirecTV. DirecTV is Plaintiff EchoStar's only major competitor in the DBS industry.

- 4. In or around 1998, NDS was involved in efforts to convince EchoStar to switch CAS providers from NagraStar to NDS. These efforts were ultimately unsuccessful, however, because at that time the CAS provided to EchoStar by NagraStar had never been compromised. Conversely, the NDS system used by DirecTV was widely hacked and pirated resulting in an exponentially increasing number of satellite pirates having the ability to receive DirecTV's satellite programming without an authorized subscription and without proper payment to DirecTV. During this same time period, NDS was experiencing similar problems with the customers it provided CAS services to in Europe as well.
- 5. Ultimately, NDS's inability to provide a secure CAS product to its customers resulted in a total loss of confidence in NDS's encryption technology. In fact, the satellite piracy and hacking of DirecTV's signal became so uncontrollable that, in 1998, DirecTV began to solicit proposals from other CAS providers in the industry.
- 6. The leading candidate for DirecTV's solicitation was the CAS provided by NagraStar to EchoStar. DirecTV was so dissatisfied with NDS's product that it paid NagraStar \$100,000 to devise a proposal and bid for contracting with DirecTV to be its new CAS provider.
- 7. In sum, NDS was on the verge of losing one of its largest accounts, DirecTV, and ultimately, its ability to effectively compete in the CAS industry. Indeed, NDS internal documents cited herein are illustrative of NDS's knowledge of the vunerability<sup>1</sup> of its conditional access system, the real and immediate threat

September 26, 1997 NDS Memorandum Report to Hasak stating "At present I think we are on the edge of a serious situation...part of the problem is the <u>history of the insecurity</u> of our technology...we must face the fact that our <u>reputation is bad</u> and our competitors make capital out

of losings its clients (e.g., DirecTV) to its competitors, such as NagraStar, and that high level executitives in charge of NDS's security division had their "jobs in jeopardy." NDS knew it needed to act, and act quickly, if it was to have any chance of commercial survival.

- 8. However, instead of making advancements in its technology and improving its product in order to fairly and legally compete in the marketplace, NDS made the calculated decision to hire the "worst" and most well-known satellite pirates and hackers in the world in an effort to establish and maintain "CONTROL" over the compromising of its CAS product as well as its competitors' technology. NDS concluded that if it could "CONTROL" the hackers and the constant breaks into its security system, as well as orchestrating breaks into its competitors' security systems, then NDS's product would appear superior in the market place.<sup>2</sup>
- 9. In order to implement this plan, NDS first had to get "CONTROL" over the hacks and piracy of its own clients, such as DirecTV. To accomplish this, NDS launched a massive attack on the satellite pirates in the United States and Canada that were responsible for compromising the CAS that NDS provided to DirecTV. Accordingly, NDS offered its resources and assistance to various law enforcement agencies to initiate criminal proceedings, as well as attacking these same pirates on the civil front by filing numerous civil suits.

of it...We have introduced control. The question is whether the control is camouflaging the weaknesses in our technology. My fear is that it is....At present we are not gaining most of the new projects. How long before we actually lose one to a competitor. Our jobs are on the line. Maybe not yet but we are vulnerable." June 18, 1999 NDS Letter to Hasak from Adams stating "JOD was heavily involved in the DTV negotiations. He thinks we will lose them soon. We will lose them quicker i P3 if hacked. This must be a major concern."

December 1998 NDS Letter is from Ray Adams to Hasak stating "It should be a simple task for one of our techies to prove that the Austrailian Irdeto card is as vulnerable [hack the card] as any in any other count y... What we [NDS] need urgently are some official cards from each of the systems, six of each, making 18 total so that we can get the pirates to switch them on. This is the easiest way to prove our case. It will also be very effective and untraceable."

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- Phase 2 of the NDS scheme involved NDS gaining the ability to "CONTROL" the piracy of its competitors' security systems. In order to accomplish this goal, NDS took a four (4) step approach.
- 12. Step 1 required NDS to obtain the Read Only Memory ("ROM") and Electronically Erasable Programmable Read Only Memory ("EEPROM") Codes used in their competitors' Smart Cards. These proprietary codes form the heart and soul of CAS providers' security system and, as such, are secured and embedded in the tiny microprocessor unit stored in the Smart Card. To extract these codes, NDS needed a state-of-the-art laboratory, extremely sophisticated equipment like a scanning electron microscope and focused ion beam, and highly skilled engineers. There are only approximately six (6) of these labs in the world - NDS owns one of

Additionally, Plaintiffs are informed and believe that some of these pirates (e.g., Tarnovsky) were paid through other companies such as HarperCollins Publishers in New York, which are linked to NDS's parent company, News Corp.

them in Haifa, Israel, which was designed and built by NDS with the assistance of Kommerling<sup>4</sup> and used by NDS to extract the ROM and EEPROM codes utilized by NDS's competitors.

- 13. Using its Haifa laboratory, NDS unlawfully and impermissibly cracked Plaintiffs' Smart Card and extracted Plaintiffs' secret ROM and EEPROM Codes secured therein. This was not the first time NDS engaged in this unlawful conduct. On April 9, 2002, NDS employee/agent Kommerling provided sworn testimony in another suit brought by Canal+ against NDS for anticompetitive conduct similar to the acts alleged herein. In his declaration, Kommerling explained the methods NDS used to break the security system of Canal+ and to subsequently distribute that information to foster the satellite piracy of the Canal+ system.
- 14. Step 2 involved NDS transferring these unlawfully extracted ROM and EEPROM Codes to a pirating software engineer capable of using the Codes to unlawfully access, reprogram, modify, alter, or otherwise interfere with the Smart Cards used by Plaintiffs to protect the DISH Network satellite signal. NDS accomplished this task by using one of its new hacker recruits, Chris Tarnovsky, who had previously been responsible for compromising the CAS provided by NDS to DirecTV. NDS had recently moved Tarnovsky to California. Accordingly, NDS

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> In 1999, Kommerling and Markus Kuhn co-wrote "Design Priniples for Tamper Resistant Smart Cards." This publication became the standard text on how to "reverse engineer" a state-of-the-art smartcard by using certain techniques including, but not limited to, acid treatments, microscopic probes, laser cutting, and ion beam manipulation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> April 30, 1999 NDS Letter from Ray Adams to Hasak referencing a meeting that Kommerling had with Canal+, wherein Kommerling was asked about the DR7 [Menard] Hack release. Kommerling was asked if he could do a hack of the IRDeto system in Arabia on PANAM SAT channel ART 1, however, unbeknownst to Canal+, the hack of IRDeto was already in NDS's possession. "JR wants Alex [Kommerling] to hack the system but at the same time to provide a fix. So that when the pirate cards are available he will be able to say that Alex 'the technician' can do a fix in 24 hours. . . . What JR does not know is that the hack is already in our [NDS's] possession.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Plaintiffs first attempted to assert their claims against NDS by moving to intervene in the *Canal+ v. NDS* litigation. Not surprisingly, NDS fought vigorously to keep Plaintiffs' Motion to Intervene from being heard or ruled upon. Ultimately, NDS settled with Canal+ prior to Plaintiffs' Motion to Intervene being considered by the Court. Accordingly, Plaintiffs filed the instant action.

transmitted Plaintiffs' ROM and EEPROM Codes to Tarnovsky via Reuven Hasak (Israel) and John Norris (California), both of which were/are NDS employees. Tarnovsky has previously admitted to Kommerling that NDS provided Tarnovsky with Plaintiffs' ROM and EEPROM Codes via Hasak and Norris. In a similar vein, on or about October 5, 2001, Tarnovsky also admitted to Gilles Kaehlin, Head of Security for Canal+, that NDS was behind the Canal+ hack and that NDS provided Tarnovsky with the full Canal+ ROM code via Hasak and Norris.

- 15. At the direction and under the control of NDS, and with assistance provided by NDS, Tarnovsky was able to use Plaintiffs' Codes to design and build a pirating device that was capable of reprogramming Plaintiffs' smart cards thereby allowing others to gain unauthorized and unlawful access to Plaintiffs' satellite programming. NDS and Tarnovsky named this reprogrammer "the stinger."
- 16. Step 3 involved NDS distributing these illegally reprogrammed and pirated EchoStar smart cards to the pirating community in a "CONTROLLED" manner. To accomplish this, NDS, via Tarnovsky, enlisted the assistance of Allen Menard and his hacker website, www.dr7.com. With the assistance of NDS and Tarnovsky, Menard set up a "CONTROLLED" distribution network consisting of a limited number of dealers through which NDS and Tarnovsky could traffic and distribute the reprogrammed and pirated EchoStar Smart Cards. Through these distribution dealers Dave Dawson, Shawn Quinn, Andre Sergei, Todd Dale, and Stanley Frost, among others NDS, Tarnovsky, and Menard could "CONTROL" the number of pirated EchoStar Smart Cards that were distributed to the pirating public.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> It was during the early stages of Step 3 that NDS informed DirecTV that the CAS provider DirecTV was considering switching to (i.e., Plaintiffs' system) in lieu of the NDS system it was currently using, had been compromised. Based on this, DirecTV renewed its contract with NDS as their CAS provider.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> April 16, 1999 NDS Letter from Ray Adams to Hasak concerning, among other things, a piracy investigation of www.dr7.com and "DR7" [Menard]. Adams states, "[s]omewhere in the loop appears PINKERTON investigative Service. They at one time worked for Irdeto as well as other companies. There is talk that an agency is investigating DR7[Menard]."

17. In addition to Dawson, Quinn, Sergei, Dale, and Frost, among others, Menard and Tarnovsky approached other individuals to help facilitate and promote the overriding NDS conspiracy. Specifically, in April 1999 and then again in November 1999, Menard approached Reginald Scullion with an offer to participate in the "DISH Network" hack. During these conversations, Menard informed Scullion that, among other things: (a) NDS was behind the EchoStar hack; (b) the Tarnovsky/Menard distribution model would be protected and controlled by NDS; (c) NDS had an arrangement with Tarnovsky to provide the technical and software support and facilitate the hacked EchoStar ROM Code to be sent to Menard and used in the distribution network; and (d) NDS would protect this distribution network from potential RCMP raids.

18. NDS and Tarnovsky were able control the distribution of these pirated smart cards because the "stinger" developed by NDS and Tarnovsky, and subsequently provided to Menard, would only reprogram a predetermined number of cards before it would lock up. At that point, Menard would send cash payments to Tarnovsky in California, via a forwarding mailbox Tarnovsky set up in Texas, which was concealed inside of various consumer electronic products (e.g., CD and DVD players). Once Tarnovsky received these payments, he would write a program which would reactivate the "stinger" until the card number had been reached again. NDS, Tarnovsky, and Menard continued with this method of controlled distribution for over a year. Through this method, NDS and Tarnovsky were able to effectively "CONTROL" the piracy of Plaintiffs' Security System because they were the only ones capable of reprogramming or "pirating" an

Eventually, the method of payments from Menard to NDS and Tarnovsky was discovered by U.S. Customs officials who launched an investigation into Tarnovsky's activities of satellite piracy and money laundering. Notably, when this investigation lead to a raid on Tarnovsky's California home in 2001 NDS executive John Norris immediately informed Customs' officials that Tarnovsky was an NDS employee, all the equipment [used for satellite piracy] in Tarnovsky's home belonged to NDS, and officials were not to question Tarnovsky or search Tarnovsky's home without NDS's counsel being present.

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EchoStar Smart Card – such reprogramming being accomplished via NDS and Tarnovsky's "stinger."

- 19. Step 4 involved NDS releasing the necessary instructions and procedures necessary to obtain Plaintiffs' ROM and EEPROM Codes directly to the pirating community in an effort to destroy NDS's only viable competitor. Up until this point, NDS concealed Plaintiffs' proprietary information from the hacking public in furtherance of the NDS objective to "CONTROL" the piracy of Plaintiffs' Security System. However, during the period when NDS, Tarnovsky, and Menard operated the monopoly of the piracy of Plaintiffs' Security System, Plaintiffs began to engage in countermeasures to combat their piracy problem. Specifically, Plaintiffs employed various Electronic Counter Measures (ECMs) in attempts to disable the pirated Smart Cards that were being provided by NDS, via Tarnovsky and Menard.
- As evidenced by a significant number of chat posts cited herein, the 20. end user pirates obtaining reprogrammed EchoStar Smart Cards from NDS, via Tarnovsky and Menard, became discontent with the inability of these pirated Smart Cards to withstand Plaintiffs' ECMs. Specifically, with the "CONTROLLED" distribution network designed and implemented by, among others, NDS, Tarnovsky, and Menard, end users who purchased one of these reprogrammed EchoStar Smart Cards would have to send them back to Menard/Tarnovsky, either directly or through dealers Dawson, Quinn, Sergei, Dale, and Frost, among others, for "fixes" or "updates" each time Plaintiffs launched an ECM to disable the pirated Smart Cards. Eventually, the NDS, Tarnovsky, and Menard "CONTROLLED" distribution network was unable to effectively keep up with the ECMs employed by Plaintiffs to disable the pirated EchoStar Smart Cards being reprogrammed, marketed and distributed by Defendants. Additionally, as NDS, Tarnovsky, and Menard had already made an obscene amount of illegal revenue through the trafficking of these pirated Smart Cards, NDS "pulled the trigger" on Step 4 of their

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overriding conspiracy to destroy Plaintiffs as a competitors in the DBS and CAS marketplaces.

Indeed, on December 23 and 24, 2000, NDS effectuated and assisted 21. others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system. On these dates, using the nickname "nIpPeR10 cLaUz 00'," among others, and under the direction and control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and ratification, Tarnovsky posted a sequence of events and data, along with accompanying instructional code, that provided satellite pirates around the world the "road map" and requisite instructions for the full dump of Plaintiffs' secret EEPROM Code. Tarnovsky posted the foregoing, which was illegally obtained by NDS in its Haifa, Israel lab and sent to Tarnovsky in California, via Hasak and Norris, with the specific instructions to effectuate and assist others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system, on the Internet website www.piratesden.com. In addition to allowing these satellite pirates to procure the full dump of Plaintiffs' EEPROM Code, the December 23 and 24, 2000 postings and assistance provided by NDS, Tarnovsky, and Menard, among others, also allowed these same hackers to readily procure a full dump of Plaintiffs' secret ROM Code. With this assistance, satellite pirates around the world now had all the requisite proprietary information that was once secured in Plaintiffs' microprocessor. Specifically, with this December 23 and 24, 2000 assistance by NDS, Tarnovsky, and Menard, among others, satellite pirates were then able to build their own card reprogrammers and, thus, were able to break free from their dependence on NDS, Tarnovsky and Menard, among others, for obtaining reprogrammed EchoStar Smart Cards. Consequently, NDS's goal of effectuating

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The name "NiPpEr" used by Tarnovsky to post Plaintiffs' proprietary information is significant. Specifically, when Plaintiffs' Security System was developed, NagraStar's engineers concealed the term "NiPpEr" in the very heart of the secret ROM Code to serve as a unique identifier for Plaintiffs' Code. Accordingly, when Tarnovsky used this name when providing the detailed instructions on how to fully dump Plaintiffs' secret EEPROM and ROM Codes, he was revealing to Plaintiffs that he had in fact already seen Plaintiffs' secret codes which were transmitted to him from NDS's Haifa facility to Tarnovsky in California via Hasak and Norris.

and assisting others in effectuating the widespread compromise of Plaintiffs' Security System began to rapidly materialize.

- 22. As a result of the conduct alleged herein, particularily the December 23 and 24, 2000 postings by Tarnovsky with the assistance and direction of NDS, Plaintiffs have suffered and will continue to suffer substantial damages. Particularily, the December 23 and 24, 2000 postings by NDS/Tarnovsky put at risk over 7.6 million of Plaintiffs' Smart Cards already distributed in the marketplace. Consequently, Step 4 of the NDS conspiracy rendered a global card-swap by Plaintiffs unavoidable.
- 23. The anticompetitive method in which NDS conspired to, and did, launch an invasive attack on Plaintiffs' conditional access system and subsequently design and implement the widespread compromise of Plaintiffs' Security System shocks the conscience of modern-day capitalism and basic tenets of lawful competition. The unlawful acts engaged in by Defendants in furtherance of the overriding NDS conspiracy form the backdrop of an unprecedented level of corporate espionage and are illustrative of nothing less than high risk corporate financed organized crime. The time has finally come for NDS to answer for its actions.

## II. <u>JURISDICTION & VENUE</u>

24. Jurisdiction and venue are proper in this court. This Court has original federal question subject matter jurisdiction over this action under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338, the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. § 605(e)(3)(A), the Digital Millennium Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 1203, the Electronic Communications Privacy Act ("Federal Wiretap Laws"), 18 U.S.C. §2520(a), the Lanham Trademark Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1051 *et seq.*, the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act ("RICO"), 18 U.S.C. § 1965(b), and 15 U.S.C. § 1121(a). Alternatively, this Court has subject matter jurisdiction of this action under 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a)(1) by virtue of the complete diversity of

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citizenship of the parties in an action in which the matter in controversy exceeds the sum or value of \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs. This Court also has supplemental jurisdiction, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 1367(a), over the California state law claims asserted herein.

25. Personal jurisdiction and venue are proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b), (c), and (d), 18 U.S.C. § 1965(a), (b), and (d), and Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4(k)(1) and (2). Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1965, Plaintiffs allege that (1) Defendants have engaged in a multi-district conspiracy, (2) this Court has personal jurisdiction of at least one participant, and (3) there is no other District in which the United States District Court would have personal jurisdiction over all the co-conspirators. In addition the Alien Venue Act, 28 U.S.C. Section 1391(d) provides that "an alien may be sued in any district." Venue is additionally proper in this District and all Defendants named herein are subject to in personam jurisdiction in this District because each Defendant has made repeated and substantial contacts with this judicial district by, inter alia, providing assistance to NDS and/or Tarnovsky in this District in serving their role in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system. Further, venue is proper in this District because a substantial part of the events giving rise to Plaintiffs' claims. Defendants have further advertised, solicited orders from and/or sent satellite pirating equipment and/or proceeds unlawfully obtained through the trafficking in satellite pirating equipment through interstate commerce to this State.

## III. PARTIES & RELATIONSHIP TO PLAINTIFFS' SUIT

26. <u>Plaintiff EchoStar Communications Corporation</u> ("ECC") is a Nevada corporation with its principal place of business at 5701 S. Santa Fe, Littleton, Colorado 80120. ECC is the corporate parent of EchoStar Satellite Corporation and EchoStar Technologies Corporation, and is a fifty-percent owner of NagraStar L.L.C.

- 27. <u>Plaintiff EchoStar Satellite L.L.C.</u>, ("ES") f/k/a EchoStar Satellite Corporation, is a Colorado corporation with its principal place of business at 5701 S. Santa Fe, Littleton, Colorado 80120.
- 28. <u>Plaintiff EchoStar Technologies Corporation</u> (ETC") is a Texas corporation that is a wholly owned subsidiary of ECC. Plaintiff ETC has its principal place of business at 90 Inverness Circle East, Englewood, Colorado 80112.
- 29. <u>Plaintiff NagraStar L.L.C.</u> ("NagraStar") is a joint venture and Colorado corporation with its principal place of business at 90 Inverness Circle East, Englewood, Colorado 80112.
- 30. <u>Defendant NDS Group, PLC</u> ("NDS Group") is incorporated under the laws of England and Wales, with its registered address for service at One London Road, Staines, Middlesex, England TW18 4EX and its U.S. agent for service of process is Arthur Siskind c/o The News Corporation Limited, 1211 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York.
- 31. Upon information and belief Defendant NDS Group is still currently in possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained

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through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

- 32. <u>Defendant NDS Americas, Inc.</u> ("NDS Americas") is a Delaware Corporation with its principal place of business in Newport Beach, California, and its registered agent for service of process is John Workman, 3501 Jamboree Road, Suite 200, Newport Beach, California.
- Upon information and belief Defendant NDS Americas is still 33. currently in possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or

signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

- 34. <u>Defendant John Norris</u> a/k/a "JN" ("Norris") is an individual and citizen of the United States, residing in California, who was employed by NDS at all relevant times stated herein. During all times relevant as stated herein, Norris was either: (a) working for, at the direction of, and under the direct and/or indirect control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and/or ratification, as well as for his own individual interest and/or gain, as a participant in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and/or facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system; or (b) working in concert with NDS, its employees and/or agents in serving his role in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide-spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.
- 35. Upon information and belief John Norris is still currently in possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers,

ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

- Norris is the Vice President of Special Projects for NDS Americas, 36. Inc. and is the Head of Security for NDS North America. Norris recruited and hired satellite hackers Christopher Tarnovsky ("Tarnovsky"), Oliver Kommerling ("Kommerling"), Plamen Donev ("Donev"), and Vesselin Nedeltchev ("Nedeltchev"), among others, for Rupert Murdoch, in or about 1997, for the purpose of gaining intelligence in the pirate world and to control them due to their impact on NDS's vulnerable market position in conditional access technology. From approximately 1997 to present date, Norris has maintained close relationships with all of the satellite hackers recruited and hired by NDS, specifically Tarnovsky and Kommerling.
- 37. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Norris, Tarnovsky, and Hasak attended a meeting on or about 1999 whereby the full DISH Network secret ROM and EEPROM codes were given to Tarnovsky. The origination of the hack of the full DISH Network secret ROM and EEPROM codes was at NDS's Matam laboratory located in Haifa, Israel.

38. On February 9, 2001, U.S. Customs officials raided Tarnovsky's California residence based on information and evidence obtained by them during an investigation of Tarnovsky's involvement with satellite piracy and money laundering. Shortly after entry of Tarnovsky's residence, Norris informed U.S. Customs officials that (1) Tarnovsky was, in fact, a NDS employee, (2) all property located at Tarnovsky's California residence belonged to and was NDS's property, and (3) U.S. Customs officials were not permitted to search Tarnovsky's California residence or speak to Tarnovsky without NDS's counsel present.

- 39. <u>Defendant Reuven Hasak</u> a/k/a "RH" ("Hasak") is an individual and citizen of Israel, residing in Israel. During all times relevant as stated herein, Hasak was either: (a) working for, at the direction of, and under the direct and/or indirect control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and/or ratification, as well as for his own individual interest and/or gain, as a participant in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and/or facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system; or (b) working in concert with NDS, its employees and/or agents in serving his role in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide-spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.
- 40. Upon information and belief Defendant Reuven Hasak is still currently in possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers,

ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

Hasak is Head of Security for NDS in Haifa, Israel. Hasak is a former 41. deputy of the Shin Bet, the Israeli internal security service. Hasak is fully aware of NDS's problems associated with the conditional access technology of its security system in that it is insecure and easily hacked. Hasak is fully aware of NDS's efforts and plan to "CONTROL" satellite piracy by recruiting and hiring known satellite pirates to work as double agents on NDS assignments. Hasak, Norris, Adams, Gutman, and Segoli conspired with the satellite pirates NDS hired including, but not limited to, Tarnovsky, Kommerling, Donev, and Nedeltchev, among others, to (1) illegally obtain and extract NDS's competitors' ROM codes and keys, (2) illegally design, manufacture, and distribute signal theft devices used to circumvent the technological encryption measures contained in satellite providers' access cards for the unauthorized reception of satellite television programming, (3) illegally provide software, information, and technical support services relating to satellite providers' access cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify satellite providers'

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access cards, and (4) illegally facilitate the widespread distribution of NDS's competitors' ROM codes and keys by publishing same on the Internet.

- Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Hasak gave both the full 42. Canal+ ROM Code, as with Plaintiffs' ROM Code, to Norris with specific instructions to give to Tarnovsky for the use and purpose to (1) design, manufacture, and distribute to Menard signal theft devices used to circumvent the technological encryption measures contained in Canal+'s access cards, as with Plaintiffs' Access Cards, (2) provide software, information, and technical support services relating to Canal+'s ROM Code and access cards, as with Plaintiffs' ROM Code and Access Cards, and (3) facilitate the widespread distribution on the Internet of the Canal+ ROM code, as with Plaintiffs' ROM Code. Tarnovsky followed Hasak's and Norris's instructions of designing, manufacturing, and distributing to Menard such signal theft devices, providing software, information, and technical support services related to same, and posting both (1) Canal+'s ROM code on www.dr7.com on March 26, 1999, and (2) Plaintiffs' ROM Code on www.piratesden.com on December 24, 2000, which Tarnovsky states this is the "full ECHO ROM dump" and it's "DR7's [Menard's] code."
- Hasak was also aware of the real and credible threat to NDS, by its 43. competitor NagraVision, for providing DirecTV's conditional access system should NDS be unable to compete due to its security system being insecure and easily hacked. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that it was the perceived threat to NDS's business by NagraStar that caused NDS to (1) illegally obtain and extract Nagra's ROM code and keys, (2) design, manufacture, and distribute signal theft devices used to circumvent the technological encryption measures contained in EchoStar Access Cards for the unauthorized reception of EchoStar's DISH Network satellite television programming, (3) provide software, information, and technical support services relating to EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify

EchoStar Access Cards, and (4) facilitate the widespread distribution of the Nagra ROM code on the Internet. The mission of NDS's international conspiracy was initiated by NDS employees Hasak, Norris, Adams, Gutman, and Segoli, among others, and implemented by NDS employees and/or double agents Kommerling, Tarnovsky, and Menard, among others.

- 44. <u>Defendant Oliver Kommerling</u> a/k/a "Alex," "ALEX," "Alexander," "Oli," "Oli K," "Oliver Kiss," and "OK" ("Kommerling") is an individual and citizen of Germany, residing in Monaco. During all times relevant as stated herein, Kommerling was either: (a) working for, at the direction of, and under the direct and/or indirect control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and/or ratification, as well as for his own individual interest and/or gain, as a participant in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and/or facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system; or (b) working in concert with NDS, its employees and/or agents in serving his role in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide-spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.
- 45. Upon information and belief Defendant Oliver Kommerling is still currently in possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's

digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

- 46. Kommerling has admitted that he worked as a consultant for NDS since mid-1996. In early 1997, Kommerling helped establish NDS's Matam Centre research facility in Haifa, Israel in addition to recruiting and training all NDS Matam engineers.
- 47. In 1999, Kommerling and Markus Kuhn co-wrote "Design Principles for Tamper Resistant Smartcards." This publication became one of the standard text on how to "reverse engineer" a state-of-the-art smartcard by using certain techniques including, but not limited to, acid treatments, microscopic probes, laser cutting, and ion beam manipulation, among others.
- 48. Since 1996 and at all time relevant as stated herein, Kommerling worked as a double agent for NDS, in a similar manner as Tarnovsky. NDS placed Kommerling under deep cover in NDS's effort to maintain Kommerling's outward appearance as an underground hacker/satellite pirate. In an effort to create a "legitimate" outward appearance for Kommerling, a known satellite hacker and pirate, NDS and Kommerling formed the company ADSR. ADSR was a corporation engaged in the semi-conductor business with NDS owning 60% of the shares and Kommerling owning 40% of the shares. Concerning his hacking activity with NDS, Kommerling made a declaration in the *Canal+ v. NDS et al.* litigation

which stated, among other things, that Kommerling helped NDS obtain Canal+smart cards and assisted in physically extracting the Canal+'s SECA ROM code contained therein. Kommerling further declared that the code he assisted NDS in extracting was the same code that was published on <a href="https://www.dr7.com">www.dr7.com</a>, the website owned, operated, and maintained by Menard. Specifically, Kommerling's declaration accuses NDS's double agent Tarnovsky of publishing the Canal+ SECA ROM code on the Internet.

- 49. During a meeting between Tarnovsky and Kommerling, Tarnovsky openly admitted to Kommerling that (1) Tarnovsky received Plaintiffs' ROM Code from Hasak via Norris, and (2) Tarnovsky was instructed to, and did send Plaintiffs' ROM Code to Menard.
- 50. In August 1997, Kommerling contacted Marty Mullen (a/k/a Martin "Marty" Paul Stewart) ("Mullen") by telephone, and introduced himself as "Ollie." During this <u>first</u> conversation, Kommerling represented to Mullen that (1) Kommerling was the first person to have a fix for DirecTV's F-card, (2) Kommerling had also compromised DirecTV's H-card, and (3) Kommerling would have the "<u>DISH Network fix</u>" very shortly. Kommerling further stated that he had information that Mullen, and others acting in concert with Mullen, were planning to release a software fix for DirecTV's H-card to the public. Kommerling stated that if Mullen would help him out and not release the software fix for DirecTV's H-card to the public just yet, Kommerling would assist Mullen in the future with DirecTV software, and as a bonus, include the "DISH Network fix" once Kommerling had it completed. Kommerling e-mailed his contact information to Mullen for his future contact reference.
- 51. Shortly thereafter, Mullen contacted Kommerling to discuss Kommerling's initial offer. During this <u>second</u> conversation, Kommerling stated that the "DISH Network fix" was being extracted at a sophisticated laboratory in Europe and that it was near completion. Kommerling also informed Mullen that

Kommerling was involved in establishing this new state-of-the-art laboratory that could hack anything related to DISH Network. In exchange for Mullen not releasing the full software fix for DirecTV's H-card, Kommerling represented that he was authorized to offer Mullen an exclusive deal to distribute the software for both DirecTV and DISH Network.

- 52. In February 1998, Kommerling contacted Mullen and requested that a meeting be scheduled to discuss the exclusive deal for software fixes for both DirecTV and DISH Network. During this <u>third</u> conversation, Kommerling represented that the "DISH Network fix" had been completed and all relevant code extracted. Kommerling further advised Mullen and that a partner of Kommerling's nicknamed "Yanni" [John Luyando] would be contacting Mullen to arrange a meeting.
- 53. During a meeting between Menard and Ron Ereiser, among others, on or about March 8, 2001, Menard admitted to Ereiser that Kommerling also approached Menard in the summer of 1998 and offered to sell Menard the full Nagra ROM code for EchoStar's Access Cards for \$1,000,000. During this same meeting with Kommerling, Menard admitted to Ereiser that Menard was also told how the ROM dump was acquired and witnessed a demonstration of a working "ECHO hack."
- 54. <u>Defendant John Luyando</u> a/k/a "Yanni," "Jellyfish," and "Blaster ("Luyando") is an individual and citizen of the United States, residing in Norwalk, Connecticut. During all times relevant as stated herein, Luyando was either: (a) working for, at the direction of, and under the direct and/or indirect control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and/or ratification, as well as for his own individual interest and/or gain, as a participant in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and/or facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system; or (b) working in concert with NDS, its employees and/or agents in serving his role in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and

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facilitate others in effectuating a wide-spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.

Upon information and belief Defendant John Luyando is still 55. currently in possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

On March 13, 1998, at the direction of NDS and Kommerling, 56. Luyando met with Mullen, Archie Timuik and Joseph Lucker in Windsor, Ontario to discuss Kommerling's authority to offer the "DISH Network fix," among other things. During this meeting Luyando represented to Mullen that Luyando was

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Kommerling's partner, that Luyando had Kommerling's full permission to negotiate with Mullen, and that Kommerling was authorized to sell Mullen the "DISH Network fix." During this meeting, at the direction of NDS and Kommerling, Luyando offered Mullen the full DISH Network "ROM dump" for "\$1,000,000 USD." Luyando assured Mullen that he would be the only person with the fix and that he could "run with this for a long time." Luyando further represented to Mullen that the DISH Network ROM dump was acquired by Kommerling in a highly sophisticated laboratory. Concerning software, information, and technical support services, Luyando represented that Kommerling had access to "the most sophisticated equipment on the planet" and that the proceeds from the sale of the "DISH Network fix" were going to be "reinvested into more equipment that would help us all keep up with any new card swaps with DISH Network." Luyando informed Mullen that NDS, through Kommerling, instructed him to deal with Mullen first concerning a possible purchase of the "DISH Network fix," but that if Mullen was not interested, to approach others with the offer.

57. <u>Defendant Plamen Donev</u> a/k/a "Pluto," "Pman," "Digital," "Alien," "VIP," "Sadman," "Bolger," or "Bulgarian" ("Donev") is an individual and citizen of Bulgaria, residing in Sofia, Bulgaria. During all times relevant as stated herein, Donev was either: (a) working for, at the direction of, and under the direct and/or indirect control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and/or ratification, as well as for his own individual interest and/or gain, as a participant in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and/or facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system; or (b) working in concert with NDS, its employees and/or agents in serving his role in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide-spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.

Upon information and belief Defendant Plamen Donev is still 58. currently in possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

59. <u>Defendant Vesselin Nedeltchev</u> a/k/a "Vesco," "VIP," "Bolger," "Vaseline," or "Bulgarian" ("Nedeltchev") is an individual and citizen of Bulgaria, residing in Sofia, Bulgaria. During all times relevant as stated herein, Nedeltchev was either: (a) working for, at the direction of, and under the direct and/or indirect control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and/or ratification, as well as for his own individual interest and/or gain, as a participant in the overriding NDS

conspiracy to effectuate and/or facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system; or (b) working in concert with NDS, its employees and/or agents in serving his role in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide-spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.

Upon information and belief Defendant Vesselin Nedeltchev is still 60. currently in possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

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"MIKE," "Mikey," "Shrimp," "da Shrimp," "Code," "Ripper," "da Ripper Code," "Arthur von Neuman," "Arti," "von," "von rat," "Mr. Bean," "Big Gun," "biggun," "BG," "Scatman," "Tarnovsc," "Nipper," "Nipper Clauze," "Nipper Clauze 00',"

Defendant Christopher Tarnovsky a/k/a "Von," "Mike George,"

Nipper Clauze 2000," "Swiss Cheeze Group," "Swiss Cheese Productions," "SCP," "Coleman," "xbr21," and "lawless1" ("Tarnovsky") is an individual and citizen of

the United States, residing in California. During all times relevant as stated herein, Tarnovsky was either: (a) working for, at the direction of, and under the direct

and/or indirect control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and/or ratification, as well as for his own individual interest and/or gain, as a participant in the

overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and/or facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system; or (b) working in

concert with NDS, its employees and/or agents in serving his role in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide-spread

compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.

Upon information and belief Defendant Chris Tarnovsky is still 62. currently in possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained

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through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

- Tarnovsky is a self-admitted hacker in the satellite industry and is 63. believed to have designed the first "battery cards," the first pirate technology and signal theft device used to receive and satellite television programming signals without authorization.
- 64. Tarnovsky has been an employee of companies linked to the News Corporation, the holding company for NDS, including HarperCollins Publishers in New York, although Tarnovsky never lived in New York and in reality was working for NDS since as early as 1997.
- Upon the instruction of NDS, Tarnovsky developed countermeasures 65. for NDS which were sold by NDS to DirecTV in order to counter-attack pirated DirecTV smart cards. Tarnovsky was also an informant, or double agent, for NDS and supplied NDS with information on piracy of its smart cards. On behalf of NDS, and with their full knowledge, consent, instruction, and control, Tarnovsky continued to receive money from Allen Menard and the West E3M group of hackers and satellite pirates for his sale of software, devices, and secret codes that permit programming of pirated smart cards for illegal access to the DISH Network. Tarnovsky also assisted with facilitating piracy over the internet by offering patches in codes and software for illegally disabling and circumventing Plaintiffs' Electronic Counter Measures ("ECMs").

as 1997. Tarnovsky's role as NDS's double agent was to infiltrate hacking organizations and to report satellite piracy information back to NDS. However, upon going to work for NDS, Tarnovsky never stopped his hacking activities, which NDS is fully aware of, and is one of the main reasons he was hired by NDS. Upon NDS's instruction, including that by Norris, Hasak, Adams, and Gutman, Tarnovsky would obtain conditional access codes for NDS's competitors from NDS and then Tarnovsky would make these codes available to Menard, owner and proprietor of the <a href="https://www.dr7.com">www.dr7.com</a> website, for financial gain — and ultimately publication. Tarnovsky was paid by NDS for his double agent work, approximately \$10,000 per month, in addition to being paid by hackers for his continued hacking activities, of which NDS was fully aware and openly acknowledge.

NDS, through Norris, Hasak, Adams, and Gutman, among others, were 67. all kept well informed about the double agent role of Tarnovsky and sanctioned all of his hacking activities of EchoStar/NagraStar's Security System. On or about October 31, 1999, Tarnovsky posted on the DR7 pirate chat forum concerning EchoStar/NagraStar that "Echo is in bed with Nagra and will use same ROM for all their cards around the world." On December 24, 2000, using the nickname "nIpPeR cLaUz 00'," and under the direction and control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and ratification, Tarnovsky posted a sequence of events and data, along with accompanying instructional code, that provided satellite pirates around the world the 'road map' and requisite instructions for the dump of Plaintiffs' entire EEPROM Code. Tarnovsky posted the foregoing, which was illegally obtained by NDS in its Haifa, Israel lab and sent to Tarnovsky via Hasak and Norris with the specific instructions to effectuate and assist others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system, on the Internet website www.piratesden.com. In addition to allowing these satellite pirates to procure a dump of Plaintiffs' EEPROM Code, the December 23 and 24, 2000 postings and

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assistance provided by NDS, Tarnovsky and Menard, among others, also allowed these same hackers to readily procure a dump of NagraStar's secret ROM Code. With this assistance, satellite pirates around the world now had the all the requisite proprietary information once secured in Plaintiffs' microprocessor. Specifically, with this December 23 and 24, 2000 assistance by NDS, Tarnovsky and Menard, among others, satellite pirates were then able to build their own card reprogrammers and, thus, were able to break free from their dependence on NDS, Tarnovsky and Menard, among others, for obtaining reprogrammed EchoStar Access Cards. Consequently, NDS's goal of effectuating and assisting others in effectuating a widespread compromise of Plaintiffs' security system began to rapidly materialize.

- 68. <u>Defendant Allen Don Juan Menard</u> a/k/a "Al," "dr7," "Darth7," "Kelly," and "Bricklayer" d/b/a "X-Factor Design, Inc." and "NCRYPT" ("Menard") is an individual and citizen of Canada, residing in Edmonton, Alberta. During all times relevant as stated herein, Menard was either: (a) working for, at the direction of, and under the direct and/or indirect control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and/or ratification, as well as for his own individual interest and/or gain, as a participant in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and/or facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system; or (b) working in concert with NDS, its employees and/or agents in serving his role in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide-spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.
- 69. Upon information and belief Defendant Menard is still currently in possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed

to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

70. Menard is a close personal friend, and business partner, of Tarnovsky. Menard, using the fictitious name "Al" and "dr7" and doing business as "X-Factor Design, Inc." and "NCRYPT," is the owner of the <a href="www.dr7.com">www.dr7.com</a> pirate website which served as a meeting and discussion place of satellite pirates world-wide. Menard's website also served as Menard's business, among others, and were operated and utilized as an *alter ego* of Menard, and others currently unknown to Plaintiffs, for the purpose of furthering Defendants' scheme to defraud Plaintiffs. Menard unlawfully published the master keys and ROM codes on <a href="www.dr7.com">www.dr7.com</a> of the following satellite providers: DirecTV, Canal+, and DISH Network. Menard received these codes from NDS through Tarnovsky acting on behalf of and under the control and direction of NDS.

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71. <u>Defendant Linda Wilson</u> is an individual and citizen of Canada, residing in Edmonton, Alberta. During all times relevant as stated herein, Wilson was either: (a) working for, at the direction of, and under the direct and/or indirect control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and/or ratification, as well as for her own individual interest and/or gain, as a participant in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and/or facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system; or (b) working in concert with NDS, its employees and/or agents in serving his role in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide-spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.

72. Upon information and belief Defendant Linda Wilson is still currently in possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators,

printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

- 73. Wilson was the Registrant for the domain name of Menard's pirate website, "www.dr7.com." Wilson is also listed as the Billing Contact and Administrative Contact for Menard's company, X-Factor Web Design, Inc., at 11215 Jasper Ave. NW, Suite 435, Edmonton, Alberta Canada T5K OL5.
- 74. Defendant Mervin Main a/k/a "Rymer" ("Main") is an individual and citizen of Canada, residing in Edmonton, Alberta Canada. During all times relevant as stated herein, Main was either: (a) working for, at the direction of, and under the direct and/or indirect control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and/or ratification, as well as for his own individual interest and/or gain, as a participant in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and/or facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system; or (b) working in concert with NDS, its employees and/or agents in serving his role in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide-spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.
- 75. Upon information and belief Defendant Mervin Main is still currently in possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers,

ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

76. Main, using the fictitious name of "Rymer," worked for Menard and his company, X-Factor Design. Main's job responsibilities included trafficking, conspiring to traffic, and/or assisting others in the trafficking of: illegal drugs; illegal signal theft devices; and currencies related to illegal drugs and illegal signal theft devices. On or about August 30, 2001, concerning Tarnovsky's receipt of \$40,100 from his mailbox address in San Marcos, Texas, a report from the Royal Canadian Mounted Police's Latent Fingerprints operations matched the fingerprints lifted from the "Pioneer DVD" player and the "JVC DISC" containing the currency to Mervyn D. Main a/k/a "Rymer." These monies, among others, were payment from Menard to Tarnovsky (via Main) for Tarnovsky's assistance in designing, manufacturing, altering EchoStar Access Cards or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the

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unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) and providing software, information, and technical support services for the continued maintenance of the illegal hack and unauthorized reception of DISH Network Programming.

77. <u>Defendant Dave Dawson</u> a/k/a "JD," "Dave," or "Jack Daniels" d/b/a "Discount Satellite," "DiscSat," or "DSScanada" ("Dawson") is an individual and citizen of Canada, residing in Edmonton, Alberta. During all times relevant as stated herein, Dawson was either: (a) working for, at the direction of, and under the direct and/or indirect control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and/or ratification, as well as for his own individual interest and/or gain, as a participant in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and/or facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system; or (b) working in concert with NDS, its employees and/or agents in serving his role in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide-spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.

78. Upon information and belief Defendant Dave Dawson is still currently in possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained

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through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

Dawson, using the fictitious names of "JD," "Jack Daniels," and 79. "Dave" and doing business as "Discount Satellite," "DiscSat," and "DSScanada," was one of the pirate dealers working under Menard who was involved with selling Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system). Dawson received his Pirated EchoStar Access Cards from Menard and, in turn, acted as a "dealer" and distributed and sold Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) for profit. Dawson also advertised the

sale of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) in the State of California and elsewhere through advertisements placed by Dawson in one or more "underground" satellite pirate publications, and through his Internet websites. www.discountsatellite.com and www.DSScanada.com, and email addresses created, operated, and maintained by Dawson. Upon information and belief, Discount Satellite, DiscSat, and DSScanada are or were operated and utilized as an alter ego of Dawson, and others currently unknown to Plaintiffs, for the purpose of furthering Defendants' scheme to defraud Plaintiffs. Dawson engaged in the sale of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) in the United States.

80. <u>Defendant Shawn Quinn</u> a/k/a "Hitec" d/b/a "HitecSatellite" and "HitecSat" ("Quinn") is an individual and citizen of Canada, residing in British Columbia. During all times relevant as stated herein, Quinn was either: (a) working for, at the direction of, and under the direct and/or indirect control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and/or ratification, as well as for his own individual interest and/or gain, as a participant in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate

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and/or facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system; or (b) working in concert with NDS, its employees and/or agents in serving his role in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide-spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.

Upon information and belief Defendant Quinn is still currently in 81. possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

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Quinn, using the fictitious name "Hitec" and doing business as 82. "HitecSatellite" and "HitecSat," was one of the pirate dealers working under Menard who was selling Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system). Quinn received his Pirated EchoStar Access Cards from Menard and, in turn, acted as a "dealer" and distributed and sold the Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) for profit. Quinn also advertised the sale of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) in the State of California and elsewhere through advertisements placed by Quinn in one or more "underground" satellite pirate publications, and through his Internet website, www.hitecsat.com, and email

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addresses created, operated, and maintained by Quinn. Upon information and belief, "HitecSatellite" and "HitecSat" are or have been operated and utilized as an alter ego of Quinn and others currently unknown to Plaintiffs for the purpose of furthering Defendants' scheme to defraud Plaintiffs. Quinn engaged in the sale of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers. circuit emulators, printed boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) in the United States.

- 83. <u>Defendant Andre Sergei</u> a/k/a "Koin" d/b/a "Koinvizion" ("Sergei") is an individual and citizen of Canada, residing in British Columbia. During all times relevant as stated herein, Sergei was either: (a) working for, at the direction of, and under the direct and/or indirect control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and/or ratification, as well as for his own individual interest and/or gain, as a participant in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and/or facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system; or (b) working in concert with NDS, its employees and/or agents in serving his role in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide-spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.
- 84. Upon information and belief Defendant Andre Sergei is still currently in possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed

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to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

Sergei, using the fictitious name "Koin" and doing business as 85. "Koinvizion," was one of the pirate dealers working under Menard who was selling Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards. programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system). Sergei received his Pirated EchoStar Access Cards from Menard and, in turn, acted as a "dealer" and distributed and sold the Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable

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users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) for profit. Sergei also advertised the sale of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) in the State of California and elsewhere through advertisements placed by Sergei in one or more "underground" satellite pirate publications, and through his internet website, www.koinvizion.com, and email addresses created, operated, and maintained by Sergei. Upon information and belief, Koinvizion is or has been operated and utilized as an alter ego of Sergei and others currently unknown to Plaintiffs for the purpose of furthering Defendants' scheme to defraud Plaintiffs. Sergei engaged in the sale of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) in the United States.

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86. <u>Defendant Stanley Frost</u> a/k/a "Frosty," "wheels," "wheels," d/b/a "The New Frontier Group," f/k/a "The Blazer Group" ("Frost") is an individual and citizen of the United State, residing in New York, New York. During all times relevant as stated herein, Frost was either: (a) working for, at the direction of, and under the direct and/or indirect control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and/or ratification, as well as for his own individual interest and/or gain, as a participant in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and/or facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system; or (b) working in concert with NDS, its employees and/or agents in serving his role in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide-spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.

Upon information and belief Defendant Stan Frost is still currently in 87. possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to,

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loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

88. Frost, using the fictitious name "Frosty" and doing business as "The New Frontier Group," was one of the pirate dealers working under Menard who was selling Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system). Frost received his Pirated EchoStar Access Cards from Menard and, in turn, acted as a "dealer" and distributed and sold the Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) for profit. Frost also advertised the sale of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs,"

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AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) in the State of California and elsewhere through advertisements placed by Frost in one or more "underground" satellite pirate publications, and through his Internet website, www.newfrontiergroup.com, and email addresses created, operated, and maintained by Dawson. Upon information and belief, The New Frontier Group is or was operated and utilized as an alter ego of Frost, and others currently unknown to Plaintiffs, for the purpose of furthering Defendants' scheme to defraud Plaintiffs. Frost engaged in the sale of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) in the United States.

89. <u>Defendant Todd Dale</u> ("Dale") is an individual and citizen of Canada, residing in Edmonton, Alberta. During all times relevant as stated herein, Dale was either: (a) working for, at the direction of, and under the direct and/or indirect control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and/or ratification, as well as for his own individual interest and/or gain, as a participant in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and/or facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system; or (b) working in concert with NDS, its employees and/or agents in serving his role in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide-spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.

Upon information and belief Defendant Todd Dale is still currently in 90. possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers. integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

91. Dale was one of the pirate dealers working under Menard who was selling Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA

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128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system). Dale received his Pirated EchoStar Access Cards from Menard and, in turn, acted as a "dealer" and distributed and sold the Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) for profit. Dale engaged in the sale of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify EchoStar Access Cards (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) in the United States.

92. <u>Defendant George Tarnovsky</u> ("Tarnovsky Sr.") is an individual and citizen of the United States, residing in Virginia. During all times relevant as stated herein, Tarnovsky Sr. was either: (a) working for, at the direction of, and under the direct and/or indirect control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and/or ratification, as well as for his own individual interest and/or gain, as a participant in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and/or facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system; or (b) working in concert with NDS, its employees and/or agents in serving his role in the overriding

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QUIRE, SANDERS L.L.P.

NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide-spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.

Upon information and belief Defendant George Tarnovsky is still 93. currently in possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

94. <u>Defendant Brian Sommerfield</u> a/k/a "HeeD" ("Sommerfield") is an individual and citizen of Canada, residing in British Columbia. During all times relevant as stated herein, Sommerfield was either: (a) working for, at the direction of, and under the direct and/or indirect control of NDS, and with NDS's full

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QUIRE, SANDERS L.L.P.

(i) South Figueroa Street 14<sup>th</sup> Floor Los Angeles CA 90017 SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT

knowledge and/or ratification, as well as for his own individual interest and/or gain, as a participant in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and/or facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system; or (b) working in concert with NDS, its employees and/or agents in serving his role in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide-spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.

Upon information and belief Defendant Brian Sommerfield is still 95. currently in possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Flaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

- 96. <u>Defendant Ed Bruce</u> a/k/a "Stoxxx" ("Bruce") is an individual and citizen of Canada, residing in British Columbia. During all times relevant as stated herein, Bruce was either: (a) working for, at the direction of, and under the direct and/or indirect control of NDS, and with NDS's full knowledge and/or ratification, as well as for his own individual interest and/or gain, as a participant in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and/or facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system; or (b) working in concert with NDS, its employees and/or agents in serving his role in the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide-spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.
- 97. Upon information and belief Defendant Ed Bruce is still currently in possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootlcaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators,

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printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

- 98. <u>Defendant "Beavis"</u> true identity unknown at this time.
- 99. <u>Defendant "jazzercz"</u> true identity unknown at this time.
- 100. Defendant "Stuntguy" true identity unknown at this time.
- 101. <u>Defendants John Does 1 through 100</u> are individuals and entities whose names are currently unknown to Plaintiffs and who have acted in concert with Defendants and participated in the acts and practices alleged herein. Upon information and belief, John Does 1 through 100 includes individuals and entities currently located in the United States and Canada, among other locations.
- 102. Unless indicated otherwise, the term "Defendants," as used herein, refers to "Defendants and/or their employees, agents, or persons and/or entities acting at the direction and under the direct or indirect control of Defendants, and with their full knowledge and/or ratification, and/or those persons and/or entities acting in concert with Defendants and/or their employees and/or agents, as well as for their own individual interest, pursuant to and in furtherance of the overriding NDS conspiracy, as alleged herein, by cooperating with, aiding and abetting, and/or ratifying and adopting each of the acts of the remaining Defendants and/or other members of the conspiracy by engaging in the acts alleged herein."

## IV. PLAINTIFFS' & DEFENDANT NDS'S SECURITY SYSTEMS

### A. The Components of Plaintiffs' Security System

103. A consumer wishing to subscribe to EchoStar Programming on the DISH Network must first have the necessary equipment, which consists primarily of: (1) a satellite dish antenna ("dish"); (2) an integrated receiver/decoder ("IRD", "receiver" or "set-top box"); and (3) a credit card-sized EchoStar Access Card ("Smart Card" or "Access Card").

104. EchoStar Smart Cards are purchased from NagraStar and are provided by EchoStar to the subscriber for use in connection with the set-top box for the sole purpose of enabling legally authorized access to the DISH Network. Subscribers are not authorized to modify Smart Cards. Smart Cards are clearly marked as the property of EchoStar and must be returned upon request. EchoStar's ownership of its Smart Cards is explained in the subscriber's agreement with EchoStar:

The Smart Card remains the property of EchoStar . . . and any tampering or unauthorized modification to the Smart Card is strictly prohibited and may result in, and subject you to, legal action. You agree to return the Smart Card to us upon request. EchoStar therefore retains the right to demand return of the Access Card at any time. EchoStar does not authorize anyone to modify the Access Card or the microprocessor housed on the Access Card, in any manner.

Network service, in part, because they contain a microprocessor chip that stores data and encryption technology, communicates with the set-top-box enabling the decryption of the satellite signal transmitted from EchoStar, and performs various computing and customer entitlement functions. Plaintiffs' Smart Card is, in and of itself, a secure computer which contains, among other things, a microprocessor unit. The microprocessor unit performs routine calculations that enables, among other things, the Smart Card and set-top box (IRD) to communicate with one another resulting in the unscrambling of EchoStar's satellite signal enabling authorized subscribers access to EchoStar Programming.

106. The microprocessor unit is supported in part by two segments of memory: (1) Read-Only-Memory ("ROM"); and (2) Electronically Erasable Programmable Read-Only-Memory ("EEPROM"). Generally, the ROM Code segment contains code from which intimate knowledge and information about Plaintiffs' Security System and how it works can be derived; whereas, the EEPROM Code segment contains secret keys enabling the decryption of EchoStar's

satellite signal. In order for a pirate to fully develop a "hack" for Plaintiffs' Security System, the pirate must have the detailed information and intimate knowledge of the code memory contained in <u>both</u> the ROM Code segment <u>and</u> the EEPROM Code segment cf Plaintiffs' Smart Card.

107. The ROM Code segment provides detailed instructions and commands to Plaintiffs' Smart Cards and set-top boxes in the normal operation of Plaintiffs' Security System. The "Nagra ROM Code" is the quintessential component of Plaintiffs' Security System and access to the detailed information and intimate knowledge contained therein is mandatory for a pirate trying to unlock the safe to Plaintiffs' secress controlling Plaintiffs' Security System.

108. The EEPROM Code segment stores data and can potentially store code commands that have been written to the Smart Card which remains even if the Smart Card does not have power, but which can be erased and modified. The EEPROM Code contains data that the ROM Code segment reads from in performing its calculation and operation functions. The EEPROM Code segment contains secret "transmission" keys (Sometimes called "decrypt keys NN" in illegal internet posts), and secret "pairing" keys (Sometimes called "Secret boxkey" in illegal internet posts). The "pairing keys" are used to encrypt and decrypt the communications between the Smart Card and the set-top box (IRD).

109. EchoStar frequently communicates with the microprocessor chip on the Smart Card by sending and receiving information which is routinely updated. The information transmitted to and temporarily stored on the Smart Card microprocessor and in related memory, includes the most recent software code related to the functioning of certain portions of the Security System.

110. At the first activation of a customer's set-top box, EchoStar sends a signal to the Smart Card in order to "pair" the Smart Card to the set-top box. Both the Smart Card and set-top box have a unique identification number that is maintained by EchoStar's subscriber management system. This pairing operation,

utilizing the two unique identification numbers, is mandatory for the proper operation of the Security System.

111. Plaintiffs' Security System effectively controls access to copyrighted works included in DISH Network programming. In addition, the Security System ensures that the protection afforded to this copyrighted material, such as limitations on the dissemination and use in accordance with EchoStar's contractual agreements with content providers, is preserved.

# A. NDS was Fully Compromised as Early as 1995 and Was Losing Credibility in the Conditional Access System Market Place

- 112. Three companies manufacture the majority of "conditional access systems" for the Direct-to-Home Broadcast Satellite ("DBS") industry worldwide. Two of those companies are NDS and its related companies, and NagraStar and its related companies, including the Kudelski Group.
- 113. NDS supplies the conditional access system used by, among others, DirecTV, a DBS company in the United States and competitor of EchoStar.
- 114. In 1995, a group of hackers successfully defeated the NDS Security System employed by DirecTV. The results of the hackers' work were published on the Internet which led to the design, manufacture, and sale of certain circumvention or signal theft devices that were used by hackers and signal "pirates" to unlawfully intercept and view DirecTV-brand satellite television programming.
- 115. After its Security System had been fully compromised and NDS became aware of its inferior technology and its inability to maintain the integrity of its Security System, NDS made a conscious decision to hire and "control" all of the most well-known, or "best" satellite pirates and hackers. NDS was able to dictate when its Smart Cards would be hacked, and thus, could continue to make money

from its customers, such as DirecTV, for Smart Card swap-outs and for providing electronic countermeasures to the NDS hackers' latest piracy efforts.

116. NDS made the conscious decision to manipulate the hacking of its own Security System and to get the most possible financial gain from the hack of its Smart Card. With most of the world's best pirates on its payroll, on or about February 1997, NDS superficially attempted to "remedy" certain problems plaguing their Security System by releasing a second-generation smart card, known in the industry as the 'P2" card.

- 117. NDS convinced DirecTV to initiate a "swap out" program, whereby all first generation cards, the NDS "P1" cards, were exchanged for NDS "P2" cards at DirecTV's expense costing millions of dollars. During this swap out period, DirecTV used both the "P1" and "P2" conditional access systems. On or about July 7, 1997, the swap out was complete and the "P1" system was shut down completely.
- 118. Unfortunately for DirecTV, because NDS had put all of the world's best hackers on its payroll, NDS was fully aware of, and sanctioned, the hack of its P2 cards, notwithstanding the swap out agreed to by DirecTV. By the end of August 1997 the new "P2" system had been successfully hacked, leaving DirecTV with nothing to show for its expensive Smart Card swap out. Once again, DirecTV was left with a compromised NDS conditional access system.
- 119. Although the NDS systems had been compromised multiple times, in the summer of 1998, it was still believed that Plaintiffs' Security System had not been defeated by pirates or hackers.
- 120. Plaintiffs believe that one reason why its Security System had not been defeated by hackers is because the level of technology needed to accomplish such an invasive attack on EchoStar's Access Card could only be found in a handful of laboratories in the world which are not accessible to hackers or pirates. NDS owns one such laboratory in Haifa, Israel.

C.	At DirecTV's Request, in 1998 the Kudelski Group Competed
	With NDS for a Bid to Replace NDS's Security System With
	Nagravision as the Security System to be Used by DirecTV

- 121. In the summer of 1998, DirecTV put out a Request for Information because they were considering replacing NDS as their Security System provider, due to the problems DirecTV was having with the piracy and hacking of NDS's inferior Smart Card technology.
- 122. After submitting a proposal to DirecTV in the fall of 1998, the Kudelski Group was the only company invited to respond to a formal Request for Proposal. Upon information and belief, DirecTV did not engage in discussions with NDS regarding the extension or renewal of its contract, instead electing to negotiate exclusively with the Kudelski Group.
- 123. In fact, DirecTV specifically requested that the Kudelski Group develop a plan for the conversion of the NagraStar Security System from the NDS system to one that is based upon the NagraStar technology, and to set forth the details of the Kudelski Group's plan in a "White Paper."

#### PLAINTIFFS' MOTION TO INTERVENE IN THE CANAL+ V. NDS V. **LITIGATION**

- A. On September 27, 2002, Plaintiffs Filed a Motion to Intervene in the Canal + v. NDS Litigation, Which Concerned Allegations that NDS Had Cracked Canal+'s Security System Using the Same Common Plan NDS Employed to Attack Plaintiffs' Security System
- 124. Hacking Plaintiffs' Security System is not the first time NDS has engaged in wrongful behavior against a competitor's Security System. On or about April 9, 2002, Oliver Kommerling, NDS's employee and agent, explained the

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methods that NDS used to break the Security System of another encryption competitor, Canal+, and to distribute that information to foster satellite piracy.

125. Kommerling testified that "NDS engineers in the NDS facility in Haifa, Israel obtained Canal+ smart cards and using the techniques taught by me [Kommerling] (some of which were described in my paper <u>Design Principles for Tamper Resistant Smartcards</u> written with Markus Kuhn) were able to physically extract the Canal+ machine code embedded in their smart cards." Further Kommerling testified that "NDS engineers disassembled and analyzed the extracted machine code . . ." which was later confirmed by Kommerling as the same code that was published on the "DR7 website" by NDS agent Christopher Tarnovsky. (Kommerling Dec. ¶ 6(a)-(e), attached hereto.)

126. Upon further investigation, EchoStar discovered the sworn declaration of Jan Saggiori, an employee of SSS LLC, based in Geneva Switzerland. Saggiori testified that hε "asked Chris Tarnovsky if he could obtain the [missing] code present at the 2000 address from Al Menart. By an email exchange from Chris Tarnovsky, Chr.s sent me [Saggiori] an 8kb binary file that he claimed contained the requested ccde extracted from the Canal+ smart card." (Saggiori Dec. ¶ 5 and Exhibits to his declaration, attached hereto)

127. Upon Plaintiffs' receipt and review of the code sent from NDS employee Tarnovsky on or about March 28, 1999, it was discovered that the code sent was actually from an ST microchip that NagraStar used within its Smart Cards. As evidenced by this code, and the well pleaded facts herein, Plaintiffs are now informed and believe that NDS may have cracked Plaintiffs' Security System as early as March 28, 1999, and distributed Plaintiffs' illegally obtained code at thist time through its employee and agent, Christopher Tarnovsky and other Defendants, with the intent and common plan to facilitate the piracy of Plaintiffs' Security System and cause harm to Plaintiffs.

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128. Plaintiffs discovered for the first time that NDS was responsible for the acts complained of herein in approximately early September 2002 and immediately brought an action against NDS on September 27, 2002, by filing a Motion to Intervene in Canal+'s pending lawsuit against NDS – which was based upon similar facts and circumstances. The Canal + v. NDS et al. case settled before Plaintiffs' Motion to Intervene was heard. Accordingly, Plaintiffs immediately filed this suit on June 6, 2003.

#### DEFENDANTS' CONSPIRACY, COMMON PLAN & UNLAWFUL VI. **CONDUCT**

- PHASE 1: NDS Hires the World's most Infamous Hackers in Α. order to "Control" the Hacking of its Smart Cards and Security System -- in Lieu of Improving its Technology.
- 129. On or about September 26, 1997, an NDS Memorandum Report to Hasak, entitled the "Main Story" which illuminates the grave status concerning the reputation and commercial well being of NDS, states in relevant part:

#### MAIN STORY

At present I think we are on the edge of a serious situation. I mentioned the loss of the business in Poland to a rival. Listening to the marketing people I cannot see where we [NDS] have had any success. At least part of the problem is the history of the insecurity of our technology. P7 to P10 [NDS Smart Cards] were hacked and the fact was very public knowledge. Now we have the situation in the USA.

We must face the fact that our [NDS's] reputation is bad and our competitors make capital out of it. We can claim that P11 is not hacked but how confident we be of the technology. Part of the reason that it is not hacked is the difference we have all made. We have introduced control [control of the hackers]. The question is whether the control is camouflaging the weaknesses in our technology. My fear is that it is fear is that it is.

In listening to Alex [Oliver Kommerling], who is not allowed to hack P11 [NDS smartcard], and coupling that with what is said by others I fear P11 is as weak as anything else we have produced. If that is so it will be hacked as soon as it is used in the USA.

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1 2	The techies must realize that their technology has not been put to the test because largely we are stopping it [by controlling the hackers]. We cannot say the same for any other part of the world:
3	hackers] We cannot say the same for any other part of the world; USA included, where the platform may be used. A hack on P11 would destroy confidence in NDS.
4	The consequence of not adding a new factor would be the continued hacking of our technology. To the best pirates it is almost too easy [to hack NDS's Smart Cards and Security System]. The technical security
5	hack NDS's Smart Cards and Security System]. The technical security holes and mistakes make it possible.
6 7	The result of more hacks will be a loss of confidence and a loss of
8	business. At present we are not gaining most of the new projects.  How long before we actually lose one to a competitor. Our jobs are on the line. Maybe not yet but we are vulnerable.
9	130. On or about October 6, 1997, an NDS Memorandum from Segoli to
10	Hasak, Adams, and Norris, copying Gutman, concerning NDS's recruitment efforts
11	of a pirate, Dieter Scheel, and specifically concerning NDS's awareness of
12	Christopher Tarnovsky's identity as "Biggun" on internet piracy websites and chat
13	forums, states:
14	Chris Tarnovsky
15 16	When Scheel was in Canada he wrote to Biggun[Tarnovsky] (using Anthony's computer and email account) asking for help. At that time
17	Biggun wrote back saying that the man behind Marty Mullin's hack is named Dieter. It was only after he returned to Germany that Oliver [Kommerling] told him that Chris Tarnovsky is Biggun.
18 19	Anthony has told Scheel that Chris Tarnovsky has gone underground because he had made promises to the group he was working for and could not deliver.
20	Regarding NDS's possibly hiring Scheel as one of its hacker/agents and giving
21	competitor's ROM Codes to him, the memo goes on to state:
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23	he [Scheel] could possibly be of operational interest for us, since apparently in the narrow world of hackers where there are relatively
24 25	he [Scheel] could possibly be of operational interest for us, since apparently in the narrow world of hackers where there are relatively few people of true hacking talent, he is a name that people may trust enough to talk to – perhaps not to give ROM dumps to, but at least to
26 27	This statement to NDS head of security Reuven Hasak is telling indeed, shedding light on the true motivations of NDS when engaging in the unlawful conduct outlined herein. Specifically, NDS was about to lose an account to a competitor – NDS's biggest account, DirecTV, was on the verge of negotiating a conversion to the conditional access system employed by EchoStar. Accordingly, because its business was "one the line," NDS was forced to turn to unlawful anticompetition and the state of the stat
28	anticompetitive conduct in a last ditch effort to remain afloat in the satellite encryption industry.

talk to . . . He is certainly not on the level of Mike [Tarnovsky] or Alex [Kommerling].

131. On or about October 21, 1997, an NDS Memorandum, concerning Tarnovsky using the nickname "Coleman" and NDS's control over Tarnovsky as one if its hacker/agents, states:

The Coleman alias was used one time and one time only by Mike [Tarnovsky] to attack Oliver [Kommerling]. Mike [Tarnovsky] did not and does not know about the relationship [between Kommerling and NDS] to date . . . The attack was not sanctioned nor done with Roni's [Segoli] nor my [Adams] approval. When I discovered Mike's [Tarnovsky] action I put an immediate stop to this kind of attack.

132. On or about October 22 – 24, 1997, an NDS Memorandum, establishes that John Luyando [nicknamed "Yanni" and "Jellyfish"] was working for NDS as a hacker/agent as early as October 1997 and that NDS concealed to DirecTV that Kommerling was also a hacker/agent employed by NDS. An "urgent" NDS memorandum concerning Kommerling and Luyando was written to Adams indicating that Larry Rissler, Vice President of Signal Integrity for DirecTV, had contacted NDS and was inquiring as to whether Kommerling was working for NDS. Rissler asked Norris about an individual named "Oli K" or "Oliver Kiss." Rather than being forthright with DirecTV – NDS's largest client that NDS was fighting desperately to retain notwithstanding DirecTV's utter disappointment with NDS's consistently compromised Security System – Norris lied to Rissler in an attempt to conceal Kommerling's relationship with NDS.

133. In an effort to continue to conceal NDS's relationship with Kommerling, the memo advises Adams that "Oliver [Kommerling] should not travel with luyando in the future. I prefer all contact (call [sic], email, etc) be discontinued at this point but this can not [sic] happen due to Oliver's [Kommerling] standing in the hacker community." A follow up facsimile from

Adams to Hasak concerning the possibility that DirecTV was setting a trap for NDS hackers Kommerling and Luyando to be arrested when attempting to get onto an airplane, and NDS's actions to circumvent any incrimination of Kommerling, states:

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There would have been absolutely no legitimate grounds for detaining [at any airport because DirecTV had notified authorities to be on the look out for Kommerling] him for a second. Had anyone done so there was a lawyer ready to get him out of trouble. The only possible evidence that could have ever existed to connect Alex [Kommerling and NDS] to the card [a pirated Smart Card] was what was on his PC. It was wiped clean the same day the card was programmed. As an extra precaution the computer was broken into two parts and sent by two separate courier companies to two separate addresses in Germany. . . . Nothing existed [on the pirated card] technically to connect Alex [Kommerling] to the card in either Canada, the USA, or Germany.

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134. On or about November 10, 1997, in a letter from Norris to Adams concerning the "batulator" and Tarnovsky's hacking ability and efforts discussed by Gutman in correspondence dated November 6, 1997, Norris states: "fyi, the 'compulator' aka 'batulator' code was reversed by Mike [Tarnovsky] several weeks ago and the heart has been exposed .... " At this time, Tarnovsky was an employee and agent of NDS and was acting on behalf of and at the direction of NDS.

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135. On or about November 13, 1997, is the first reference that Larry Rissler, Vice President of Signal Integrity for DirecTV, could locate in his notes to "Mike," one of the names used by John Norris to refer to Tarnovsky. It is Mr. Rissler's recollection that Norris previously told him that he [John Norris of NDS] had recruited Tarnovsky to work as a consultant for NDS, and that Norris had moved Tarnovsky to California."12

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In contrast, Norris was not so forthright with United States Customs agents when Tarnovsky's California home was raided. Specifically, at that time, in an attempt to limit exposure of the NDS/Tarnovsky relationship, Norris informed U.S. Customs officials that: (a) the equipment in

136. In or around the end of 1998 NDS employee John Luyando sent a letter to NDS executives Reuven Hasak and Ray Adams concerning Kommerling's recent "visit to Jerusalem," and concerning the criminal elements associated with satellite piracy and his regard for Rupert Murdoch. This NDS report states in relevant part:

On Monday morning, Yossi [Tsuria] and I had breakfast with Alex [Kommerling] at the hotel. Yossi was relaxed and talkative, and the atomosphere was very open and, in my opinion, was a good disussion. The discussion was around Boris [Floricic]<sup>13</sup> and the implications of criminal elements entering this [NDS] arena. The two seem to agree that this was no suicide. They also said that it does not seem possible that a commercial company would take such drastic steps just to save its product. (Yossi said: 'There's a limit to how far out I will stretch my neck out for Rupert Murdoch')<sup>14</sup>

On the issue of Kommerling's dealings for and at the direction of NDS, this NDS report states:

Yossi and Alex [Kommerling] also raised a possible scenario, which, to the best of my knowledge, has not been considered. Alex [Kommerling] pointed out that it is very easy to trace the transport of Fed-Ex packages or other postal packages. It would be no problem for a journalist to find that there have been very frequent exchange [sic] of postal packages between Alex [Kommerling] and NDS-UK and NDS-Israel. What would happen if a journalist came knocking on

Tarnovsky's home – which included various pirating devices such as a card emulator – was property of NDS; (b) Tarnovsky had been an NDS employee since February 1, 2001; and (c) Customs' officials were not to search Tarnovsky's home without a search warrant.

Boris Floricic authored a well-regarded research paper on reverse engineering of smart card technology. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that NDS contacted Floricic, whom NDS referred to as "Tron", regarding reverse engineering smart cards used for conditional access systems employed by satellite signal providers. In October 1998, Floricic was found dead in a Berlin park (hanging from a tree with his feet on the ground). Upon investigation, Floricic's father found a NDS invoice dated July 12, 1998 which read "Hello Boris, here are the analog devices, good luck."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Rupert Murdoch's News Corp. is the parent company of NDS.

Alex's [Kommerling's] door with a Camera? . . . Yossi said he would like a contingency plan developed for such a scenario.

Shiloh from NDS Technologies Israel, Ltd. to the Israeli Embassy regarding satellite pirate "Plamen Donev," who was well known for hacking NDS's Smart Cards, and a visit he was making to NDS's laboratory in Haifa, Israel. The letter states that "Plamen Todorov Donev [hacker and pirate programmer], (Passport number 5389412) [is] employed at NDS Ltd. as Director and Advisor for Technical Design and Research."

138. On or about June 18, 1999, an <u>NDS Letter to Hasak from Adams</u> concerning NDS's hiring satellite pirates and hackers in order to "CONTROL" them, as well as NDS's fear of losing its contract with DirecTV to be DirecTV's smart card provider, states in relevant part:

So if a risk existed what were we to do. With Risks we normally think of: AVOIDANCE, REMOVE, CONTROL

We could avoid the risk by not introducing P3. We could remove the risk by introducing an un-hackable card. So, we are left with CONTROL.

We decided that the best control was to control the perpetrators [pirates and hackers]. To control we decided to recruit, to neutralise. The twin advantages of doing this were:

1. to stop them actively hacking P3 on behalf of the Canadians 2. to learn from the two recruits (referring to Pluto [Plamen Donev] and Vesco [Vesselin Nedeltchev]), their methods, and preventative measures.

With the benefit of experience over the next six months you and I will be able to talk very convincingly about the cost benefit of our recruitment.

The one hostage that we carry into all these deliberations is the weaknesses in our [NDS's] technology [smart cards]. I have not told you before as i assume you already know the same as me. Yossi admits that our cards are even more vulnerable to attack than anyone realised before. Glitching is practically a magic key to access our cards....

So given that the technology can be hacked very quickly what do we do. <u>Do we abandon recruitment [of other satellite pirates and hackers] and leave everything to ECM's [electronic countermeasures to fight piracy] in which case we will lose our customers [DirecTV] in a short space of time. Or, do we continue to recruit [hackers]. This gives us time to get the technology correct. Having the enemy [hackers and pirates] on our side removes the complacency element and makes the improvement of our technology a geometric progression.</u>

. . . . What we need is support. In the main that is money, money, money.

Without a realistic budget we cannot recruit the top hackers. They know what they can get from the pirates. . . . . We need to control these guys, to pay them well, and get benefit from them.

- ... JOD was heavily involved in the DTV negotiations. He thinks we will lose them soon. We will lose them quicker if P3 if hacked. This must be a major concern. 15
- 1. With the World's Most Infamous Hackers on its Payroll, NDS was able to Dictate When its Smart Cards Would be Hacked, and Thus Could Make Additional Monies from its Customers by Selling ECMs and Ultimately Doing Expensive Smart Card Swaps

Here again NDS acknowledges the fact that it was on the verge of losing one of its largest clients – DirecTV – and that drastic measures were needed to prevent such a loss. However, rather than improve the quality of its encryption technology, NDS opted to continue with its conspiracy to effectuate, and facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' security system to 'level the playing field' in an illegal anti-competitive manner.

139. On or about July 11, 1997, an NDS Memorandum, concerning Tarnovsky's and Kommerling's employment with NDS as two of their best hackers, NDS's control over them and its desire to have Kommerling continue to engage in satellite piracy, states:

I think we should reflect on what the objective is, either, to get the programme, or, to run a complex operation. I feel sure that, for understandable reasons, the possibility of looking at alternatives is being passed over. Why not for example, let Alex [Kommerling] and Mike [Tarnovsky] run together on this one. Why separate them? I am prepared to let JN [John Norris] run the operation.

... For some time there has been speculation about Kommerling and the fact that he is no longer acting with the pirates. His withdrawal from the USA scene will serve to confirm the suspicions. He is suppose to be a pirate and should therefore act like one. . . In one simple move we would get the operation moving and protect Kommerling from exposure. ... he [Jan Saggiori] knows that Kommerling is with NDS.

"Operations Security Group" from Gutman to Hasak, Segoli, Adams, and Norris regarding a "Global View - 12/1/97," concerning NDS's placement of Tarnovsky into Ron Ereiser's pirate organization with NDS's full support, states: "Ron Ereiser's Group - hired Tarnovsky to Calgary . . . CT [Tarnovsky] was tasked with creating four secure programmer boxes [illegal NDS Smart Card programmers]. Each member of the group will receive a box, thus enabling the programming of more cards and ensuring that if one of them gets caught - the business of selling 3Ms [DirecTV hack] will continue. " Concerning NDS's technical support for his pirating activity, the memo goes on to state "Mike [Tarnovsky] recently visited Israel to meet the staff, set working procedures with them and receive tasks" to assist him with hacking and piracy.

141. On or about December 1, 1997, an NDS Memorandum from Norris to Adams, concerning NDS's providing protection for Tarnovsky for his illegal actions in pirating competitors' security systems, NDS's full awareness of Christopher Tarnovsky's illegal acts, and the possibility hacking EchoStar, states, in part:

... Mike [Tarnovsky] believs that I [Norris] can not protect him in Europe for his past deeds (conspiracy?) and, Alex [Kommerling] has been raided once — therefore, Mike [Tarnovsky] could be the subject of some official covert investigation into his European activities [illegal satellite piracy and hacking].

- 142. On or about November 27, 1998, a NDS Letter from Adams to Hasak regarding Adams's "Week Report," concerning piracy, NDS's budget, and NDS's purchasing hacks of its own Smart Cards in order to sell DirecTV Electronic Countermeasures and new Smart Cards, among other things. Adams states: "so this again raises the issue of our budget and as I said I think this will become a major issue in the next year. The culture at SKY is to cut costs and if there is no piracy someone will suggest it, Psst wanna buy a hack."
- 143. On or about December 1998, a Letter is sent from Adams to Hasak regarding "Week Report," and concerning Alex [Kommerling] Adams references NDS's secret Black Hat Team, "... you and I believed that Alex [Kommerling] was moving into a managerial role and would be a leader of black hat activity [illegal hacking and pirating of competitor's access cards]." Further, concerning Kommerling's role with NDS, and the reason NDS and Kommerling formed the company ADSR, and NDS's hacking of the Galaxy Smart Card, Adams writes:

... he absolutely misinterpreted the whole reason we have formed ADSR [a company owned 60% by Kommerling and 40% by NDS]. You and I know that it is to give Alex [Kommerling] a business face that will explain to others what he is doing [provide the appearance of legitimacy].

1	It should be a simple task for one of our techies to prove that the Austrailian Irdeto card is as vulnerable [hack the card] as any in any
2	Austrailian Irdeto card is as vulnerable [hack the card] as any in any other country.
3	I can send Prince [an NDS agent] to Australia and he will visit Pirate dealers and get cards direct from them. Even Alex [Oliver
4	Kommerling and I could go and do it, want to come. I know that Galaxy has been pirated in the past What we need urgently are
5	some official cards from each of the system, six of each, making 18 total so that we can get the pirates to switch them on. This is the
6	easiest way to prove our case. <u>It will also be very effective and untraceable</u> .
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8	144. On or about April 30, 1999, an NDS Letter from Adams to Hasak
9	references a meeting that Kommerling had with Canal+, wherein Kommerling was
10	asked about the www.DR7.com [Menard] Hack release. Kommerling was asked if
11	he could do a hack of the "IRDeto" system in Arabia on PANAM SAT channel
12	ART 1, however, unbeknownst to Canal+, the hack of IRDeto was already in
13	NDS's possession. "JR wants Alex [Kommerling] to hack the system but at the
14	same time to provide a fix. So that when the pirate cards are available he will be
15	able to say that Alex 'the technician' can do a fix in 24 hours What JR does not
16	know is that the hack is already in our [NDS's] possession. You will recall the
17	occasion when I was asked to get software urgently some 3 months ago. I did it
18	and had to pay 10 [10,000 pounds]. Well that software only needs updating with
19	the new keys. :-)"
20	B. PHASE 2: NDS Turns These Same Pirates on its Competitors,
21	Including Plaintiffs, in an Unlawful Attempt to Control the Piracy
22	of its Competitors and, Ultimately, Destroy the Competition
23	1. Step 1: With the Assistance of Defendant Oliver
24	Kommerling, and other Defendants, NDS Built a
25	Sophisticated Laboratory in Haifa, Israel, Where NDS Cracked Plaintiffs' Smart Card and Obtained Their Secret
26	ROM and EEPROM Codes
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The reason it takes sophisticated technology to perform an invasive 145. attack on Access Cards is that, in order to develop a way to defeat a Security System, an individual or entity must know and understand how the system works. As a result, an individual or entity must have access to the software contained in the Read-Only-Memory (ROM) and Electrically-Erasable-Programmable-Read-Only-Memory (EEPROM) contained in the Access Cards. The software contained in ROM and EEPROM is written in machine language, which is almost impossible for humans to use or understand because it consists entirely of binary digits. The foundry manufacturing the basic component of the Access Cards uses advanced security designs and manufacturing techniques to render the devices tamper proof.

146. A hacker wanting to obtain the software from Plaintiffs' Smart Card would have to use a sophisticated laboratory equipped with a scanning electron microscope and/or focused ion beam, among other things. They would then have to analyze the chip under this sophisticated equipment, mapping out the 1s and 0s and then reverse-compiling those numbers to have access to and understand the imbedded software. This also requires the involvement of very sophisticated and highly skilled programmers and engineers.

- 147. Oliver Kommerling testified in the Canal+ case that NDS engineers used his methods for attacking Smart Cards at the Haifa, Israel laboratory to attack Canal+'s Smart Card. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that this same procedure was used on their Smart Cards.
- 148. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that NDS engineers in the NDS facility in Haifa, Israel obtained Plaintffs' Smart Cards and using some of the techniques described in "Design Principles for Tamper Resistant Smartcards" written by Kommerling and Markus Kuhn, were able to physically extract the Plaintiffs' code embedded in their smart cards.
- 149. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that NDS engineers disassembled and analyzed the extracted machine code and were then able to explore methods by

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which people would be able to circumvent the security measures contained within that machine code.

agents cracked Plaintiffs' Security System (and made an unauthorized and impermissible copy of the proprietary information contained therein) at the Haifa, Israel facility and transmitted the results to NDS hacker Christopher Tarnovsky in the State of California. One of Tarnovsky's tasks was to distribute this information in a manner designed to proliferate Pirated Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System which could provide unauthorized users to access to EchoStar Programming services on the DISH Network.

151. Based upon information and belief, NDS, at its laboratory in Haifa, Israel, (1) intentionally accessed the microprocessor of the EchoStar Access Cards without authorization, (2) physically extracted Plaintiffs' secret ROM Code contained therein without authorization, (3) distributed Plaintiffs' secret ROM Code to Tarnovsky with instructions for its dissemination, and (4) controlled the design, manufacture, and sale of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System without authorization. NDS orchestrated this plan with the intent to defraud EchoStar of revenue from DISH Network subscriptions and to injure the effectiveness of Plaintiffs' Security System. Defendants' improper motivation for engaging in this illegal anti-competitive conspiracy consisted of, among other reasons, a last ditch effort to retain the business of DirecTV, one of Defendants' largest accounts, who was on the verge of entering into contractual relations with Nagravision in an effort to obtain a more secure conditional access system to protect its satellite signal from unauthorized reception and decryption.

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152. In order to circumvent the Security System, NDS used information and technology in their possession, including but not limited to sophisticated equipment such as scanning electron microscopes and focused ion beams, to access the microprocessor contained on legitimate EchoStar Access Cards. In accessing the microprocessor, Defendants, and those associated with them, obtained and altered valuable proprietary software and information concerning Plaintiffs' Security System that NDS was not entitled to obtain or alter.

153. Once NDS obtained the encryption technology and related software code from the microprocessor, they replicated and modified the encryption and other software to interfere with the communication between the Access Card microprocessor and the set-top box that, in the ordinary course of its operation, authenticates which DISH Network programming services legitimate subscribers are entitled to view.

[Tarnovsky] reporting to NDS on the meeting Tarnovsky set up with Hannibal [Saggiori] in order to gather information for NDS concerning the Canal+ and EchoStar hacks, without Saggiori knowing Tarnovsky's purpose. Saggiori asked Tarnovsky who Tarnovsky worked for, and Tarnovsky falsely responded, "I responded about working for 'Flagship Automation from Nashua, NH' as their fielded tech-support lead for WonderWare, Inc. I explained how we called the tool, 'UnderWare' instead and that it is a Windows hosted scripting language/gui program..." when, in fact, Tarnovsky was actually working for NDS and had been since approximately 1997.

155. Concerning the EchoStar hack, Tarnovsky's Memorandum states: "Hannibal [Saggiori] believes Alex [Kommerling] is working with the Canadians on the E\* hack. I explained to him that the Canadians who are behind the hack. I told him Discount [Dawson] and Kerrobert Satellite [Ereiser] hated Alex [Kommerling] because he did not return nor help them with the 3 VideoCipher II

Plus. I told him that due to this condition, it is unlikely Alex [Kommerling] is behind the E\* break. I tried to make him rethink his assumptions on Alex [Kommerling] by use of the Canadians which does seem to have worked, however Hannibal [Saggiori] still believes the IRDeto and SECA [Canal+'s Code] are Alex's [Kommerling's and NDS's] doing."

Week 18", concerning NDS agent Christopher Tarnvosky and the EchoStar hack, states in relevant part: "You will note that suspicion has fallen on MIKE [Tarnovsky]. This is because, as Hannibal [Saggori] says, MIKE [Tarnovsky] was the person who introduced the Bolgers [hackers Plamen Donev and Vesselin Neldechev] to the American/Canadian Pirates. Yet Hannibal [Saggori] is the one named [in a lawsuit by DTV/NDS]. Thus Hannibal [Saggori] concludes that MIKE [Tarnovsky] works for NDS. There are a series of threatening statements inasmuch that MIKE [Tarnovsky] is behind DR7 [Allen Menard and the website www.dr7.com] and MIKE [Tarnovsky] hacked ECHOSTAR . . . ."

2. <u>Step 2:</u> NDS Had to Provide the Illegally Obtained ROM and EEPROM Codes to a Software Engineer Capable of Reprogramming Smart Cards

a. NDS Used its Employee and Infamous Hacker, Tarnovsky to Reprogram Plaintiffs' Smart Cards Once NDS had Illegally Obtained Plaintiffs' Secret ROM and EEPROM Codes

Crypt" pirate list group concerning Tarnovsky's desire to begin hacking smart cards, where he admits his status as a pirate and hacker: "[m]y name is Chris Tarnovsky! I am a hacker/programmer very much into Electronics/Ham Radio/Modems/Video Access Control (!) and anything else out there I find interesting." Tarnovsky's telling email further states, "I am a fanatic when it comes to Sky . . . Eagerly awaiting tearing into the code for the card! Currently, I am

studying EuroCrypt . . D2Mac. While waiting for someone else to crack the card open."

- 158. Further solidifying his staus as a hacker and pirate as early as 1995, on or about November 26, 1995, Tarnovsky sent an email to <a href="tv-crypt@ghost.sm.dsi">tv-crypt@ghost.sm.dsi</a> concerning "D2Mac Rendezvous," wherein he requests assistance in hacking a smart card, "Is there anyway to 'find' the keys to it [the smart card] via instructions or anything w/o etching it [the smart card] open . . . Any help is greatly appreciated..."
- 159. On or about July 11, 1996, Tarnovsky sent an email to Jan Saggiori concerning Tarnovsky's and Saggiori's combined efforts to pirate Smart Cards. Concerning Tarnovsky's employment at "ULVAC" at the time, and the equipment at his disposal to hack Smart Cards, Tarnovsky states: "We [ULVAC] also have an E-beam tester downstairs . . . everything will be fine here once I am settled in place! For now, nothing for that [hacking] is possible. I am waiting for things to become "more comfortable" (!) ... Now, we need to find the SA for the CTV stuff and the old CANAL+/CINECINEMAS keys [secret keys to EEPROM or ROM] . . . we want everything! . . . Chris"
- 160. Chris Tarnovsky would later become a full scale satellite hacker and pirate and would begin posting illegal keys and information under many nicknames as alleged herein, in order to facilitate and assist in the hacking of Plaintiffs' Security System.
- 161. On or about November 29, 1998, a post to the Internet by "Nipper" [Tarnovsky] indicating his full understanding of the illegal activity engaged in by stating, "EVERYONE BE VARY WEARY OF PEOPLE WHO PLAY STUPID INSIDE THIS CHAT ROOM! SOME WILL MOST LIKELY TURN OUT TO NOT REALLY BE WHOM THEY SAY!"
- 162. In or about March 1999, Tarnovsky's relationship with NDS did not appear to have changed as John Norris and Tarnovsky attended the SBCA show in

Las Vegas, Nevada. Norris introduced Tarnovsky under the NDS alias "Mike George," and Norris claimed Tarnovsky was his nephew.

163. On or about July 23, 1999, Tarnovsky sent an email from epr126@webtv.net to Alan Guggenheim, President of NagraStar at guggenheim@nagra.com wherein Tarnovsky openly acknowledges the injurious effects of the NDS conspiracy, and his intention to continue to hack NagraStar Smart Cards: "After a visit to your web site <a href="http://www.nagra.com">http://www.nagra.com</a>, we noticed that the information about the Echostar Corporation is outdated. We would greatly appreciate if you updated the subscriber count to 2.5 million + 50000 pirate customers. Best Regards, The Swiss Cheese Production [Tarnovksy]."

164. On or about December 7, 1999, a post to the Internet by "Shrimp" [Tarnovsky] concerning Tarnovsky's knowledge of reverse engineering Smart Cards and the cost of doing so, he states "any chip can be reverse engineered to the point of understanding for under \$110,000. The problem is they might be more devices which would need to be reversed and then the costs mount up." A post later this date by "GS2" affirms the relationship between Chris Tarnovsky and Al Menard and states that "Shrimp [Tarnovsky] is a very good friend of DR7 [Menard]."

b. NDS Considered Other Alternatives and Approached Other Well-Known Hackers in Their Decision to Compromise Plaintiffs' Security System and Disseminate Plaintiffs' Proprietary Codes

165. In or around August 1997, NDS employee and agent Oliver Kommerling, acting under the direction and control of NDS, contacted a then current satellite hacker Marty Mullen. During this conversation Kommerling, acting on behalf of and at the express direction of NDS, advised Mullen that if he would delay in releasing hacking software related to NDS's H-Card that Kommerling was authorized to offer Mullen the DISH Network hack. In fact,

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Mullen Affidavit ¶ 16 (emphasis added).

Kommerling informed Mullen that EchoStar's code was in the process of being extracted at a *highly sophisticated* laboratory in Europe. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Kommerling was referring to NDS's matam lab in Haifa, Israel which Kommerling assisted NDS in developing and that the authorization referred to by Kommerling came directly from NDS.

166. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that, prior to obtaining the help of Tarnovsky, Menard, Dawson, Koin, Frost, Sergei and Quinn, among others, NDS considered other methods of disseminating the codes, fixes, patches, software, support and other information necessary to accomplish the widespread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system. Specifically, in sworn affidavit testimony obtained from Martin Paul Stewart (f/k/a Martin "Marty" Mullen), Mullen testifies as follows:

In August 1997, I was contacted via telephone by an individual named Oliver Kommerling ("Kommerling"). During this conversation, Kommerling introduced himself to me and informed me that he would soon be in possession of the first hack of the EchoStar/NagraStar ROM Code. Kommerling stated to me that this ROM Code was currently being extracted in a "highly sophisticated laboratory in Europe." Kommerling then informed me that he was able to offer me the hack on the EchoStar/NagraStar microprocessor and that he wanted to come to Canada and arrange a meeting to discuss the details. Kommerling said that he was informed that I was in possession of pirating software for the DirecTV H-Card and that if I delayed in releasing that software he was authorized to provide me with the DISH Network ROM Code. It is my understanding, after speaking with numerous individuals including, without limitation, Kommerling's agent John Luyando ("Luyando" or "Yanni"), as well as reading Kommerling's sworn declaration filed in support of the Canal+ litigation against NDS, that at the time Kommerling contacted me and stated that he would provide me with the soon-to-becompleted EchoStar/NagraStar ROM Code extraction, Kommerling was an NDS employee and was acting on behalf of, and under the direct control of, NDS.

In February 1998, Kommerling contacted me again via telephone and advised me that the DISH Network hack had been completed and that the DISH Network ROM Code had been fully and successfully extracted from the EchoStar's Access Card's microprocessor. Kommerling further told me that "Yanni" would be contacting me within the next couple of weeks to set up a meeting in Canada to discuss Kommerling's authority to offer me DISH Network's ROM Code. During this conversation, Kommerling stated that he was also able to provide me with support for the DirecTV H-card hack in addition to providing us the DISH Network ROM Code, as long as I delayed in releasing any software for the DirecTV H-Card.

Mullen Affidavit ¶ 21 (emphasis added).

In accordance with Kommerling's statements to me, "Yanni" called me in early March of 1998 and arranged a meeting to discuss Kommerling's offer of the DISH Network ROM Code. This meeting took place on Friday, March 13, 1998 at the Hilton hotel in Windsor, Ontario. Persons in attendance at this meeting with Luyando ("Yanni") included myself, Archie Timuik, and Joseph Lucker. "Yanni" informed us that Kommerling could not be in attendance at the meeting because of work conflicts, but that Kommerling had bestowed full authority on "Yanni" to negotiate Kommerling's offer of the DISH Network ROM Code.

Mullen Affidavit ¶ 22 (emphasis added).

<u>During this meeting</u>, "Yanni" informed us that Kommerling was authorized to offer us the DISH Network ROM Code for \$1,000,000 USD. During this March 13, 1998 meeting, "Yanni" informed us that Kommerling was willing to either set up a demonstration of the DISH Network hack, or provide us with a portion of the DISH Network ROM Code so that we could verify that Kommerling was, in fact, in possession of the hack.

Mullen Affidavit ¶ 23 (emphasis added).

Because we were unwilling to provide Kommerling with the entire \$1,000,000 USD upfront, negotiations came to an end. Shortly thereafter, I learned through common knowledge in the satellite pirating community, as well as through Al Menard's www.dr7.com

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website and Chris Tarnovsky's postings on same, that this DISH Network ROM dump had been provided to another group known as the "Swiss Cheese" Group.

Mullen Affidavit ¶ 26 (emphasis added)

c. NDS and Tarnovsky Designed and Built the "Stinger" that Tarnovsky and Allen Menard Used to Monopolize the Sales and Distribution of the "EchoStar Hack" over the Internet with the Secret Information Illegally Extracted EEPROM and ROM of Plaintiffs' Security System

167. In or about 1999, Defendant Menard, owner and proprietor of the <a href="https://www.DR7.com">www.DR7.com</a> website, became the first person to possess a device that could reprogram Plaintiffs' Access Cards so that they would provide unauthorized access to the DISH Network's Programming. NDS provided Menard this initial reprogrammer via Tarnovsky. With the assistance of NDS, Tarnovsky was able to develop, design and create this reprogrammer which he coined the "stinger."

168. Menard was the only person to possess such a device for approximately a year and a half, or from 1999 until early 2001, <sup>16</sup> and thus, with the assistance of Tarnovsky and NDS, was the only person who had the ability to alter or modify Plaintiffs' Access Cards, besides NDS, so that they would provide unauthorized access to DISH Network's Programming.

169. The initial monopoly in the production of altered Access Cards set up by Tarnovsky and Menard with the assistance and knowledge of NDS was unique. Generally speaking, the original developer of a method or device designed to circumvent video encryption technology tries to get as much cash as possible by

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> As a result of Tarnovsky's December 23 and 24, 2000 postings, satellite pirates and software engineers around the world were then able to design and build their own card reprogrammers thereby exacerbating the piracy of Plaintiffs' signal.

selling the method or device to multiple sources. Menard's situation is, in Plaintiffs' knowledge, the only time in the history of satellite and cable piracy where the developer of a method or device designed to circumvent video encryption technology worked with only one outlet source. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that the NDS controlled Tarnovsky and Menard's distribution model which was designed and implemented by NDS in accordance with NDS's overriding plan to "CONTROL" the hacks of both DirecTV and NDS's competitors conditional access systems.

170. NDS, directly and through its employees and/or agents, provided Tarnovsky and Menard the information necessary to accomplish the acts complained of herein with such information being sent by NDS to Tarnovsky in the State of California, and then, pursuant to NDS's instruction, from Tarnovsky to Menard in Canada.

171. On or about November 11, 1998, a post to the Internet by "Nipper" [Tarnovsky] on <a href="www.dr7.com">www.dr7.com</a> website, concerning a threat by Tarnovsky of his alleged ability to dump the contents of the Plaintiffs' smart card, states: "we are able to also dump the contents of this card [Plaintiffs'] as well. What is it exactly the fine people of our country wish for? Christmas is coming my fellow Canadians! PS. Coming soon, Charlie [Referring to EchoStar's CEO Charlie Ergen], >Nagravision construction set=0

172. On or about November 12, 1998, a post to the Internet by "Nipper" [Tarnovsky], concerning pirating and hacking the EchoStar system, states: "ALL THESE ROUTINES WRE ALMOST DIRECT TRANSLATIONS FROM THE ROM [Read Only Memory]. THE 2 TABLES ARE USED IN THE REAL CARD AND WE SIMPLY PORTED THE CONVERSION OF THE REFERENCE INTO THE BLOCKER. NIPPER THE BUTTLICKER = IS ALSO THEIR TEXT. IN THE CAM DUMP, WE SIMPLY SHOWED YOU WHERE KEYS WERE LOCATED.

NOTE THERE ARE 2 POSSIBLE CHANNEL DECRYPT KEYS USED. OFFSETS 28h AND 30h (KEYS FLOW IN ORDER). ENJOY!@

[Menard], concerning additional files and assistance for the EchoStar hack, states: "a file was sent too me recently by Swiss cheese boys [Tarnovsky] and they asked me too add, lins too it are in todays news 11.20.98 and it is also added to the Echostar tools section... thanks again to the Users of this forum who have contributed their time to the Echostar Project as well as the SCP [Tarnovsky] for initiating this...good luck guys and hope to have more info shortly." The above-referenced file is the rev 0.52 code which was, in fact, posted and made available on "DR7's" [Menard's] website. A later post on this date by "Stuntguy" comments on the inner workings of the Plaintiffs' ROM Code, but states "unfortunately, until I've got a ROM dump<sup>17</sup> [an actual post of Plaintiffs' ROM Code], it's all just guesses."

174. On or about November 26, 1998, a later response post to the Internet by "Nipper" [Tanovsky] continues his facilitation of piracy of Plaintiffs' Security System, states: "REV 052 WILL ONLY COME VIA 288-01 ISSUED CARDS WHOS ATR READS A 60H INSTEAD OF 64H IN ATR BYTE 9." "Nipper" [Tanovsky] later the same date posts the following "REV052 CARDS DO NOT HAVE ANY UPDATES WAITING IN IRD FOR THEM. ONLY ROM3 CARDS. ROM 2 AND ROM 3 ARE VERY DIFFERENT. THE EEPROM OF REV052 WAS INCORPORATED INTO ROM 3 LEAVING MORE ROOM."

175. On or about December 4, 1998, a post to the Internet by "Nipper" [Tarnovsky] providing the following of Plaintiffs' codes/keys in response to a request to create a channel list of known tier packs: "RETURN 00 00 03 E7 INSIDE A CHANNEL SERVICE POLL. OPENS THE WORLD UP TO A CARD."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> See Footnote 6 Supra.

176. On or about December 5, 1998, a follow-up a post to the Internet by "Nipper" [Tarnovsky] states: "TO CLARIFY THE ABOVE: SEND THIS IN RESPONSE TO 20 SUB 08. 01 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 81 4C 21 4C 21 00 00 03 E7 80 00 FF 00 FF 00. AFTER 4C 21: 00 00 (MIN CHAN 000) 03 E7 (MAX CHAN 999)." Tarnovsky further clarifies his post by stating "THE TIER MUST BE PLACED INSIDE PIECE OR NOTHING. THE GUIDE IS OPENED NOW."

177. On or about December 7-8, 1998, a post to the Internet by "Nipper" [Tarnovsky] supplying the following illegally obtained information concerning DISH Network: "21 POLLS OF RELEVANCE: 01: IRD INFORMATION (ZIPCODE, TZ, IRD#, IRD INFO) 08: PURCHASED SERVICES; 0B: PURCHASED PPV'S. NOTE: 11 IS IRRELEVANT AND IS ONLY FOR CALLBACK INFORMATION AND NAGGING. 0B IS WHERE THE ENABLE OF A PPV IS COMING FROM."

178. On or about December 11, 1998, a post to the Internet by Nipper [Tarnovsky] stating: "THE KEY IS USED TO ENCRYPT CONTROL WORDS BACK TO THE IRD INCASE OF OUTSIDERS EAVESDROPPING ON THE COMMUNICATIONS AND PREVENTING MULTIPLE USERS RUNNING FROM ONE MASTER WITH MULTIPLE SLAVES."

179. On or about April 6, 1999, a post to the Internet by "StuntGuy" states that "the one thing we really need in order to accomplish [a long term solution to hacking EchoStar] is a ROM dump of the card, because without knowledge of how the card works, deep down, we're basically just left flapping in the breeze...E\* can update the keys all they want, and the 3M'd cards will take the updated keys, and everything will be jolly."

180. On or about December 9, 1999, a post to the Internet by "Shrimp" [Tarnovsky] states "what did I say about this 'let the kys come in' blocker? The only blocker is the original one that blocks all emm's." A later post to the Internet

by "Shrimp" [Tarnovsky] states "when you 'hack' something, you take it in steps.

Anything created by man will and can be deconstructed by man."

- 3. <u>Step 3:</u> NDS and Defendants' Conspired to Place Plaintiffs' Pirated Smart Cards into the Illegal Black Market in a "Controlled" Manner
  - a. NDS, through its Employee Christopher Tarnovsky and other Defendants, Including Allen Menard, Created a Distribution Network for Plaintiffs' Cracked Security System, Pirate Devices, and Illegally Altered Smart Cards

181. With the assistance of NDS by way of, among others, Tarnovsky, Menard produced altered Access Cards using a machine known as a Reprogrammer to place the Access Card microprocessor in a mode that permits reprogramming. NDS provided Menard this initial reprogrammer via Tarnovsky. With the assistance of NDS, Tarnovsky was able to develop, design and create this reprogrammer which he coined, the "stinger." Menard then loaded the modified software described above, containing programs, information, codes, or commands onto the Access Card, which when re-programmed in this fashion permits access to DISH Network programming services by unauthorized users. None of which would be possible without NDS initially cracking the Security System and providing the proprietary information to Menard through Tarnovsky. Tarnovsky was directed by NDS to provide the information to Menard.

182. In so doing, NDS initially, and Menard with the reprogrammer provided by Tarnovsky, effectively damaged the Access Card by impairing the integrity or availability of the data, program systems and information placed on the microprocessor and in associated memory by Plaintiffs to implement the conditional access system for the DISH Network.

Internet to distribute Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System. These retail outlets were operated as websites including, but not limited to: <a href="www.discountsatellite.com">www.discountsatellite.com</a> and <a hr

Menard's website, <u>www.dr7.com</u>. Menard's website also maintained chat forums and message boards where other pirates and hackers could discuss and share information about the theft of DISH Network programming services and the alteration and modification of EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System to facilitate such theft.

185. Through Menard and his dealers' websites, and the NDS/Tarnovsky distribution network, satellite signal "pirates" obtain EchoStar Access Cards and alter them in a manner to circumvent Plaintiffs' Security System. Specifically, satellite signal pirates alter Access Cards to interfere with the communication between the Plaintiffs' microprocessor on the Access Card and the IRD that ordinarily authenticates the programming services that the subscriber is entitled to view. As a result, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards, when inserted into an IRD, will cause the IRD to descramble the satellite signal and permit access to EchoStar's Programming services on the DISH Network without payment of the subscription fees or other fees ordinarily required to obtain the right to view such Programming from EchoStar.

186. With the assistance of NDS, its agents and employees, Menard and his distribution chain actively marketed these altered Access Cards for the specific purpose of enabling their customers to circumvent the protection of copyright owners' rights and the rights of owners of protected works, which were implemented through the DISH Network subscription process. Moreover, such circumvention of DISH Network's conditional access system allowed the pirates' consumers to avoid paying the ordinary subscription and use fees charged for DISH Network services.

187. On or about January 3, 1997, Menard sent an email to Saggiori, concerning Saggiori being the person who introduced Menard to Tarnovsky, wherein Menard states, "you introduced me to Chris . . . Things have been going great and Chris is a cool dude. Thanx 10000000 tomes over for introducing him to me." Menard also informs Saggiori of Menard's new web site www.DR7.com, and states that "All of the most current files [illegal files that enabling pirating smart cards] are now available there." Menard further states that "DR7" is his nickname on IRC.

188. On or about April 16, 1999, an NDS letter was sent from Adams to Hasak concerning, among other things, a piracy investigation of www.dr7.com and "DR7" [Al Menard]. Adams states, "[s]omewhere in the loop appears PINKERTON investigative Service. They at one time worked for Irdeto as well as other companies. There is talk that an agency is investigating DR7[Menard]."

Scullion ("Scullion"), one of Tarnovsky's pirate archrivals, threatening Scullion and establishing his relationship with NDS, formerly NDC, wherein Tarnovsky states: "[i]f I am against you, you will not have happy customers under your side. I give you the tv and I can remove the tv . . . I may just give the source to NDC. I am sure they will purchase it from me and if I agree to stop, then your world stops also . . . . You could have been a distro. point for us [distribution point for NDS,

<u>Tarnovsky and Menard]</u>. . <u>Instead you are a thefe</u>." Tarnovsky then signs off, "bye! biggun."

190. NDS facilitated Menard and his distribution network in offering the public and trafficking in the altered Access Cards through various websites, including: <a href="www.hucardcentral.com">www.hucardcentral.com</a>; <a href="www.discountsatellite.com">www.discountsatellite.com</a>; <a href="www.disc

- a. to sell Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System that permit unauthorized access to DISH Network programming services;
- b. to perform the service (for a fee) of altering EchoStar Access Cards for members of the public who submit the EchoStar Access Cards through the mail;
- c. to purchase EchoStar Access Cards from members of the public, presumably to permit alteration and resale of the Pirated EchoStar Access Cards for unauthorized access to DISH Network programming services; and
- d. to exchange several deactivated EchoStar Access Cards submitted by members of the public for a Pirated EchoStar Access Card that would provide unauthorized access to DISH Network programming services.
- 191. On or about May 1999, DirecTV raided Scullion's house in Riguad, Quebec, Canada. Jim Whalen, a retired FBI Agent employed by DirecTV was on the raid. Whalen observed a handwritten note by Scullion and videotaped it and later had it transcribed. Concerning the illegal pirating activity by Tarnovsky,

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1	NDS, and Menard, the note stated that Scullion had been contacted by Menard in
2	about April 1999, concerning:
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4	As an administrator on his [Menard's] forums [www.DR7.com] he [Menard] personally made me aware that he was programming F3M
5	[Menard] personally made me aware that he was programming E3M cards about April 1999 and wanted to know if Avantec Bahamas LTD [one of Scullions d/b/a's] would be interested in carrying this product
6	developed by Chris Tarnovsky. He stated that although I had previously had many run ins with Mr. Tarnovsky as BG or Big Gun that I should not let this be an impediment to good business.
7 8 9	He [Al Menard] told me [Scullion] at the time that Chris Tarnovsky had done this [EchoStar] fix at the request of NDS and that it had their sanction and would cause no legal problems.
10	192. A few nights later, he [Menard] actually stated that my selling these
11	[EchoStar hacked cards] could cause me not to be bothered as much by NDS and
12	that he had been assured by Chris [Tarnovsky] that they would look favorably on
13	this and that I would curry favor with them by doing this.
14	
15	b. Allen Menard Set Up a Distribution Network in a
16	"Controlled" manner at NDS's Instruction, By Using Only Five Distributors, Defendants David Dawson,
17	Tod Dales, Andrei Sergi, Stanley Frost and Sean
18	Quinn
19	193. Satellite pirates use the information produced from NDS's efforts, and
20	provided by NDS and its employees and agents, to access the microprocessor
	<u>^</u>
21	embedded in EchoStar Access Cards and to reprogram individual EchoStar Access
21	
22	embedded in EchoStar Access Cards and to reprogram individual EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to
22 23	embedded in EchoStar Access Cards and to reprogram individual EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System.
22	embedded in EchoStar Access Cards and to reprogram individual EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System.  194. As a result of NDS's and Defendants intentional acts, and those acting
22 23	embedded in EchoStar Access Cards and to reprogram individual EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System.  194. As a result of NDS's and Defendants intentional acts, and those acting in concert with NDS, pirates have and are actively engaged in the manufacture,
22 23 24	embedded in EchoStar Access Cards and to reprogram individual EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System.  194. As a result of NDS's and Defendants intentional acts, and those acting in concert with NDS, pirates have and are actively engaged in the manufacture, import, export, offering to the public, or otherwise trafficking in technological
22 23 24 25	embedded in EchoStar Access Cards and to reprogram individual EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System.  194. As a result of NDS's and Defendants intentional acts, and those acting in concert with NDS, pirates have and are actively engaged in the manufacture,
22 23 24 25 26	embedded in EchoStar Access Cards and to reprogram individual EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System.  194. As a result of NDS's and Defendants intentional acts, and those acting in concert with NDS, pirates have and are actively engaged in the manufacture, import, export, offering to the public, or otherwise trafficking in technological

permit unauthorized users to access DISH Network programming services without paying subscription and other fees normally charged for such access.

EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System, NDS has furthered its intended fraud of facilitating others in obtaining unauthorized access to valuable DISH Network Programming, free of charge. At the same time, Menard and his distribution network were able to, and did, obtain valuable consideration for the Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System they sold to other members of the public.

196. In addition to Frost, Sergei, Dawson, Quinn and Dale, Menard also approached Reginald Scullion with an offer to participate in the NDS/Tarnovsky and Menard "CONTROLLED" distribution of the "EchoStar hack" in furtherance of the overriding NDS conspiracy to effectuate and facilitate others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' security system. In his sworn Declaration attached hereto, Scullion testifies as follows:

In or about fall 1998, Al Menard ("Menard"), owner and operator of www.dr7.com, first approached me wherein he informed me that <u>he was involved in a plan to be the Canadian leader in distributing Pirated EchoStar Access Cards.</u>

(Scullion Declaration ¶ 11) (emphasis added).

On or about April 1999, Menard approached me a second time to solicit my participation in his distribution network to sell Pirated EchoStar Access Cards. <u>During this conversation, Menard informed me that he was "close to receiving a full hack of the EchoStar system" and, because of the pirate community's past interest in Swiss Cheese</u>

Production's products, Menard's distribution plan was a guaranteed money maker. Menard also informed me that the distribution network was going to have something special attached with its operation: the protection and control of NDS. Menard informed me that NDS was the entity whom had ordered the hack and the distribution of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards through Menard's distribution network via Tarnovsky. Menard informed me that NDS had an arrangement with Tarnovsky to provide the support and facilitation of the hacked EchoStar ROM Code to be sent to Menard to be used in the distribution network. Menard also informed me that I had nothing to worry about with respect to being raided by the RCMP due to the fact that NDS would be running interference in the distribution network and that NDS was connected and had a solid relationship with the RCMP.

(Scullion Declaration ¶ 17) (emphasis added).

197. On or about October/November 1999, Menard contacted Scullion again wherein Menard informed Scullion that the Pirated EchoStar Access Cards were "<u>ready to be distributed to the public</u>." Menard admitted that he had certain vendors already established to distribute Pirated EchoStar Access Cards including, but not limited to, Dawson, Quinn, Sergei, Frost, among others. Menard solicited Scullion to be another one of his network dealers.

198. On or about October 7, 1998, an Internet posting by "DR7" [Menard] which is ony the half truth, states:

I HAVE NO SOFTWARE FOR A ECHO HACK AND EVEN IF I DID IT WOULDN'T BE HERE BECAUSE OF DEALERS [the Distribution chain that Menard and NDS controlled] SELLING IT. IF PEOPLE (DEALERS) WANT IT SO BAD TAKE THE INFO I PROVIDE AND START HACKING...TILL THEN LEARN ABOUT THE SYSTEM.

199. On or about April 20, 1999, Dawson and Discount Satellite were raided in Edmonton by the RCMP after local reports regarding Dawson's selling pirated DSS and EchoStar access cards and other illegal signal theft devices on the Internet through his website, <a href="www.discountsatellite.com">www.discountsatellite.com</a>. Among the items

confiscated were illegal satellite access cards, computers, and other equipment used to program access cards, approximately \$69,500 in U.S. and Canadian money orders and cash, and drugs. Notwithstanding the raid on the confiscation of his pirating equipment, Dawson continued to operate his illegal business in Canada through his website, <a href="https://www.discountsatellite.com">www.discountsatellite.com</a>.

200. On or about August 24, 1999, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] responding to a request by a member that "JD" [Dawson] release the information regarding E3Ms [EchoStar hacked ROM Code] in order to increase the number of [pirated EchoStar Access] cards in the market and provide information to those who can support their own cards with this information. DR7 [Menard] responds by stating that there is one party in control of the E3Ms [NDS] and that revealing any information will never happen.

201. On or about September 29, 1999, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] states that he talked to "JD" [Dawson] on the phone about 20 minutes ago and JD [Dawson] said that he would also just "<u>sell the programmed [DISH Network] chip</u>" if there was a demand for it. A later post to the Internet, on the same date, by "DR7" [Menard] states that he "confirmed with JD [Dawson] that the keys in the latest talk.cfg file are not for AVR freeware and will only work on JD's [Dawson's] AVR."

202. On or about February 2, 2000, Dawson and Discount Satellite were raided a second time by the **RCMP** after local reports regarding Dawson's continued selling of pirated DSS and EchoStar access cards and other illegal signal theft devices on the Internet through his website. www.discountsatellite.com. On or about early 2000, DirecTV brought suit against Dawson, among other satellite pirates, for selling pirated DSS access cards in the United States wherein judgment was entered against Dawson for \$14.7 million.

203. On or about March 29, 2000, DirecTV executed and seized Dawson's business in satisfaction of the judgment obtained by DirecTV against Dawson.

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Shortly thereafter, Dawson posted a public statement on his website, www.discountsatellite.com, regarding the status of his business's operations. Included in this statement, Dawson provided a link to www.DSScanada.com, another website owned, operated, and maintained by Dawson. Through this website, Dawson continued to solicit business from his large customer base in addition to new customers.

204. On or about June 21, 2000, a post to the Internet by "Hitec" [Quinn], concerning "Koin" [Sergei], states "[f]or the time being... I am removing all dealer links from the site... Koin is closing the website but still accepting orders at Koin@koinvision.com . . . now its cash no money orders at all and no site.... I think it was a wise choice for Koin in my opinion. . . . Any other files that are required to help out the Koinster will be posted here from now on."

205. On or about June 27, 2000, a post to the Internet by "Hitec" [Quinn], concerning business operations of Koin [Sergei], stating "Koin [Sergei] is closing the website but still accepting orders at Koin@Koinvision.com . . . My self I personally vouch for Koin and his support. Even with his one complaint the guy has to admit that Koin did send his package originally although it was seized and he did make up for it after a couple of weeks . . . Any other files that are required to help out the Koinster will be posted here [www.hitecsat.com] from now on." A later post on the same date by "Hitec" [Quinn] stating "as I already said . . . no money order now and only email . . . I will post any files needed to help out Koin [Sergei]. His email addy again is Koin@koinvizion.com."

4. Step 4: After NDS's Competitors, Including Plaintiffs, Began **Employing Electronic Countermeasures** to Combat NDS's Controlled Pirating of their Security Systems, NDS Would **Completely Destroy its Competition** 

206. Defendants' conduct also gave Defendants and satellite pirates the ability to design, manufacture, and sell Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System for a profit, or to release that information to other pirates for the purpose of allowing them to generate their own Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System.

207. Based upon information and belief, NDS committed these acts in, among other places, the State of California, the Country of Canada, and the Country of Israel. Further, through the distribution network set up by NDS using Tarnovsky, Menard, Dawson, Frost, Sergei, Quinn and others, NDS committed these acts throughout the entire United States and abroad by providing the unlawfully obtained proprietary information, codes, fixes, and support, as well as other forms of information and assistance, via the internet.

208. On or about September 6, 1999, a post to the Internet by "KamID0" states "you have to remember that when I made the original page (Dec 1998) the e\* hacking was in its infancy so entire mains were needed. I could easily make it do what you asked, since I start with a base file then add lines for each of the options. All I would need to do is just put in the keys."

209. On or about September 10, 1999, a post to the Internet by "automan," entitled "key change today this morning," states "another keychange and my rev2.5 is alive! You guys rock!" "Uniwiz" responds by stating "hehe....better knock on wood! I feel an ECM coming." "DR7" [Menard] responds by stating "I agree things are going good automan but I think more time is needed to show the problem has been fixed."

210. On or about October 6, 1999, a post to the Internet by "Code" [Tarnovsky], concerning a new circumvention or signal theft device called an AVR,

states "if the key servers are working correctly, you will know the new avr key they [DISH Network] are about to switch to in advance!" A later post to the Internet by "JD" [Dawson], on the same date and concerning inquiry to purchase AVR devices, states "we [Defendants] have available to us now an aftermarket avr device that will activate all channels on the Echostar Dishnetwork system. It runs without the use of the original plastic card and is totally supported via the internet. It is NOT an auto-update product and will stop working in the event of a keychange. HOWEVER, key updates are posted within minutes and available to all. . . . Total cost for board and programmer is currently 150.00 usd. Or 110.00 usd for just the avr board."

- 211. On or about October 6, 1999, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] states "a key change did occur [from Plaintiffs] and then reverted back to the other one, don't know why? I imagine we will see the key change tomorrow and they were testing it…"
- 212. On or about October 19, 1999, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] announced that "'xfile 2.01' and 'Blocker version 2.3 Beta' were posted to the Echo files section of the DR7 website." "DR7" [Menard] further states "sorry they were not posted earlier but the creators [Defendants/Tarnovsky] never bothered to send them so basically I couldn't post what I didn't have, thanks to those that did send them."
- 213. On or about October 27, 1999, a post to the Internet by "uniwiz" states "lastly, I'm getting the idea that an autoroll product is impossible and/or even the E3M [EchoStar 3M] boys [Defendants/Tarnovsky/Menard] can't decrypt the stream packets? The latter sounds impossible to me considering NiPpEr's [Tarnovsky's] posts." A later post to the Internet by "uniwiz," on the same date, states "NiPpEr [Tarnovsky] might have gotten cmd 00 decrypted but he had the cam do it for him? They know what, where, and why, but not how the keys get decrypted from stream?" A later post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard], on the

same date, states "just because you do not have one auto-updating and because people [Defendants/Tarnovsky] don't post doesn't mean it aint happening." A later post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard], on the same date, states "As I've told you many times and you keep asking over and over like a Dish employee just to make sure, the cards are updating without removing from the receiver…how much more will it take you to realize this?"

- 214. On or about October 27, 1999, a post to the Internet by "Code" [Tarnovsky], discussing problems associated with card swap and plans to combat piracy efforts, states "how do you expect them [Plaintiffs] to swap out when there is nothing written to transfer subs? I suppose they'll send everything down over the air to any card you tell them too. I doubt they even have a card ready to be frank. If they did, it might even have the same problems they have now inside. The dumb thing here is the algorithm they use for encrypting the control words is so huge, this means there is no end in sight. They should have used something small and more portable. This algorithm alone takes up around 700 bytes of code for someone like myself to code (extremely tight). We have seen how they write, it would be 1700 bytes for them. There goes a chunk of rom/eeprom space just to encrypt control words."
- 215. On or about October 31, 1999, a post to the Internet by Tarnovsky states "Echo is in bed with Nagra and will use the same ROM for all their cards around the world."
- 216. On or about November 5, 1999, a post to the Internet by "Code" [Tarnovsky] states "there are not key changes [to Plaintiffs' Security System] because this would become part 2 of the system sale. In the event it's [Plaintiffs' Security System] compromised, they need to upgrade the computer software to all this scheduling." A later post to the Internet by "xyz" states "I think it is time for some good freeware [a dump of the EchoStar ROM Code]. It seems that for some reason or another anyone who knows much about e\* hack are all helping the JD's

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[Dawson] in the world to make more and more money." A later post to the Internet by "M DeRuke" states "Code [Tarnovsky], how much would the asic take to be reverse engineered?"

217. On or about November 10, 1999, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] states "I guess sometimes things are better off not talked about and its better for all...for example the auto-roll, the big dealers [in the NDS, Menard and Tarnovsky Distribution scheme] will likely be the first target of  $E^*$  and if they do have auto-rolls that's who they will attack...but whos to say there isn't 50-100 auto-roll versions, guess we wont know till it all goes down." A later post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] illustrates Menard's knowledge of the illegality of his activity by stating: "Hitec [Quinn] its in the best interest not to reveal any specific info's [illegasl information on the hack of the Plaintiffs' Smart Card] as we know that we have many here fishing for info's (echostar), its best just to let everybody enjoy and let all the others do the yakking and confuse echo even more."

218. On or about November 19, 1999, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] provides instructions to remedy problem of member who received an AVR2 [smart card replacement] and programmer [device used to program smart cards or illegal substitute cards] and was unable to load properly. "DR7's" [Menard's] instructions include, "using DOS talk v1.7 and loading the avr2e3m [EchoStar] file which allows AVR2 to use the 3M keys from wintalk."

219. On or about November 26, 1999, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] commenting on Plaintiffs' antipiracy efforts, states that the DISH Network "should not try to combat piracy efforts until they reach 4-6 million subs and that by starting too early they are causing themselves problems because their anti-piracy efforts are affecting legitimate subs' cards." "DR7" [Menard] also states that DISH Network "is in a position to play the tough guys and suffer at the hands of others smarter [NDS, Tarnovsky and Defendants] than those employed by them."

220. On or about December 11, 1	999, a post to the	Internet by	"Shrimp"
[Tarnovsky] states " $E^*$ is not using DES.	They are using a	'DES-like'	algorithm
Plain and simple."	•		

- 221. On or about December 15, 1999, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard], responding to an inquiry as to whether there are any TSOP programmers [illegal smart card programmers and devices] that people can make themselves, states "people are better off buying built adapters."
- 222. On or about December 17, 1999, a post to the Internet by "Nipper-Clauz" [Tarnovsky], entitled "Twas the Night Before Christmas," provided illegally obtained EchoStar Bat keys. In the same post, "DR7" [Menard] thanks "Nipper" [Tarnovsky] and acknowledges that the chat users appreciate "Nipper's" help and that "Nipper" is always welcome. "DR7" [Menard] concludes his post with requesting "Nipper" [Tarnovsky] to make it a great Christmas for everyone by providing additional support.
- 223. On or about December 18, 1999, a post to the Internet by "Gadget" thanks "Nipper" [Tarnovsky] for releasing the AVR1 and Bat keys with instructions how to use them to illegal intercept Plaintiffs' satellite transmissions.
- 224. On or about December 20, 1999, a post to the Internet by "Nipper-Clauz" [Tarnovsky] entitled "tis the season to be jolly," provides additional illegally obtained EchoStar Bat keys.
- 225. On or about December 21, 1999, a post to the Internet by "Nipper-Clauz" [Tarnovsky] entitled "be merry harry," and provides more illegal EchoStar Bat keys. A later post on the same date by "dooby" asks if "can anybody please tell me what the keys Nipper [Tarnovsky] posts are for??" Another member "jar" responds by stating "he [Nipper] posted free [illegally obtained] key for E\*" and "jar" then republishes the AVR and BAT keys that were originally posted by "Nipper-Clauz" [Tarnovsky].

28 | 1

226. On or about December 22, 1999, a post to the Internet by "Poser," responding to post by "Willie Nelson" addressing issues between "freeware" versus "AVR2," states "no doubt, Nipper [Tarnovsky] has some association with the group [Defendants—WestE3M]" In a later post on the same date concerning freeware and hacking Plaintiffs' smart card, "DR7" [Menard] states "some should realize much has been given for free and is still given every so often, hacking and stealing from these same people [Defendants] that brought the most technical echostar info ever would be wrong and in my opinion would not further the freeware movement...this is about hacking the card people not hacking anothers [sic] work thinking your some kinda hero...plain and simple your not."

227. On or about December 28, 1999, a post to the Internet by "smeese," entitled "why no key change?," states "it seems that E\* was changing the key[conducting Electronic Countermeasures] daily when Nipper [Tarnovsky] was releasing them to the public." Later posts on the same date confirm amongst the pirates and hackers that there were no key change since December 23, 1999, that the keys still work, and that "Nipper [Tarnovsky] timed it just perfect."

228. On or about December 31, 1999, a post to the Internet by "Skydive" republished the keys originally posted by "Nipper" [Tarnovsky] (KEY 0 EA FA C1 D9 74 86 5B 86 KEY 1 34 71 AF 84 AB CC 88 01) and "Skydive" states "try these 'thanks to Nipper [Tarnovsky]."

229. On or about January 5, 2000, a post to the Internet by "blank" states "will we get the new batt keys or was that just a one time thing from Nipper [Tarnovsky].?? Please and thank you Nipper [Tarnovsky], you seem to be the only one capable of producing those keys for us...if you have decided not to do them I understand, please post they are not available anymore if that's the case."

230. On or about January 8, 2000, a post by "ZaperNut" to the internet states "I would like to personally thank Nipper [Tarnovsky] for a Merry X-mas and New Year gift [Nipper's posting illegal access keys to the internet and facilitating

piracy of the DISH Network]. It was a delight to have real TV once again. Open a Swiss account or something let us all contribute to a worthy one. Again THANK you Nipper [Tarnovsky]!"

- 231. On or about February 25, 2000, a post by "NiPpEr" [Tarnovsky] to the internet states "HeRe ArE CuRrEnT KeYs [illegally obtained access keys to the DISH Network] ReTuRn SoOn ChArLie: 7D,D9,27,FD,0A,F1,9B,ED; 8C,D5,5C,27,A1,D8,08,E5."
- 232. On or about March 24, 2000, a post to the internet by "xbr21" [Tarnovsky] supplies Plaintiffs' illegally obtained keys posted on dishplex; "Key 05: A8 9B 41 5A 62 8C 57 DE; Key 15: 0F 12 95 8E 2E 32 80 73." A later post by "Blindman" states "I guess someone other than the commercial group now can get keys." "Pasha" responds by stating "99.9% same group different alias" and that "only ONE group know how to do this." A later post by "Code" [Tarnovsky] states "They do NOT all come from the same ROM. Dishnetwork uses ROM2 and ROM3. SkyVista, ExpressVu, and ViaDigital use ROM3 only."
- 233. On or about August 15, 2000, a post by "HeeD" states "the group that is supporting DN E3M [the illegal DISH Network hack] has proven that they know this system inside-and-out. They are not just taking stabs in the dark, or speculating about things...they actually know!"
- 234. On or about August 22, 2000, an internet post by "Lucky555" states "I'm looking to start on hacking echostar, I currently have a programmer and unlooper with an atmel chip programmer on board. I use this on H cards dss. What do I need to get to program that 8515 chip and the cam." "DJROCK" responds by stating "the most promising method of open access which is in fact presently better then the H card hack is a Dishnetwork smartcard revision called E3M [the hack provided by NDS through, among others, Tarnovsky and Menard]. This process is not free and it is not available by download over the web. You will have to go through a dealer. To use such a revision card you must have knowledge

of the target receiver's secret key which is located in a file stored on a TSOP chip inside the receiver. There are three methods to get this secret key: 1) find an older receiver that has never been plugged in and has a functional memory dump, 2) have a company like us pull it from the TSOP chip, 3) have a company like us pull it from a previously or presently married and subscribed smartcard."

[Menard] stating "I have only honestly patched 3 times in 18 months...where do they get the info they post about E3m [the EchoStar hack by NDS, its agents Tarnvosky, Menard and others] being so bad??...I have had one [ECM] since day one when discount [Discount Satellite/Dawson] began selling and have not needed to be updated 15 times...total updates I have had are 3 and since June 1999 that has cost me approximately 5 minutes of my time spent loading."

[Menard] states "maybe the E3M Group [EchoStar hacker group] did reverse engineer Echo or they reversed engineered the original group's hack and took some short cuts... An independent person I know [Tarnovsky] tells me that there is not too many different ways to write 3M code on Echo cards. As far as releasing a patch too many people have reported today from different cities of getting cards programmed.. so I would say that it is true.. as far as closing the hole again as I said it was ONLY speculation on my part as to why the cards are withstanding the ECM [electronic countermeasure]..? if that was the case then how could one write a patch to a hole that is closed.. ? open and close?"

237. On or about November 16, 2000, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] facilitating and assisting in piracy of Plaintiffs' Security System stating "Will Riker did you also notice cards that were out of the stream still work? This includes 01 and 02 cards…also if they reload a card without the loop and just the "call 1-800" it is fixed…doesn't even need to be patched I am told but is very dangerous. I highly doubt they [Plaintiffs] re-wrote the whole code in a day. If

they have patch then why haven't they released? Instead they are simply reloading and getting rid of nag screen for now but it will return I'm sure and next time kill more cards which nobody as of yet seems can unloop. Try a 002 that wasn't in the stream for awhile and tell me what happens."

- 238. On or about November 21, 2000, a post to the Internet by "Koinvizion" [Sergei] announcing that [Defendants/Koinvizion/Sergei] can now fix the "<u>smartcard not inserted correctly Error for \$50.00USD per card + the usual shipping charges for everyone.</u>"
- 239. On or about December 1, 2000, a post to the Internet by "Kingtut" stating "I just got my cards from koin [Andre Sergi] and it works fine, reset the ird 3000 and did check switch and autorolled fine, the 2700 ird it took hours to autorolled!!! But it worked, I'll wait till the nex key update to see how long it will take to autoroll..." A later post by "DR7" [Menard] on the same date states "It appears this time the auto-roll is taking longer on some systems and might even hang the box but it has been working so far for me."
- 240. On or about December 8, 2000, a post to the Internet by "hammertime3m" stating "<u>DR7 is responsible for the E3M [EchoStar hack]</u>, he is the only one loading cards, always has been! He bought the product from a group [NDS via Tarnovsky], he established dealers and started loading cards. That's a FACT! . . . Don't you people find it ODD that he never bashed or attacked the E3M once when it was released. Hell, he went as far as promoting it, praising the dealers, defending it when it was ECM'd. . ."
- 241. On or about December 17, 2000, a post to the Internet by "serf123" inquiring as to whether "SOMEONE would actually be able and willing to post the code to the e3m [EchoStar ROM Code]." A later post to the Internet by "Zoomer" states "IF you dont have a Master code you dont have anything, DR7 [Menard] has the Master code, I was there win he got it, 5 year a ago, and the guy [Tarnovsky] up date him all the time. He [Menard] pays up the but for it. If you had \$\$ for it

you would had it back then. He [Menard] was the only one that had \$\$ for it. I miss out."

a. On December 23 – 24, 2000, NDS through its Agent and Employee, Christopher Tarnovsky, Posted the Full Text of Plaintiffs' Secret EEPROM Code on the Internet – Giving <u>ALL</u> Pirates and Hackers Around the World the Ability to Hack Plaintiffs' Security System, and thus, the Compromise of Plaintiffs' Security System Exploded

242. The December 23, 2000 publication by "Nipper Clauze" [Tarnovsky] on the Pirates Den website was the critical moment when the key to Plaintiffs' safe of proprietary information contained in its Access Cards and Security System was given to the world. In this publication, "Nipper Clauze" [Tarnovsky] provided a sequence of events and data that enable a less sophisticated pirate/hacker to dump the entire EEPROM Code segment. The result of such dump enabled a pirate/hacker to locate and identify Plaintiffs' secret "box keys" and secret "decrypt keys."

243. On or about December 23, 2000, a post by "xbr21" [Tarnovsky], responding to invitation by other members wishing "Nipper Clauze" [Tarnovsky] would reappear and provide information, and states "you want nipper clauze [Tarnovsky] here," and then states "there will be no boxes anymore! There will be no more fights amoungst us. Learn from this and prosper. Works across the world! Do the following: get atr, wait 500ms to ensure card is idle. Send this packet to 288-02 or equivalent ROM 3 nagra cam! Rx 4+4096 bytes and you have entire eeprom. Send this, then rx 4 bytes + 4096 bytes of eeprom." The post was signed by "nipper clause 00" [Tarnovsky]. This December 23, 2000 post by Tarnovsky provided hackers around the world the 'road map' and instructional code to effectuate a complete dump of Plaintiffs' entire EEPROM Code. The actual

code posted by Tarnovsky has been excluded from Plaintiff's Complaint so as not to republish its proprietary ROM Code.

244. A later post by "willdog" states "wow thanks nipper clauze [Tarnovsky] And it works too." A later post by "grasshopper" states "I've got to agree, this is a totally awesome gift to the Dish community."

245. On December 24, 2000, a post to the Internet by "Nipper 2000" [Tarnovsky] at 3:26 a.m. publishing the FULL Echo ROM Code on www.piratesden.com, Discussion Forum. "Nipper 2000's" [Tarnovsky's] post, entitled "tHe ReAl V3 DuMp!," stating "tHeRe Will bE nO bOxEs aNyMoRe! tHeRe Will bE nO mOrE flgHtInG aMoNgSt uS. LeArN fRom ThIs and pRosPer. tHiS Will Be PoStEd To All NeWsGrOuPs ArOuNd ThE WoRID! ThIs Is Dr7'S cOdE (WeSt 3M v3) tHe rEal sTuFf!!" Tarnovsky then goes on to state: "I wIIL dUmP All vErSiOnS oF tHe WeSt CoDe LoOk For iT hEre! nIpPer clauz 00" [Tarnovsky]. The actual code posted by Tarnovsky has been excluded from Plaintiff's complaint so as not to republish its proprietary ROM Code.

246. The first harmful effect of Tarnovsky providing this information was that every ROM3 EchoStar Access Card (approximately 7.6 million in circulation at that time) could then be compromised and forced to dump the EEPROM Code segment revealing the location and identity of Plaintiffs' secret "pairing keys." Prior to Tarnovsky providing this information to the world, a full dump of Plaintiffs' EEPROM Code segment had never been done. As a result, a pirate/hacker was now able to personally update a Pirated EchoStar Access Card or signal theft device to comport with Plaintiffs' frequent "pairing key" changes. Before December 23, 2000, a pirate/hacker was dependent on Defendants Tarnovsky, Menard, Quinn, Sergei, Dawson, and Frost, among others, acting under the control and direction of NDS, to either (1) have Nipper [Tarnovsky] provide the new "pairing keys" on pirate websites, or (2) send the disabled Pirated EchoStar

Access Card back to the dealers for updating. However, as a result of Tarnovsky's publication on December 23, 2000, hackers around the world now had the information necessary to personally circumvent any future EchoStar pairing key change to a ROM3 Access Card. Users now simply inserted the disabled Access Card into a card reader, perform the sequence of events and data provided by Tarnovsky which would identify the new pairing key change, and update the Access Card with the new pairing keys. After performing these steps, the user's Pirated EchoStar Access Card or other signal theft device was no longer disabled and could once again receive unauthorized access to EchoStar Programming.

247. Approximately 24 hours after the EEPROM Code segment dump by Tarnovsky, or about about December 24, 2003, the first harmful effect of Tarnovsky's publication evolved into the outright destruction and full compromise of Plaintiffs' Security System. Given the information Tarnovsky provided, "Johnny ASIC" was able to create and publish a modified version of Tarnovsky's information consisting of another sequence of events and data that a pirate/hacker could use to dump the entire ROM Code segment. The result os such dump enabled the person to possess the intimate personal knowledge of how Plaintiffs' Security System works. As a result of Tarnovsky's post on December 23, 2000, the piracy world was now able to gain access, retrieve, and steal the heart and soul of Plaintiffs' Security System and to dump both the EEPROM Code segment and the requisite Nagra ROM Code segment.

248. On or about December 25, 2000, a post to the Internet by "jumpcue," entitled "dump of e3m [illegally obtained Echostar ROM Code] has message," stating that the EEPROM Code posted by Tarnovsky contains "nipper is a buttlicker" message.

249. On or about December 27, 2000, a post on <a href="www.piratesden.com">www.piratesden.com</a> by "xbr21" [Tarnovsky] stating "Hate HU, only one of the groups I think west has that ST Micro Library ROM, only a few bytes have been released. But I think we got

1	enough info thanks to this buffer overflow trick a write hold should be trivial to
2	some: \$0000-\$001F Peripheral registers; \$0020-\$003F General-purpose RAM,
3	\$0040-\$007F Stack; \$0080-\$021F General-purpose RAM; \$2000-\$3FFF ST Micro
4	library ROM; \$4000-\$7FFF User ROM (EchoStar main code); \$E000-\$EFFF
5	EEPROM."
6	250. On or about December 28, 2000, a post to the Internet by "uniwiz"
7	provided a list of EchoStar data information and giving thanks to "Nipper"
8	[Tarnovsky].
9	251. On or about December 29, 2000, a post to the Internet by "hitek" [Sean
10	Quinn], entitled "e3m cards," states "the new group wants to sell the machines now.
11	We do not want to directly sell them, but if you are interested in one, please e-mail
12	us and we will give you info on the machines as well as where you can order it
13	from. Information is not illegal and support for the machine will be through the
14	new group and not us. They have 30 machines ready to go."
15	252. On or about May 31, 2001, a Pirates Den "DISH Network" File Search
16	yielded the following dowloadable illegal files related to circumvention of
17	Plaintiffs' Security System in order to receive the unauthorized viewing of DISH
18	Network programming services:
19	<ol> <li>sorry Charlie 2.8 (sc28.exe)</li> <li>2 Piece AVR (2pieceavr.zip)</li> </ol>
20	3. msg306src (mcg306src.zip)
21	4. EEEdit (eepedit.zip)
22	<ul><li>5. Mracttv2 (mracttv2.zip)</li><li>6. Nagra Blocker (nagra_blocker21.zip)</li></ul>
23	7. Rom2 Disassembly (rom2.zip)
24	8. Talk10 (talk10.zip) 9. Dish500 (dish500.zip)
25	10.Edit305 (edit305v1.zip)
26	11.Virgin Bin (virgin.zip) 12.Stuntguy's NagraVision hacking FAQ
27	(erom_faq_012000.zip)
28	13.E3m Disassembly (e3ms.zip)
- 11	

1	14.288-02 disassembly (disasm.zip)
2	15. Simple ATME: Programmer \$5 in parts (13418eprog.zip)
3	16.Wbininfo150 (wbininfo150.zip) 17.Dish 3m (dish3m.zip)
4	18.Sorry Charlie (sorrycharlie.zip)
	19.Talk 31d (talk31d.zip)
5	20.01-02 Dumps (0102dumps.zip) 21.Talk3.1b (talk31b.zip)
6	22.Fbprg16 (fbprg.zip)
7	23.Dish Blank Bin (dishblank.zip)
8	24.Dish PPV Wipe (dishppvwiipe.zip)
9	25.EDump (edump.zip) 26.Dish Hardware FAQ (faqdishhdwr.zip)
10	27.MCG305 (mcg305.zip)
11	28.E3m code (wese3mv3.zip) 29.Talk 3.1 (talk31.zip)
12	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
13	On or about June 24, 2001, a post to the Internet by "SatMedic" on
14	www.innermatrix.net "Satellite Chat" regarding "A note from DR7" in which he
	posts the following authored by "DR7" [Menard] "I have been here since day one
15	and ran the site [www.dr7.com] for almost 6 years now, 4 of those years I paid for
16	it out of my pockets with $0$ advertisers and being one of the largest sites there was. $I$
17	lost my first real love who I had been with 5 years because I was addicted to this
18	fucking computer shit, I am now facing multimillion dollar lawsuits and the site is
19	doneso sad."
20	253. On or about December 16, 2001, Tarnovsky admits to Giles Kaehlin,
21	Head of Security for Canal+, at a meeting in London that NDS was responsible for
22	the hack and publication of the DISH Network ROM Code on the internet.
23	Tarnovsky admits that the DISH Network code was sent to him by Reuven Hasak,
24	head of security for NDS in Israel, from John Norris, head of security for NDS
25	Americas. Tarnovsky later sent an email stating that he [Tarnovsky] wanted no
26	further communications to occur between Tarnovsky and Kaehlin.
27	,
28	

254. On or about January 9, 2002, *Norris purchased a "Karl Suss Probe"* manufactured by K&S, model 4524, serial number 610009, with a manual, for the amount of \$18,500 *for Tarnovsky*. On or about January 17, 2002, the item was shipped via Atlas Van Lines to "Chris Tarnovsky at 2339 Carioca Place, Vista, California USA 92084, phone number 760-940-6147, fax number 760-940-6347." *The invoice lists the "End User" to be Chris Tarnovsky at the same address*.

255. On or about August 30, 2002, Norris purchased a "Karl Suss Probe (2 units), \$1,700" and had them sent to Chris Tarnovsky. One item, manufactured by Karl Suss, was a model Probe for the amount of \$850. The other item was also manufactured by Karl Suss and is a model Probe for the amount of \$850. On August 30, 2002, the items were shipped via Federal Express to "Chris Tarnovsky at 2339 Carioca Place, Vista, CA USA 92084, phone number 760-940-6147, and fax number 760-940-6347." The invoice lists the "End User" to be Chris Tarnovsky.

## b. Law Enforcement's Investigation of Christopher Tarnovsky, NDS Employee and Hacker for Satellite Piracy

256. On or about July 29, 2000, "Chris Tarnovsky" of "737 Poppy Rd, San Marcos, CA 92078, phone number 760-510-9487, DL # B9008318", signed a "Mailbox Rental Agreement" with "Mail and More, 925 E Hwy 80 PMB #245, San Marcos, TX 78666." Tarnovsky agreed to pay a \$7.00 per month rate for box #245, for a total of \$84.00 for one year. He wrote into the agreement the following instructions: "Forward all mail as arriving next day including Saturday. For voice verification, ask dog name: answer "'Princess." For payment, Tarnovsky used credit card number "4225-8106-5036-3909, expiration 12-01."

257. Tarnovsky received the following packages on the following dates at "Mail and More" at his post office box address noted above:

- 1. On or about August 2, 2000, "X-Factor, X-Factor Design [Allen Menard's company], # 108-280 Nelson St., Vancouver, BC Canada, phone number 604-408-7762, UPS account number 49W-W48" sent a package to "CT [Tarnovsky], 925 E. highway 80 PMB #245, San Marcos, Texas 78666 USA, phone number 716-259-1580." The item enclosed was described as a "Sony Play Station manufactured in Japan" with tracking number "W601 911 651 5." The "Declaration of Contents and Shipper's Letter of Instruction" states that "X-Factor, X-Factor Design" shipped the package and describe the items enclosed as "one (1) Sony Psx Z, manufactured in Japan, valuing \$900.00; one (1) Sony Controller, manufactured in Japan, valuing \$30.00, and three (3) Sony CDs, manufactured in Japan, valuing \$60.00." The remarks section of the declaration reads "Birthday Gift." Tarnovsky's birthday listed on his California driver's license is April 20, 1971.
- 2. On or about August 11, 2000, the "Declaration of Contents and Shipper's Letter of Instruction" states that "Hi-Fi Exchange, 1750 Davie St. Suite 201, Vancouver, BC VGG-3B7, phone number 808-6026," sent one package weighing 11 pounds to "CT [Chris Tarnovsky] Electronics, 925 E Hwy 80 PMB #245, San Marcos, TX 78666." The item enclosed is described as "one (1) Technics Cassette Deck, manufactured in Singapore valued at \$350.00."
- 3. On or about August 15, 2000, the "Declaration of Contents and Shipper's Letter of Instruction" states that "Regency Audio, 1750 Drive, V663B7, Canada, phone number 604-808-6061" sent one package weighing 10 pounds to "CT [Chris Tarnovsky] Electronics, 925 E Hwy 80 #245, San Marcos, TX 78666, phone number 512-897-1677." The item enclosed is described as "one (1) Graphic Equalizer, manufactured in the USA, valuing \$300.00."
- 4. On or about August 23, 2000, a "Declaration of Contents and Shipper's Letter of Instruction" states that "Regency Audio, 1750 Davie #201, Van BC V663B1", sent one package weighing 10 pounds to "Owner, CT [Tarnovsky] Electronics, 925E Hwy 80 #245, San Marcos, TX 78666, phone number 396-1247." The item sent is described as "one (1) Sony Minidisk, manufactured in the USA, valuing \$350.00." The shipment was charged a \$62.78 transportation charge.

QUIRE, SANDERS L.L.P.

01 South Figueroa Street 14" Floor Los Angeles CA 90017

- On or about August 25, 2000, "Regency, Regency Audio, 1750 Davie 3201, Van, BC VGB3B7, phone number 807-2262, UPS account number 638X87", sent one package, with a weight of 11 pounds to "CT [Tarnovsky], 925 E. highway 80 Suite 245, San Marcos, Texas 78666 USA, phone number 512-369-29." The item is described as a "compact disc player manufactured in the USA." The tracking number on the package was "W619 045 603 0." The package was sent "expedited" with the special instructions "Zone 351."
- 6. On or about August 28, 2000, "Regency, Regency Audio, 1750 Davie 3201, Van, BC VGB3B7, phone number 807-2262, UPS account number 638X87", sent one package, with an actual weight of 9 pounds to "CT [Tarnovsky] Electronics, 925 E. highway 80 Suite 245, San Marcos, Texas 78666 USA, phone number 512-369-4242." The item was described as a "DVD Player manufactured in the USA." The tracking number on the package was "W619 045 602 1", and the package was sent "expedited."
- 7. On or about August 28, 2000, a package was sent to "Von," [Tarnovsky] from "8132 Washburn Ct, Luling, TX 78648, phone number 703-850-2337", with FedEx letter to "Chris Tarnovsky, 925 E. Hwy 80 #245, San Marcos, TX 78666, phone number 703-850-2337." The parcel was sent FedEx Priority Overnight with the tracking number "8153 1564 6118." The sender, "Von," has an account that will be billed to pay for the shipment. The parcel was to be delivered by August 29, 2000.
- 8. On or about August 29, 2000 a package was sent to "Von" [Tarnovsky] from Mail & More, 925 Highway 80, San Marcos, Texas 78666, phone number 703-850-2337, with a FedEx Envelope/Letter to "Chris Tarnovsky, 737 Poppy Rd., San Marcos, CA 92078." The parcel was sent FedEx Priority Overnight with the tracking number "8213 3536 0680." Tarnovsky, "Von," has an account, number "1700-1825-7" that is billed for the shipment. The FedEx tag is marked "XENIRA."
- 258. On or about August 29, 2000, an investigation by Detectives at the Hays County Narcotics Task Force was conducted in response to an anonymous call from a concerned citizen stating that a suspicious parcel had been mailed from Luling, Texas to San Marcos, Texas, and then forwarded to San Marcos, California

at Christopher Tarnovsky's expense. The caller advised "there was no reason for the parcel to be mailed to San Marcos, TX before being mailed to San Marcos, CA." The investigation revealed that the return address and phone number on this parcel was invalid. The name for the return address was "Von" [Tarnovsky].

259. The investigation further revealed that Chris Tarnovsky was living at 737 Poppy Road, San Marcos, California 92078. On July 29, 2000, and that he rented mailbox number 245 at "Mail and More, 925 E.HWY 80, San Marcos, Hays County, Texas." Tarnovsky instructed the store manager to forward all of his mail as arriving next day including Saturday to 737 Poppy Road, San Marcos, California 92078. The store manager had been forwarding parcels to Tarnovsky approximately "every day or every other day." Tarnovsky falsely told the store manager of Mail and More that he was a student at Southwest Texas State University and was returning home to San Marcos, CA. However, the investigation revealed that there was no record of Tarnovsky ever attending Southwest Texas State University or living in the San Marcos, TX area.

260. On or about August 30, 2000, the store manager notified Detectives that he received another parcel to be forwarded to Tarnovsky. The parcel was in a JVC compact disc box with a return address of "Regency Audio, 1750 Davis #201, Van BC VGG3B7" and addressed to "CT [Tarnovsky] Electronics, 925 W HWY suite 245, San Marcos, TX." Canines gave a positive alert at the presence of the odor of marijuana or other illegal drugs after smelling the parcel. A search warrant was then executed and \$20,100.00 in US currency was discovered inside a medium brown envelope taped to the circuitry inside the JVC compact disc player.

261. On or about August 31, 2000, the store manager again notified the investigating detective that a parcel had arrived. The parcel was identical to the one received the day before, except the box was from a "*Pioneer DVD*." Canines again gave a positive alert at the suspected parcel. A second search warrant was executed

and \$20,000.00 in US currency was found in a medium sized envelope taped to the circuitry of the DVD player.

262. On or about September 18, 2000, a 2 pound parcel with the dimensions 26 x 6 x 6 was shipped "PRIORITY OVERNIGHT" to "Chris Tarnovsky, 925 3 Hwy 80 PMB 245, San Marcos, TX 78666." The tracking number on the parcel was 4796 4348 4020. The parcel was to be delivered by September 19, 2000. The tag is identified by account # 100467461, REP 7952771,1,9664120 (1), cad # 0052421 18SEP00, and the letters "XENIRA." The tag also shows "Digi-Key Corp., 701 Brooks Ave. S., Thief River Falls, MN 56701, (218)681-6674" as labeled "Shipping."

263. On or about September 19, 2000, it was discovered that *Tarnovsky* placed approximately 80 phone calls to Israel [NDS] and 120 to Belgium. Tarnovsky also traveled over seas twice every six months going to Brussels and other European countries. Tarnovsky had received two parcels at his residence from Minnesota and *Virginia* [Tarnovsky Sr.].

264. On or about December 14, 2000, U.S. Customs advised the Hays County Narcotics Task Force that *Tarnovsky worked for NDS in California and was believed to be counterfeiting or pirating satellite T.V. access cards*. U.S. Customs was, and currently is, working with Direct TV's private security company who was, and currently is, also investigating Tarnovsky. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that U.S. Customs also investigated Tarnovsky on a case in the States of Oregon and Washington.

265. On or about January 9, 2001, a "knock and talk" by U.S. customs agents Flannigan and Spears, as well as Ruben Romero of Galaxy Latin America, takes place at at Tarnovsky's house in California. During the walkthrough, Agent Flannigan sees a card emulator [device used for satellite piracy] pushing out smart cards.

266. On or about February 9, 2001, U.S. Customs agents perform a raid on Tarnovsky's house.

267. On or about March 8, 2001, at a meeting with Menard in Canada with Ereiser present, Menard stated that "Tarnovsky would lose his job" if Menard provided any information as to how the initial hack of EchoStar's conditional access system occurred. Tarnovsky was an employee and agent of NDS at this time. VII. PLAINTIFFS **HAVE** BEEN, **AND CONTINUE** TO **SUBSTANTIALLY INJURED** BY **DEFENDANTS' ILLEGAL CONDUCT** 

1. As a Direct Result of Defendants Posting Plaintiffs' EEPROM Code to the Internet, Plaintiffs' have had to, For the Very First Time, Employ a Smart Card Swap of Approximately More than 7 Million Smart Cards

268. Since NDS's hacking the EchoStar/NagraStar smart card and posting its EEPROM and ROM Codes on the Internet, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) have become available.

269. These Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices allow and facilitate the decryption of DISH Network's Programming services without Plaintiffs' authorization or viewers' payment of the necessary and required fees. These Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices have been, and continue to be advertised and

sold on the Internet, in local publications, and in underground satellite publications, in addition to being often times sold by satellite equipment retail dealers. Regardless of how these Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices are advertised, marketed, distributed, or sold, the fact of the matter is that these Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices would not presently exist but for the wrongful conduct of Defendants, as described herein.

270. Defendants' wrongful conduct has injured, and will continue to injure, Plaintiffs by depriving Plaintiffs of subscription and pay-per-view revenues and other valuable consideration, compromising Plaintiffs' security and accounting systems, infringing Plaintiffs' trade secrets and proprietary information, and interfering with Plaintiffs' contractual and prospective business relations.

### VI. <u>CAUSES OF ACTION</u>

### FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Circumventing Technological Measures Concerning Protected and Copyrighted Works in Violation of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 1201(a)(1)(A))

- 271. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above paragraphs as if fully set forth in this cause of action.
- 272. Defendants circumvented Plaintiffs' technological measures contained within EchoStar Access Cards which effectively control access to works protected under Title 17 of the United States Code, namely DISH Network's satellite television programming services and the protected works broadcasted thereon, by altering, modifying, compromising, pirating, and/or reprogramming EchoStar Access Cards to bypass EchoStar's encryption protection contained therein and to enable the unauthorized access of copyrighted satellite television programming, with each instance in violation of 17 U.S.C. § 1201(a)(1)(A).

273. These acts complained of herein occurred in, amongst other places, the State of California, Canada, and Israel.

274. Defendants' acts of circumvention have been and continue to be performed without the permission, authorization, or consent of Plaintiffs or any owner of copyrighted programming broadcasted on the DISH Network.

275. Defendants have violated Section 1201(a)(1) of the DMCA willfully, and for purposes of commercial advantage or private financial gain.

276. Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 1203, Plaintiffs are entitled to equitable relief, damages (either statutory damages of \$200 to \$2,500 per violation, or actual damages plus any profits realized by Defendants as a result of this unlawful conduct), reasonable attorney's fees, and costs, in addition to all other relief to which they may be entitled.

### SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

### (Manufacture of and Traffic in Signal Theft Devices in Violation of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 1201(a)(2))

277. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.

278. Defendants were and are actively engaged in the business of manufacturing, importing (to the United States), offering to the public, providing, or otherwise trafficking in altered, modified, compromised, and/or counterfeit EchoStar Access Cards ("Pirated EchoStar Access Cards") and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) knowing, or

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having reason to know, that such Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system): (a) are primarily designed or produced for the purpose of circumventing Plaintiffs' encryption and conditional access technological measures that effectively control access to copyrighted satellite television programming; (b) have only limited commercially significant purpose or use other than to circumvent Plaintiffs' encryption and conditional access technological measures that effectively controls access to copyrighted programming; or (c) were marketed by Defendants, or others acting in concert with Defendants with Defendants' knowledge, for use in circumventing Plaintiffs' encryption and conditional access technological measures Plaintiffs' encryption and conditional access technological measures that effectively controls access to copyrighted programming, in violation of 17 U.S.C. § 1201(a)(2).

- 279. These acts complained of herein occurred in, amongst other places, the State of California, Canada, and Israel.
- 280. Defendants' violations have injured, and will continue to injure, Plaintiffs by depriving Plaintiffs of subscription and pay-per-view revenues and other valuable consideration, compromising Plaintiffs' security and accounting systems, infringing Plaintiffs' trade secrets and proprietary information, and interfering with Plaintiffs' contractual and prospective business relations.
- 281. Defendants' acts of circumvention have been, and continue to be, performed without the permission, authorization, or consent of Plaintiffs or any owner of copyrighted programming.

282. Defendants have violated Section 1201(a)(2) of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act willfully, and for purposes of commercial advantage or private financial gain.

283. Defendants knew, or should have known, that manufacturing, importing (to the United States), offering to the public, providing, and trafficking in Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) was and is illegal and prohibited.

284. Such violations have caused, and will continue to cause, Plaintiffs irreparable harm, and Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law to redress any such continued violations. Unless restrained by this Court, Defendants will continue to violate 17 U.S.C. § 1201(a)(2).

### THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Manufacture of and Traffic in Signal Theft Devices in Violation of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 1201(b)(1))

285. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.

286. Defendants were and are actively engaged in the business of manufacturing, importing (to the United States), offering to the public, providing, or otherwise trafficking in Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to,

loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and other hardware and software intended for EchoStar's digital satellite system) knowing, or having reason to know, that such Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system): (a) are primarily designed or produced for the purpose of circumventing the protection afforded by Plaintiffs' encryption and conditional access technological measures that effectively protects rights of copyright owners in a work or portion thereof; (b) have only limited commercially significant purpose or use other than to circumvent the protection afforded by Plaintiffs' encryption and conditional access technological measures that effectively protects rights of copyright owners in a work or portion thereof; or (c) were marketed by Defendants, or others acting in concert with Defendants with Defendants' knowledge, for use in circumventing Plaintiffs' encryption and conditional access technological measures Plaintiffs' encryption and conditional access technological measures that effectively protects rights of copyright owners in a work or portion thereof, in violation of 17 U.S.C. § 1201(b)(1).

287. These acts complained of herein occurred in, amongst other places, the State of California, Canada, and Israel.

288. Defendants' violations have injured, and will continue to injure, Plaintiffs by depriving Plaintiffs of subscription and pay-per-view revenues and

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other valuable consideration, compromising Plaintiffs' security and accounting systems, infringing Plaintiffs' trade secrets and proprietary information, and interfering with Plaintiffs' contractual and prospective business relations.

- 289. Defendants' acts of circumvention have been, and continue to be, performed without the permission, authorization, or consent of Plaintiffs or any owner of copyrighted programming.
- 290. Defendants have violated Section 1201(b)(1) of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act willfully, and for purposes of commercial advantage or private financial gain.
- 291. Defendants knew, or should have known, that manufacturing, importing (to the United States), offering to the public, providing, and trafficking in Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) was and is illegal and prohibited.
- 292. Such violations have caused, and will continue to cause, Plaintiffs irreparable harm, and Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law to redress any such continued violations. Unless restrained by this Court, Defendants will continue to violate 17 U.S.C. § 1201(b)(1).

### FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Facilitating the Unauthorized Reception of Satellite Signals in Violation of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. § 605(a))

293. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.

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294. By designing, manufacturing, developing, manufacturing, assembling, modifying, importing (to the United States), trafficking, distributing, and selling Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system), Defendants have assisted the unauthorized reception of use of EchoStar's satellite transmissions of television programming by persons not authorized to receive such transmissions, in violation of 47 U.S.C. § 605(a).

295. These acts complained of herein occurred in, amongst other places, the State of California, Canada, and Israel.

296. Defendants' violations have injured, and will continue to injure, Plaintiffs by depriving Plaintiffs of subscription and pay-per-view revenues and other valuable consideration, compromising Plaintiffs' security and accounting systems, infringing Plaintiffs' trade secrets and proprietary information, and interfering with Plaintiffs' contractual and prospective business relations.

297. Defendants' acts of circumvention have been, and continue to be, performed without the permission, authorization, or consent of Plaintiffs or any owner of copyrighted programming.

298. Defendants have violated Section 605(a) the Communications Act willfully, and for purposes of commercial advantage or private financial gain.

299. Defendants knew, or should have known, that assisting third person in the reception and use of EchoStar's satellite transmissions of television programming, without authorization, was and is illegal and prohibited.

300. Defendants' violations of 47 U.S.C. § 605(a) have injured, and will continue to injure, EchoStar's ability to maximize the revenues which it seeks to derive from its satellite television programming as EchoStar has been deprived of the benefit of subscribers to EchoStar's satellite television programming.

301. Pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 605(e)(3), Plaintiffs are entitled to equitable relief, damages (either statutory damages of \$1000 to \$10000 per violation, or actual damages plus any profits realized by Defendants for each violation of 47 U.S.C. § 605(a)), and reasonable attorney's fees and costs. Plaintiffs seek all other relief to which they may be entitled.

### FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Manufacture and Sale of Signal Theft Devices in Violation of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. § 605(e)(4))

302. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.

303. Defendants have engaged in the business of manufacturing, assembling, modifying, importing (to the United States), exporting, selling, and distributing Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) knowing, or having reason to know, that such Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit

boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) are primarily of assistance in the unauthorized decryption of EchoStar's satellite television programming services, or are intended by Defendants to assist other persons in the unauthorized reception and use of EchoStar's satellite television programming services, in violation of 47 U.S.C. § 605(e)(4).

- 304. These acts complained of herein occurred in, amongst other places, the State of California, Canada, and Israel.
- 305. Defendants' acts of circumvention have been, and continue to be, performed without the permission, authorization, or consent of Plaintiffs or any owner of copyrighted programming.
- 306. Defendants' violations have injured, and will continue to injure, Plaintiffs by depriving Plaintiffs of subscription and pay-per-view revenues and other valuable consideration, compromising Plaintiffs' security and accounting systems, infringing Plaintiffs' trade secrets and proprietary information, and interfering with Plaintiffs' contractual and prospective business relations.
- 307. Defendants have violated Section 605(e)(4) the Communications Act willfully and for purposes of commercial advantage or private financial gain.
- 308. Defendants knew, or should have known, that manufacturing, assembling, modifying, importing (to the United States), exporting, selling, and distributing Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware

and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system), primarily of assistance in the unauthorized reception and decryption of EchoStar's satellite television programming services, was and is illegal and prohibited.

309. Pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 605(e)(3), Plaintiffs are entitled to equitable relief, damages (either statutory damages of \$1000 to \$10000 per violation, or actual damages plus any profits realized by the Defendants and/or their agents as a result of this unlawful conduct), and reasonable attorney's fees and costs. Plaintiffs seek all other relief to which they may be entitled.

### SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

## (Unauthorized Interception of Electronic Communications in Violation of the Electronic Communications Privacy Act, 18 U.S.C. § 2511(1)(a))

- 310. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.
- 311. By designing, developing, manufacturing, assembling, modifying, importing (to the United States), exporting, trafficking, selling, and distributing Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system), and advertising and providing software, information, and technical support services relating to Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers,

bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system), Defendants intentionally intercepted, endeavored to intercept, or procured other persons to intercept or endeavor to intercept, EchoStar's satellite transmissions of television programming, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 2511(1)(a).

- 312. These acts complained of herein occurred in, amongst other places, the State of California, Canada, and Israel.
- 313. Defendants' violations have injured, and will continue to injure, Plaintiffs by depriving Plaintiffs of subscription and pay-per-view revenues and other valuable consideration, compromising Plaintiffs' security and accounting systems, infringing Plaintiffs' trade secrets and proprietary information, and interfering with Plaintiffs' contractual and prospective business relations.
- 314. Defendants have engaged in conduct in violation of Section 2511(1)(a) of the Electronic Communications Privacy Act for a tortious or illegal purpose, or for purposes of direct or indirect commercial advantage or private commercial gain.
- 315. Defendants knew, or should have known, that such interception of EchoStar's satellite transmissions of television programming was and is illegal and prohibited.
- 316. Such violations have caused and will continue to cause Plaintiffs irreparable harm and Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law to redress any such continued violations. Unless restrained by this Court, Defendants will continue to violate 18 U.S.C. § 2511(1)(a).

#### SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

### (Trademark Infringement in Violation of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1114)

317. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.

318. EchoStar has adopted the mark "DISH Network" and used it in interstate commerce for equipment, goods, and services sold or licensed by EchoStar as part of its direct broadcast satellite system. On February 5, 1995, an application for registration of said mark was filed in the United States Patent and Trademark Office. On May 5, 1998, said mark was registered in the United States Patent and Trademark Office on the Principal Register under the Act of 1946 covering the use of said mark on equipment, goods, and services sold or licensed by EchoStar as part of its direct broadcast system. EchoStar's registration is now outstanding and valid.

319. Defendants have infringed EchoStar's mark in interstate and foreign commerce by various acts including, but not limited to, designing, manufacturing, importing, distributing, selling, offering for sale, and advertising Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite systemunder the name and mark of "DISH Network." Defendants' use of EchoStar's mark is without permission or authority of EchoStar and said use is likely to cause confusion, mistake, and deceit.

- 320. These acts complained of herein occurred in, amongst other places, the State of California, Canada, and Israel.
- 321. Defendants, individually and as members of the conspiracy, have engaged in conduct in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1114 with the intent to cause confusion, mistake, and deceit.

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322. Defendants knew, or should have known, that their use of the "DISH Network" mark (1) on Pirated EchoStar Access Cards that Defendants designed, manufactured, imported (to the United States), distributed, and sold, (2) on other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) that Defendants designed, manufactured, imported (to the United States), distributed, and sold, and (3) on Defendants' advertisements for the sale and use of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) was and is illegal and prohibited. Such violations have caused and will continue to cause Plaintiffs irreparable harm, and Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law to redress any such continued violations. Unless restrained by this Court, Defendants will continue to violate 15 U.S.C. § 1114.

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# EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Use of False Designation in Violation of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a))

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323. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.

324. Defendants have caused Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) to enter into interstate and foreign commerce with the designation and representation "DISH Network" connected therewith. Defendants' use of "DISH Network" is a false designation of origin which is likely to cause confusion, mistake, and deceit as to the affiliation, connection, or association of Defendants with EchoStar and as to the origin, sponsorship, or approval of such goods and services by EchoStar.

- 325. These acts complained of herein occurred in, amongst other places, the State of California, Canada, and Israel.
- 326. Defendants' actions are in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a) in that Defendants have used in connection with goods and services advertised and sold by Defendants a false designation of origin, a false or misleading description and representation of fact which is likely to cause confusion, mistake, and deceit as to the affiliation, connection, or association of Defendants with EchoStar and as to the origin, sponsorship, or approval of Defendants' goods, services, and commercial activities by EchoStar.
- 327. Defendants, individually and as members of the conspiracy, have engaged in conduct in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a) with the intent to cause confusion, mistake, and deceit.

328. Defendants knew, or should have known, that their false designation of origin and their false or misleading description and representation of fact were and are illegal and prohibited. Such violations have caused and will continue to cause Plaintiffs irreparable harm, and Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law to redress any such continued violations. Unless restrained by this Court, Defendants will continue to violate 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a).

### NINETH CAUSE OF ACTION

(RICO, 18 U.S.C. § 1962(c))

- 329. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.
- 330. Defendants' unlawful, tortious and otherwise actionable conduct as alleged in Plaintiffs' SAC constitutes a pattern of of "racketeering activity" as defined by 18 U.S.C. § 1961.
- 331. Defendants committed at least the following predicate acts: (i) criminal copyright infringement in violation of 17 U.S.C. § 506(a) and 18 U.S.C. § 2319; (ii) misconduct in connection with access devices in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1029; and (iii) wire fraud in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1343. Defendants produced, trafficked in, controlled, and possessed device making equipment in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1029(a)(4).
- 332. Each of these violations by Defendants Norris, Hasak, Tarnovsky, Kommerling, Luyando, among others, of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1029, 1341, 1343, and 2319, constitutes an instance of "racketeering activity" as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 1961(1), and was committed in furtherance of the conspiracy to compromise and make available EchoStar's proprietary information to the general public for an illegal use. Defendants Norris, Hasak, Tarnovsky, Kommerling, Luyando, among others, and each of them, aided and abetted the commission of these violations of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1029, 1341, 1343, and 2319.

333. At all times relevant, Defendants NDS, Norris, Hasak, Kommerling, Luyando, Tarnovsky, Menard, and Menard's distribution network consisting of Defendants Quinn, Sergei, Dawson, and Frost, among others, ("distribution network") were associated-in-fact through their continuing efforts from as early as 1998 to present to compromise, and make available to the general public for improper and illegal use, EchoStar's proprietary information including, but not limited to, EchoStar's secret ROM and EEPROM Codes, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to modify or alter EchoStar Access cards to receive and view EchoStar Programming without authorization, and software programs, technical support services, and fixes designed and intended to circumvent Plaintiffs' ECMs that instituted primarily to disable Defendants' illegal devices and/or support services. Such association in fact constitutes and enterprise as defined in 18 U.S.C. §1961(4).

334. Defendant NDS specifically functioned to oversee and coordinate the implementation of specific acts by the various Defendants including, but not limited to, Defendants Norris, Hasak, Kommerling, Luyando, Tarnovsky, Menard, and Menard's distribution network, made strategic decisions concerning the extraction of Plaintiffs' secret ROM and EEPROM Codes, the design and manufacture of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to modify or alter EchoStar Access cards to receive and view EchoStar Programming without authorization, and facilitated communication between the various Defendants referenced herein. Specifically, Defendant NDS directed the affairs of Defendants Norris, Hasak, Kommerling, Luyando, Tarnovsky, Menard, and Menard's distribution network on an ongoing basis and recruited and attempted to recruit others for the enterprise including, but not limited to, Norm Dick and John Greyson. Defendant NDS also made decisions about the information that was to be made available to the general public in addition to manner and timing of the release of Plaintiffs' secret ROM and EEPROM Codes,

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select portions thereof, and/or specific and detailed instructions on how to extract same, the design and manufacture of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to modify or alter EchoStar Access cards to receive and view EchoStar Programming without authorization. This constitutes an organization separate and apart from the activity in which NDS was engaged.

- 335. Defendants and/or their agents have an organizational structure or system of authority for making and implementing decisions and for exercising common control over its members.
- 336. Defendants and/or their agents' organization and structure of the enterprise existed as an entity separate and apart from the pattern of conspiratorial racketeering activity. Menard is or was at the top of the distribution and sale structure of the enterprise and controls this enterprise through various business entities. These business entities included, among others, DR7, a Canadian business entity operating through the website www.DR7.com. DR7 has or had a legal existence separate and apart from the enterprise and its illegal racketeering activity. However, it is or was operated and utilized as part of the enterprise for the purpose of furthering the racketeering activity. The enterprise also operates through, among others, "Discount Satellite" run by Defendant Dave Dawson, and "Koinvizion" run by Defendant Andaard Sergei, the "NewFrontier Group" run by Defendant Stan Frost. Menard employs or employed various associates who work directly for him, assisting in the day to day operation of the DR7 website and of the enterprise.
- 337. Menard is or was the primary decisionmaker of the distribution and sale structure of the enterprise, controlling and directing the affairs of the group on an ongoing basis and recruiting the various individual Defendants and/or their agents. Menard exerted control over the direction of the enterprise by, for example, selling devices that allowed the pirates to operate as "dealers" of altered Access Cards. Those associated with Defendants constituted a distribution network for the

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altered Access Cards and pirate technology. They imported, exported, concealed, and sold altered Access Cards to subscribers and prospective subscribers throughout the United States and elsewhere. They used pirate technology, including programmers, to manufacture and repair altered Access Cards. These actions were taken in furtherance of the enterprise's goal of harming Plaintiffs and decreasing Plaintiffs' competitiveness.

- 338. NDS is or was the primary decisionmaker of the technology structure of the enterprise, controlling and directing the affairs of Christopher Tarnovsky on an ongoing basis and recruiting or attempting to recruit others for the enterprise. NDS exerted control over the direction of the enterprise by, for example, employing or attempting to employ individuals to hack or break the Security System, and by determining what technology and information would be made available to harm Plaintiffs. The enterprise is more than the sum of its racketeering activity.
- 339. The distribution side, and the technology side, of the organization and structure discussed herein functioned as a continuing unit and were controlled primarily by the single-decision making apparatus within NDS, which determined when and what hacked software code to release to the public.
- 340. The central decision making apparatus within NDS's was able to control Menard and his distribution network by, *inter alia*, (a) NDS bestowed upon Menard the ability to reprogram EchoStar smart cards by providing Menard with a sophisticated reprogrammer device (coined by Tarnovsky as "the stinger") designed and built by NDS and Tarnovsky using the proprietary information NDS unlawfully obtained from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' smart cards at the NDS laboratory in Haifa, Israel; (b) controlling the number of EchoStar smart cards that Menard was able to unlawfully reprogram, and ultimately distribute to pirating endusers via his distribution network, by instructing and/or assisting Tarnovsky in writing software codes that operated the NDS/Tarnovsky reprogrammer in a "CONTROLLED" manner such that it would automatically become disabled after

reprogramming a predetermined number of Plaintiffs' smart cards; (c) controlling Menard's ability to 'reactivate' the NDS/Tarnovsky reprogrammer - to wit, Tarnovsky would not send software and/or command codes to reactivate the reprogramming device until instructed to do so by NDS; (d) controlling which specific portions of Plaintiffs' proprietary code that Menard could publically post on his www.dr7.com website as well as when such posts could be effectuated; (e) controlling the specific type, generation or version of Plaintiffs' smart cards that Menard was able to reprogram and ultimately provide to the pirating end-users via his distribution network; (f) controlling if, when, how and where the unlawfully reprogrammed EchoStar smart cards distributed by Menard and his distribution network would be reactivated and/or repaired after Plaintiffs launched an electronic counter measure to disable these cards by deciding whether to provide Menard a "fix", "update" or "counter ecm", among other technical support, in which to post on his website or wether to have Tarnovsky physically write a new code to repair said cards in which case Menard and his distribution network would be required to re-acquire these distributed cards and load them back into the NDS/Tarnovsky reprogrammer; (g) controlling the price (and conversely, the supply and demand market) that Menard and his distribution network were able to distribute these pirated EchoStar smart cards for; (h) controlling the degree of protection NDS would provide and when such protection was provided to Menard and the members of his distribution network by, inter alia, running interference with and/or providing information to the Canadian RCMP; and (i) controlling when and how NDS/Tarnovsky would effectuate the wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs conditional access system - which ultimately occurred via Tarnovsky's December 23 and 24, 2000 posts on Menard's website, among others.

341. Defendants knowingly produced, trafficked in, controlled, possessed "device making equipment" - any equipment, mechanism, or impression

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of South Figueroa, Street 14<sup>th</sup> Floor Los Angeles CA 90017

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designed or primarily used for making an access device or counterfeit access device - in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1029, by at least the following:

- On or about April 5, 1999, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] states that Menard "visited Discount [Discount Satellite/Dawson] this aft, got card reloaded with bootstrap and main.enc file and some other small one that some program made, bat card now fully functioning."
- On or about April 20, 1999, Dawson and Discount Satellite were raided in Edmonton by the RCMP; local reports regarding Dawson's selling pirated EchoStar access cards and other illegal signal theft devices on his Internet website, www.discountsatellite.com. Among the items confiscated were illegal satellite access cards, computers, and other equipment used to program access cards, approximately \$69,500 in U.S. and Canadian money orders and cash, and drugs. Dawson continued to operate his illegal business in Canada through his website, www.discountsatellite.com.
- On or about October 6, 1999, a post to the Internet by "Code" [Tarnovsky], concerning a new circumvention or signal theft device called an AVR, states "if the key servers are working correctly, you will know the new avr key they [DISH Network] are about to switch to in advance!"
- On or about October 6, 1999, a post to the Internet by "JD" [Dawson], concerning inquiry to purchase AVR devices, states "we [Defendants] have available to us now an aftermarket avr device that will activate all channels on the Echostar Dishnetwork system. It runs without the use of the original plastic card and is totally supported via the internet. It is NOT an autoupdate product and will stop working in the event of a keychange. HOWEVER, key updates are posted within minutes and available to all.... Total cost for board and programmer is currently 150.00 usd. Or 110.00 usd for just the avr board."
- On or about September 8, 2000, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] stating "I have only honestly patched 3 times in 18 months...where do they get the info they post about E3m [the EchoStar hack by NDS, its agents Tarnvosky, Menard and others] being so bad??...I have had one [ECM] since day one when discount [Discount Satellite/Dawson] began selling and have not needed to be updated 15 times...total updates I have had are 3 and since June 1999 that has cost me approximately 5 minutes of my time spent loading."

On or about November 21, 2000, a post to the Internet by "Koinvizion" [Sergei] announcing that [Defendants] can now fix the "smartcard not inserted correctly Error for \$50.00USD per card + the usual shipping charges for everyone."

- On or about December 29, 2000, a post to the Internet by "hitek" [Sean Quinn], entitled "e3m cards," states "the new group wants to sell the machines now…please e-mail us and we will give you info on the machines as well as where you can order it from…30 machines ready to go."

342. Defendants engaged in mail fraud in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1341 when Defendants transmitted, by means of United States Postal Service and/or commercial interstate and foreign carriers, at least the following:

- On or about April 16, 1999, NDS letter was sent from Adams to Hasak concerning, among other things, a piracy investigation of <a href="www.dr7.com">www.dr7.com</a> and "DR7" [Al Menard]. Adams states, "[s]omewhere in the loop appears PINKERTON investigative Service. They at one time worked for Irdeto as well as other companies. There is talk that an agency is investigating DR7[Menard]."
- On or about June 18, 1999, a NDS Letter to Hasak from Adams concerning NDS's hiring satellite pirates and hackers in order to "CONTROL" them as well as NDS's fear of losing its contract with DirecTV to be DirecTV's smart card provider.
- On or about August 2, 2000, "X-Factor, X-Factor Design [Menard's company], # 108-280 Nelson St., Vancouver, BC Canada, phone number 604-408-7762, UPS account number 49W-W48" sent a package to "CT [Tarnovsky], 925 E. highway 80 PMB #245, San Marcos, Texas 78666 USA, phone number 716-259-1580." The item enclosed was described as a "Sony Play Station manufactured in Japan" with tracking number "W601 911 651 5." Menard sent the "expedited" with the special instructions "UPS CALL MBE 1<sup>ST</sup> ON ANY SHIPPER ISSUE." The "Declaration of Contents and Shipper's Letter of Instruction" states that "X-Factor, X-Factor Design" shipped the package and describe the items enclosed as "one (1) Sony Psx Z, manufactured in Japan, valuing \$900.00; one (1) Sony Controller, manufactured in Japan, valuing \$30.00, and three (3) Sony CDs, manufactured in Japan, valuing \$60.00." The remarks section of the

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declaration reads "Birthday Gift." Tarnovsky's birthday listed on his California driver's license is April 20, 1971.

- On or about August 11, 2000, a "Declaration of Contents and Shipper's Letter of Instruction" states that "Hi-Fi Exchange, 1750 Davie St. Suite 201, Vancouver, BC VGG-3B7, phone number 808-6026," sent one package weighing 11 pounds to "CT Electronics, 925 E Hwy 80 PMB #245, San Marcos, TX 78666." The item enclosed is described as "one (1) Technics Cassette Deck, manufactured in Singapore valued at \$350.00."
- On or about August 15, 2000, a "Declaration of Contents and Shipper's Letter of Instruction" states that "Regency Audio, 1750 Drive, V663B7, Canada, phone number 604-808-6061" sent one package weighing 10 pounds to "CT [Chris Tarnovsky] Electronics, 925 E Hwy 80 #245, San Marcos, TX 78666, phone number 512-897-1677." The item enclosed is described as "one (1) Graphic Equalizer, manufactured in the USA, valuing \$300.00."
- On or about August 23, 2000, a "Declaration of Contents and Shipper's Letter of Instruction" states that "Regency Audio, 1750 Davie #201, Van BC V663B1", sent one package weighing 10 pounds to "Owner, CT [Tarnovsky] Electronics, 925E Hwy 80 #245, San Marcos, TX 78666, phone number 396-1247." The item sent is described as "one (1) Sony Minidisk, manufactured in the USA, valuing \$350.00." The shipment was charged a \$62.78 transportation charge.
- On or about August 25, 2000, "Regency, Regency Audio, 1750 Davie 3201, Van, BC VGB3B7, phone number 807-2262, UPS account number 638X87", sent one package, with a weight of 11 pounds to "CT [Tarnovsky], 925 E. highway 80 Suite 245, San Marcos, Texas 78666 USA, phone number 512-369-29." The item is described as a "compact disc player manufactured in the USA." The tracking number on the package was "W619 045 603 0." The package was sent "expedited" with the special instructions "Zone 351."
- On or about August 28, 2000, "Regency, Regency Audio, 1750 Davie 3201, Van, BC VGB3B7, phone number 807-2262, UPS account number 638X87", sent one package, with an actual weight of 9 pounds to "CT [Tarnovsky] Electronics, 925 E. highway 80 Suite 245, San Marcos, Texas 78666 USA, phone number 512-369-4242." The item was described as a "DVD Player manufactured in the USA." The tracking number on the package was "W619 045 602 1", and the package was sent "expedited."

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- On or about August 28, 2000, a package was sent to "Von," [Tarnovsky] from "8132 Washburn Ct, Luling, TX 78648, phone number 703-850-2337", with FedEx letter to "Chris Tarnovsky, 925 E. Hwy 80 #245, San Marcos, TX 78666, phone number 703-850-2337." The parcel was sent FedEx Priority Overnight with the tracking number "8153 1564 6118." The sender, "Von," has an account that will be billed to pay for the shipment. The parcel was to be delivered by August 29, 2000.
- On or about August 29, 2000 a package was sent to "Von" [Tarnovsky] from Mail & More, 925 Highway 80, San Marcos, Texas 78666, phone number 703-850-2337, with a FedEx Envelope/Letter to "Chris Tarnovsky, 737 Poppy Rd., San Marcos, CA 92078." The parcel was sent FedEx Priority Overnight with the tracking number "8213 3536 0680." Tarnovsky, "Von," has an account, number "1700-1825-7" that is billed for the shipment. The FedEx tag is marked "XENIRA."
- On or about August 29, 2000, an investigation by a Detective at the Hays County Narcotics Task Force was conducted in response to an anonymous call from a concerned citizen stating that a suspicious parcel had been mailed from Luling, Texas to San Marcos, Texas, and then forwarded to San Marcos, California at Tarnovsky's expense. The caller advised "there was no reason for the parcel to be mailed to San Marcos, TX before being mailed to San Marcos, CA." The investigation revealed that the return address and phone number on this parcel was invalid. The name for the return address was "Von" [Tarnovsky]. he investigation further revealed that Chris Tarnovsky was living at 737 Poppy Road, San Marcos, California 92078. On July 29, 2000, he rented mailbox number 245 at "Mail and More, 925 E.HWY 80, San Marcos, Hays County, Texas." In doing so, Tarnovsky falsely told the store manager that he was a student at Southwest Texas State University and was returning home to San Marcos, CA. However, there was no record of Tarnovsky ever attending Southwest Texas State University or living in the San Marcos, TX area. Tarnovsky instructed the store manager to forward all of his mail as arriving next day including Saturday to 737 Poppy Road, San Marcos, California 92078. The store manager had been forwarding parcels to Tarnovsky approximately "every day or every other day."
- On or about August 30, 2000, the store manager notified the investigating detective that he received another parcel to be forwarded to Tarnovsky. The parcel was in a JVC compact disc box with a return address of "Regency Audio, 1750 Davis #201, Van BC VGG3B7" and addressed to "CT

[Tarnovsky] Electronics, 925 W HWY suite 245, San Marcos, TX." Canines gave a positive alert at the presence of the odor of marijuana or other illegal drugs after smelling the parcel. A search warrant was then executed and \$20,100.00 in US currency was discovered inside a medium brown envelope taped to the circuitry inside the JVC compact disc player.

- On or about August 31, 2000, the store manager again notified the investigating detective that a parcel had arrived. The parcel was identical to the one received the day before, except the box was from a "Pioneer DVD." Canines again gave a positive alert at the suspected parcel. A second search warrant was executed and \$20,000.00 in US currency was found in a medium sized envelope taped to the circuitry of the DVD player.
- On or about November 21, 2000, a post to the Internet by "Koinvizion" [Sergei] announcing that [Defendants] can now fix the "smartcard not inserted correctly Error for \$50.00USD per card + the usual shipping charges for everyone."
- On or about December 1, 2000, a post to the Internet by "Kingtut" stating "I just got my cards from koin [Andre Sergi]."
- On or about January 9, 2002, Norris purchased a "Karl Suss Probe" manufactured by K&S, model 4524, serial number 610009, with a manual, for the amount of \$18,500 for Tarnovsky. On or about January 17, 2002, the item was shipped via Atlas Van Lines to "Chris Tarnovsky at 2339 Carioca Place, Vista, California USA 92084, phone number 760-940-6147, fax number 760-940-6347." The invoice lists the "End User" to be Chris Tarnovsky at the same address.
- On or about July 26, 2002, Tarnovsky purchased a manufactured "Karl Suss, model PM-8" for the amount of \$15,000. On or about August 15, 2002, the item was shipped via Federal Express to Chris Tarnovsky at 2339 Carioca Place, Vista, California USA 92084, phone number 760-940-6147, fax number 760-940-6347. The invoice lists the "End User" to be Chris Tarnovsky.
- On or about August 30, 2002, Norris purchased a "Karl Suss Probe (2 units), \$1,700" and had them sent to Tarnovsky. One item, manufactured by Karl Suss, was a model Probe for the amount of \$850. The other item was also manufactured by Karl Suss and is a model Probe for the amount of \$850. On August 30, 2002, the items were shipped via Federal Express to "Chris Tarnovsky at 2339 Carioca Place, Vista, CA USA 92084, phone number 760-

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940-6147, and fax number 760-940-6347." The invoice lists the "End User" to be Chris Tarnovsky.

- 343. Defendants engaged in wire fraud in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1343 when Defendants repeatedly used interstate and international wire facilities, including telephone and Internet communications, by at least the following:
  - On or about November 20, 1998, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard], concerning the EchoStar hack, states: "a file was sent too me recently by Swiss cheese boys [Tarnovsky] and they asked me too add, lins too it are in todays news 11.20.98 and it is also added to the Echostar tools section, sorry I didn't have more info with this text file but I think a few of you could use this info...thanks again too the Users of this forum who have contributed their time to the Echostar Project as well as the SCP [Tarnovsky] for initiating this...good luck guys and hope to have more info shortly."
  - On or about December 4, 1998, a post to the Internet by "Nipper" [Tarnovsky] providing Plaintiffs' Bat keys.
  - On or about December 7-8, 1998, a post to the Internet by "Nipper" [Tarnovsky] supplying illegally obtained information concerning DISH Network.
  - On or about March 26, 1999, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] states: "the CAM dump is posted in the Tools section... Echostar Running Card Dump + Public Keys by Swiss Cheese Productions [Tarnovsky]"
  - In or around April 1999, Menard telephoned Scullion again to solicit Scullion's participation in a distribution network to sell Pirated EchoStar Access Cards. During this conversation, Menard informed Scullion that he was close to receiving a full hack of the EchoStar system and that, "due to the pirate community's interest in Swiss Cheese Production's stuff," the plan was a guaranteed money maker. Menard also informed Scullion that the distribution network was going to have something special attached with its operation: protection of NDS. Menard informed Scullion that "NDS was the entity whom had ordered the hack and the distribution of pirated cards through Menard's distribution network." Menard also informed Scullion that "NDS had an arrangement with Tarnovsky to provide the support and facilitation of the hacked EchoStar code to be sent to Menard to be used in the distribution network." Menard also informed Scullion that Scullion had nothing to worry about with respect to being raided by the RCMP due to the

fact that "NDS was connected and had a solid relationship [with the RCMP]." Menard further informed Scullion that "NDS would be running interference in the distribution network."

- On or about April 10, 1999, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] where he inserts a private chat he had with "CanBert" including "went to jd's [Discount Satellite/Dawson] today; if I send my batt [illegal battery card] in how much to get it fixed??; not sure...never heard the price when I was there...customers pay \$40; you'll have to call; at Discount Sat??; yes 780-448-1787; thankx DR7; np man."
- May 9, 1999, a post to the Internet states that the "Echostar update for the commercial battery cards has been released and is confirmed working again. The file can be downloaded from [Dawson's website] www.discountsatellite.com/Efile.zip."
- On or about May 19, 1999, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] states that he asked JD [Dawson] why the bat [battery card] isn't autorolling [automatically finding keys to counter ECMS]. JD [Dawson] stated the reason was the requirement to hand out a bootstrap and that the potential source code would have to be released.
- In April 1999, Menard telephoned Reginald Scullion with an offer to participate in the "DISH Network" hack. During these conversations, Menard informed Scullion that, among other things: (a) NDS was behind the EchoStar hack; (b) the Tarnovsky/Menard distribution model would be protected and controlled by NDS; (c) NDS had an arrangement with Tarnovsky to provide the technical and software support and facilitate the hacked EchoStar ROM Code to be sent to Menard and used in the distribution network; and (d) NDS would protect this distribution network from potential RCMP raids.
- On or about July 6, 1999, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] states that "marry3M is used for JD's [Dawson's] 3M customers to do the following: Write IRD# Write Key# Read Key# from card with sub/previous sub Set zipcode/timezone."
- On or about August 10, 1999, a post to the Internet by "Nipper" [Tarnovsky] providing EchoStar Bat keys.

- On or about August 21, 1999, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] states that Menard called "JD" [Dawson] to confirm status of file and JD [Dawson] stated that he would "post REV20A.E3M on his website."

- On or about September 8, 1999, a post to the Internet by "xbr21" [Tarnovsky], quoting "Nipper's" [Tarnovsky's] previous post, stating "here is a neat no-mod trick- send out a control work packet using a key offset of 07 (eg 05/15/07). Card should skip decrpt of packet and simply encrypt with your boxkey!! Simple and why not use this on channel 101? Another example of stupidity."
- On or about September 29, 1999, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] states that he talked to "JD" [Dawson] on the phone about 20 minutes ago and JD [Dawson] said that he would also just "sell the programmed [DISH Network] chip" if there was a demand for it. A later post to the Internet, on the same date, by "DR7" [Menard] stating that he "confirmed with JD [Dawson] that the keys in the latest talk.cfg file are not for AVR freeware and will only work on JD's [Dawson's] AVR."
- On or about October 19, 1999, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] announced that "'xfile 2.01' and 'Blocker version 2.3 Beta' were posted to the Echo files section of the DR7 website." "DR7" [Menard] further states "sorry they were not posted earlier but the creators [Defendants/Tarnovsky] never bothered to send them so basically I couldn't post what I didn't have, thanks to those that did send them."
- In November 1999, Menard again telephoned Reginald Scullion with an offer to participate in the "DISH Network" hack. During these conversations, Menard informed Scullion that, among other things: (a) NDS was behind the EchoStar hack; (b) the Tarnovsky/Menard distribution model would be protected and controlled by NDS; (c) NDS had an arrangement with Tarnovsky to provide the technical and software support and facilitate the hacked EchoStar ROM Code to be sent to Menard and used in the distribution network; and (d) NDS would protect this distribution network from potential RCMP raids.
- On or about November 9, 1999, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard], regarding "JD's [Dawson's] gone???," states "since Friday I have not been able at all to call your shop and get through, I tried over 20 times per day at least just to test. JD [Dawson] this is getting outta hand and now its come to the point where I am looking bad for advertising for you and also for being in same city, I think you owe these people an explanation as well as an apology

and shouldn't expect me to have to deal with any of this...I an now removing Discount Satellite advertising banners from this website JD [Dawson] because I cannot and will not give you [Dawson] any more benefits that other advertisers and make myself look bad in the process.

- On or about November 19, 1999, a post to the Internet by "DR7" [Menard] provides instructions to remedy problem of member who received an AVR2 [smart card replacement] and programmer [device used to program smart cards or illegal substitute cards] and was unable to load properly. "DR7's" [Menard's] instructions include, "using DOS talk v1.7 and loading the avr2e3m [EchoStar] file which allows AVR2 to use the 3M keys from wintalk."
- On or about December 8, 1999, a post to the Internet by "Shrimp" [Tarnovsky] states "the sole purpose of the Atmel chip in the wildthing is a slave who can count clock cycles and perform a high glitch on vcc/clk given a command from the PC. All that is required to fix the current situation is a new .exe file given different glitches to the card."
- On or about December 17, 1999, a post to the Internet by "Nipper-Clauz" [Tarnovsky], entitled "Twas the Night Before Christmas," provided EchoStar Bat keys.
- On or about December 20, 1999, a post to the Internet by "Nipper-Clauz" [Tarnovsky] entitled "tis the season to be jolly," provided additional EchoStar Bat keys.
- On or about December 21, 1999, a post to the Internet by "Nipper-Clauz" [Tarnovsky] entitled "be merry harry," provided even more EchoStar Bat keys.
- On or about February 2, 2000, Dawson and Discount Satellite were raided a second time by the RCMP after local reports regarding Dawson's continued selling of pirated DSS and EchoStar access cards and other illegal signal theft devices on the Internet through his website, <a href="https://www.discountsatellite.com">www.discountsatellite.com</a>.
- On or about February 25, 2000, a post by "NiPpEr" [Tarnovsky] to the internet states providing EchoStar Bat keys.
- On or about March 24, 2000, a post to the internet by "xbr21" [Tarnovsky] providing EchoStar Bat keys.

- On or about March 29, 2000, DirecTV executed and seized Dawson's business in satisfaction of the judgment obtained by DirecTV against Dawson. Shortly thereafter, Dawson posted a public statement on his website, <a href="www.discountsatellite.com">www.discountsatellite.com</a>, regarding the status of his business's operations. Included in this statement, Dawson provided a link to <a href="www.DSScanada.com">www.DSScanada.com</a>, another website owned, operated, and maintained by Dawson. Through this website, Dawson continued to solicit business from his large customer base in addition to new customers.

- On or about May 5, 2000, an <u>NDS Memorandum captioned</u> "Report Week 18", concerning NDS agent Christopher Tarnvosky, states in relevant part: "You will note that suspicion has fallen on MIKE [Tarnovsky]...There are a series of threatening statements inasmuch that MIKE [Tarnovsky] is behind DR7 [Allen Menard and the website <u>www.dr7.com</u>] and therefore MIKE [Tarnovsky] hacked ECHOSTAR etc, etc."
- On or about June 21, 2000, a post to the Internet by "Hitec" [Quinn], concerning "Koin" [Sergei], states "[f]or the time being... I am removing all dealer links from the site... Koin is closing the website but still accepting orders at Koin@koinvision.com . . . now its cash (no money orders at all) and no site... Any other files that are required to help out the Koinster will be posted here from now on."
- On or about June 27, 2000, a post to the Internet by "Hitec" [Quinn], concerning business operations of Koin [Sergei], stating "Koin [Sergei] is closing the website but still accepting orders at Koin@Koinvision.com . . . My self I personally vouch for Koin and his support. Even with his one complaint the guy has to admit that Koin did send his package originally (although it was seized) and he did make up for it after a couple of weeks . . . Any other files that are required to help out the Koinster will be posted here [www.hitecsat.com] from now on." A later post on the same date by "Hitec" [Quinn] stating "as I already said . . . no money order now and only email . . . I will post any files needed to help out Koin [Sergei]. His email addy again is Koin@koinvizion.com."
- On or about August 15, 2000, a post by "HeeD" states "the group that is supporting DN E3M [the illegal DISH Network hack] has proven that they know this system inside-and-out. They are not just taking stabs in the dark, or speculating about things...they actually know!"
- On or about September 19, 2000, it was discovered that Tarnovsky placed approximately 80 phone calls to Israel [NDS] and 120 to Belgium.

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Tarnovsky also traveled over seas twice every six months going to Brussels and other European countries. Tarnovsky had received two parcels at his residence from Minnesota and Virginia [Tarnovsky Sr.].

- On or about November 21, 2000, a post to the Internet by "Koinvizion" [Sergei] announcing that [Defendants] can now fix the "smartcard not inserted correctly Error for \$50.00USD per card + the usual shipping charges for everyone."
- On or about December 23, 2000, a post by "xbr21" [Tarnovsky], responding to invitation by other members wishing "Nipper Clauze" [Tarnovsky] would reappear and provide information, and states "you want nipper clauze [Tarnovsky] here," and then states "there will be no boxes anymore! There will be no more fights amoungst us. Learn from this and prosper. Works across the world! Do the following: get atr, wait 500ms to ensure card is idle. Send this packet to 288-02 or equivalent ROM 3 nagra cam! Rx 4+4096 bytes and you have entire eeprom. Send this, then rx 4 bytes + 4096 bytes of eeprom." The post was signed by "nipper clause 00" [Tarnovsky]. This December 23, 2000 post by Tarnovsky provided hackers around the world the 'road map' and instructional code to effectuate a complete dump of Plaintiffs' entire EEPROM Code.
- On December 24, 2000, a post to the Internet by "Nipper 2000" [Tarnovsky] at 3:26 a.m. publishing the FULL Echo ROM Code on www.piratesden.com, Discussion Forum. "Nipper 2000's" [Tarnovsky's] post, entitled "tHe ReAl V3 DuMp!," stating "tHeRe WiLl bE nO bOxEs aNyMoRe! tHeRe WiLl bE nO mOrE flgHtInG aMoNgSt uS. LeArN fRoM ThIs aNd pRosPer. tHiS WiLl Be PoStEd To AlL NeWsGrOuPs ArOuNd ThE WoRlD! This is Dr7'S cOdE (WeSt 3M v3) tHe rEaL sTuFf!!" Tarnovsky then goes on to state: "I wIlL dUmP AlL vErSiOnS oF tHe WeSt CoDe LoOk FoR iT hErE! nIpPeR cLaUz 00" [Tarnovsky].
- On or about May 18, 2001, a post to the Internet by "Kelly" [Menard] stating "we all do know "Hitec" [Quinn] and "Koin" [Sergei] were partners selling echostar stuff...I bought my avr and echostar 3m from you [Quinn] and that bitch koin [Sergei].
- On or about May 18, 2001, a post to the Internet by "Hitec" [Quinn], responding to "Kelly's" [Menard's] allegations, stating "if I was involved in the Echostar hack I would have forced the price down to an affordable rate instead of lying to dealers and constantly gouging them. If memory serves

me correctly I even advertised for the competition that did force the price down considerably."

- On or about December 16, 2001, Tarnovsky admits to Giles Kaehlin, Head of Security for Canal+, at a meeting in London that NDS was responsible for the hack and publication of the DISH Network ROM Code on the internet. Tarnovsky admits that the DISH Network code was sent to him by Reuven Hasak, head of security for NDS in Israel, from John Norris, head of security for NDS Americas. Tarnovsky later sent an email stating that he [Tarnovsky] wanted no further communications to occur between Tarnovsky and Kaehlin.

344. Defendants willfully infringed on EchoStar's copyrighted information for purposes of commercial advantage, in violation of 17 U.S.C. § 506 and 18 U.S.C. § 2319.

345. Alternatively, Defendants Norris, Hasak, Tarnovsky, Kommerling, Luyando, among others, specifically used their positions at NDS, to conduct or participate, directly or indirectly, in the conduct of NDS's affairs, in violation of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1029, 1341, 1343, and 2319 by, among other unlawful acts, engaging in the conduct specifically set forth above.

346. The multiple acts of racketeering activity as set forth above by Defendants Norris, Hasak, Tarnovsky, Kommerling, Luyando, among others, were interrelated, part of a common and continuous pattern of fraudulent schemes, and perpetrated for the same or similar purposes, thus constituting a "pattern of racketeering activity," as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 1961(5).

347. By reason of these circumstances and events, Defendants Norris, Hasak, Tarnovsky, Kommerling, Luyando, among others, have agreed to conduct and participate, directly and indirectly, in the conduct of the affairs of the enterprise through a pattern of racketeering activity, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1962(c).

348. Defendants' violations have injured and will continue to injure EchoStar by depriving them of subscription and pay-per-view revenues and other valuable consideration, compromising EchoStar's security and accounting systems,

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infringing on EchoStar's trade secrets and proprietary information, interfering with EchoStar's contractual and prospective business relations, and damaging Plaintiffs' reputation in the DBS industry resulting in, among other injuries, irreparable harm to the commercial goodwill that Plaintiffs have established in the relevant market place.

### TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(RICO, 18 U.S.C. § 1962(d))

- 349. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.
- 350. By reason of these circumstances and events, Defendants, as persons within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. § 1962(3), along with other unknown, unlawfully, willfully, and knowingly conspired and agreed to conduct and participate, directly and indirectly, in the conduct of the affairs of the enterprise through a pattern of racketeering activity, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1962(d).
- 351. Defendants' violations have injured and will continue to injure EchoStar by depriving them of subscription and pay-per-view revenues and other valuable consideration, compromising EchoStar's security and accounting systems, infringing on EchoStar's trade secrets and proprietary information, interfering with EchoStar's contractual and prospective business relations, and damaging Plaintiffs' reputation in the DBS industry resulting in, among other injuries, irreparable harm to the commercial goodwill of Plaintiffs that has been established in the relevant market place.

#### **ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

(Unauthorized Interception, Receipt, and Use of a Multichannel Video or Information Provider's Programs or Services in Violation of California Penal Code § 593d(a))

352. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.

353. Defendants, individually and as members of the conspiracy, were and are actively engaged in the business of knowingly and willfully making and maintaining unauthorized connections EchoStar's system, in violation of California Penal Code § 593d(a)(1).

354. Defendants, individually and as members of the conspiracy, were and are actively engaged in the business of knowingly and willfully purchasing, possessing, attaching, causing to be attached, assisting others in attaching, and maintaining the attachment of unauthorized devices to EchoStar's satellite system including, but not limited to, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system), in violation of California Penal Code § 593d(a)(2).

355. Defendants, individually and as members of the conspiracy, were and are actively engaged in the business of knowingly and willfully making and maintaining the modification and alteration to EchoStar's satellite system, in violation of California Penal Code § 593d(a)(3).

356. Defendants, individually and as members of the conspiracy, were and are actively engaged in the business of knowingly and willfully making and maintaining modifications and alterations to EchoStar's Access Cards and obtaining Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit

boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) knowing, or having reason to know, that Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) would be used, and were used, to obtain EchoStar's satellite television programming service without authorization by or payment to EchoStar, in violation of California Penal Code § 593d(a)(4).

- 357. EchoStar is a "multichannel video or information provider" within the meaning of California Penal Code § 593d(i).
- 358. Defendants' acts constituting violations of California Penal Code §§ 593d(a)(1)-(4) have been and continue to be performed without the permission, authorization, or consent of Plaintiffs.
- 359. Defendants' violations have injured, and will continue to injure, Plaintiffs by depriving Plaintiffs of subscription and pay-per-view revenues and other valuable consideration, compromising Plaintiffs' security and accounting systems, infringing Plaintiffs' trade secrets and proprietary information, and interfering with Plaintiffs' contractual and prospective business relations.
- 360. Defendants' violations of California Penal Code §§ 593d(a)(1)-(4) were done knowingly and willfully, and for the purpose of commercial advantage or private financial gain. EchoStar is entitled to recover, under California Penal Code § 593d(f), the greater of three times its actual damages, or statutory damages

of \$5,000 for each violation of California Penal Code §§ 593d(a)(1)-(4). Plaintiffs are also entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees. California Penal Code § 593d(f)(2).

#### TWELFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Manufacture, Advertisement, Possession, and Sale of Signal Theft Devices in Violation of California Penal Code § 593d(b))

361. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.

362. Defendants, individually and as members of the conspiracy, were and are actively engaged in the business of designing, manufacturing, assembling, modifying, importing (to the United States), distributing, possessing, selling, offering to sell, and advertising for sale Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) knowing, or having reason to know, that Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system)

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were designed, in whole or in part, to decrypt, decode, descramble, or otherwise make intelligible, EchoStar's satellite television programming service without authorization by or payment to EchoStar, in violation of California Penal Code § 593d(b).

- 363. EchoStar is a "multichannel video or information provider" within the meaning of California Penal Code § 593d(i).
- 364. EchoStar's satellite transmission of television programming is an "encrypted, encoded, scrambled, or other nonstandard signal" within the meaning of California Penal Code § 593d(b).
- 365. Defendants' acts constituting violations of California Penal Code § 593d(b) have been, and continue to be, performed without the permission, authorization, or consent of Plaintiffs.
- 366. Defendants' violations have injured, and will continue to injure, Plaintiffs by depriving Plaintiffs of subscription and pay-per-view revenues and other valuable consideration, compromising Plaintiffs' security and accounting systems, infringing Plaintiffs' trade secrets and proprietary information, and interfering with Plaintiffs' contractual and prospective business relations.
- 367. Defendants' violations of California Penal Code §§ 593d(b) were done knowingly and willfully, and for the purpose of commercial advantage or private financial gain.
- 368. EchoStar is entitled to recover, under California Penal Code § 593d(f), the greater of three times its actual damages, or statutory damages of \$5,000 for each violation of California Penal Code §§ 593d(b). Plaintiffs are also entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees. California Penal Code § 593d(f)(2).

## THIRTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Unauthorized Connection to a Multichannel Video or Information Provider's System in Violation of California Penal Code § 593d(c))

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369. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.

370. Defendants, individually and as members of the conspiracy, were and are actively engaged in the business of making and maintaining unauthorized connections, attaching, causing to be attached, assisting others in attaching, and maintaining attachments to EchoStar's satellite system for the purpose of interfering with, altering, and degrading EchoStar's satellite service and for transmitting or broadcasting EchoStar's satellite television program service, in violation of California Penal Code § 593d(c).

- 371. EchoStar is a "multichannel video or information provider" within the meaning of California Penal Code § 593d(i).
- 372. Defendants' acts constituting violations of California Penal Code §§ 593d(c) have been, and continue to be, performed without the permission, authorization, or consent of Plaintiffs.
- 373. Defendants' violations have injured, and will continue to injure, Plaintiffs by depriving Plaintiffs of subscription and pay-per-view revenues and other valuable consideration, compromising Plaintiffs' security and accounting systems, infringing Plaintiffs' trade secrets and proprietary information, and interfering with Plaintiffs' contractual and prospective business relations.
- 374. Defendants' violations of California Penal Code §§ 593d(c) were done knowingly and willfully, and for the purpose of commercial advantage or private financial gain.
- 375. EchoStar is entitled to recover, under California Penal Code § 593d(f), the greater of three times its actual damages, or statutory damages of \$5,000 for each violation of California Penal Code §§ 593d(c). Plaintiffs are also entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees. California Penal Code § 593d(f)(2).

#### FOURTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Manufacture and Sale of Pirate Access Cards in Violation of California Penal Code § 593e(a))

376. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.

377. Defendants, individually and as members of the conspiracy, made and maintained unauthorized connections for the purpose of intercepting, receiving, and using programs or other services carried by EchoStar.

378. Defendants, individually and as members of the conspiracy, purchased, possessed, attached, caused to be attached, and/or assisted others in maintaining the attachment of unauthorized Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) to receive EchoStar's satellite television programming broadcasts and transmissions, for the purpose of intercepting, receiving, and using EchoStar's satellite television programs and services carried on the DISH Network, in violation of California Penal Code § 593e(b).

379. Defendants, individually and as members of the conspiracy, made and maintained modifications and alterations to Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers,

bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) for the purpose of intercepting, receiving, and using EchoStar's satellite television programs and services carried on the DISH Network, in violation of California Penal Code § 593e(b).

- 380. EchoStar is a "subscription television system" within the meaning of California Penal Code § 593e(f).
- 381. Defendants' acts constituting violations of California Penal Code § 593e(a) have been, and continue to be, performed without the permission, authorization, or consent of Plaintiffs.
- 382. Due to Defendants' wrongful conduct, Plaintiffs are entitled, under California Penal Code § 593e(c), to the amount of the value of the connection and subscription fee service actually charged by EchoStar for the period of unauthorized use which is an amount to be proven at trial. Plaintiffs are also entitled, under California Penal Code § 593e(d), to its full costs plus an award of reasonable attorney's fees.

## FIFTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Manufacture and Sale of Pirate Access Cards in Violation of California Penal Code § 593e(b))

- 383. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.
- 384. Defendants, individually and as members of the conspiracy, were and are actively engaged in the business of designing, manufacturing, assembling, modifying, importing (to the United States), distributing, possessing, selling, offering to sell, and advertising for sale Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other

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circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) knowing, or having reason to know, that Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) were designed, in whole or in part, to decrypt, decode, descramble, or otherwise make intelligible, EchoStar's satellite television programming service without authorization by or payment to EchoStar, in violation of California Penal Code § 593e(b).

385. EchoStar is a "subscription television system" within the meaning of California Penal Code § 593h(1).

386. EchoStar's satellite transmission of television programming is an "encoded, scrambled, or other nonstandard signal" within the meaning of California Penal Code § 593e(g).

387. Defendants' acts constituting violations of California Penal Code § 593e(b) have been, and continue to be, performed without the permission, authorization, or consent of Plaintiffs.

388. Defendants' violations have injured, and will continue to injure, Plaintiffs by depriving Plaintiffs of subscription and pay-per-view revenues and other valuable consideration, compromising Plaintiffs' security and accounting systems, infringing Plaintiffs' trade secrets and proprietary information, and interfering with Plaintiffs' contractual and prospective business relations.

389. Defendants' violations of California Penal Code § 593e(b) were committed knowingly and willfully, and for the purpose of commercial advantage or private financial gain.

390. Due to Defendants' wrongful conduct, Plaintiffs are entitled, under California Penal Code § 593e(c), to either: statutory damages in an aggregate amount of not less than \$500 or more than \$10,000 for each device, plan, or kit for a device, or for a printed circuit manufactured, imported, assembled, sold, offered for sale, possessed, advertised for sale, or otherwise provided in violation of California Penal Code § 593e(b) (California Penal Code § 593e(c)(1)); or three times the amount of actual damages sustained by Plaintiffs as a result of Defendants' violations of California Penal Code § 593e(b) and any revenues which have been obtained by Defendants as a result of Defendants' violations of California Penal Code § 593e(b), or an amount equal to three times the value of the services unlawfully obtained by Defendants, or the sum of \$500 for each unauthorized signal theft device manufactured, sold, used, or distributed. (California Penal Code § 593e(c)(2)).

391. Because of Defendants' violations of California Penal Code § 593e(c) were committed knowingly and willfully and for purposes of commercial advantage or private financial gain, the Court may increase the award of damages, whether actual or statutory, by an amount of not more than \$50,000. Because of Defendants' violations of California Penal Code § 593e(c) were committed knowingly, willfully, and wantonly, punitive damages are appropriate, under California Penal Code §

593e(c)(2). Plaintiffs are also entitled, under California Penal Code § 593e(d), to its full costs plus an award of reasonable attorney's fees.

#### SIXTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

## (Unfair Competition, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200)

- 392. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.
- 393. Defendants and/or their agents have engaged in unfair competition in violation of California Business and Professions Code Sections 17200 et seq. Such violations caused injury to Plaintiffs in the district, elsewhere through the State of California, the United States and elsewhere. Defendants willfully, unlawfully, and according to a plan, with the intention of harming Plaintiffs, acquired EchoStar Access Cards. Defendants violated those cards using expensive equipment, cracked the Access Cards and the Security Systems, and extracted and copied Plaintiffs' proprietary software and code. After transferring the code to NDS Americas, Inc. in California, Defendants caused it to be disseminated over the Internet to facilitate further copying. This lead to the production of altered Access Cards on a large scale to the detriment of Plaintiffs' business and its reputation among its customers and in the industry. Defendants' engaged in further unlawful conduct through utilizing the supposed security flaws in Plaintiffs technology to compete with Plaintiffs. This conduct constitutes an unlawful, unfair, and fraudulent business act or practice within the meaning of Section 17200.
- 394. Defendants' invasive attack of EchoSar's Access Cards, dissemination of the information about the Security System and assistance to Menard and his network of distributors was intentional and done for the wrongful purpose of inhibiting competition in the industry and unfairly benefiting Defendants. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' violations of Section 17200, Defendants have been unjustly enriched at Plaintiffs' expense. Defendants' and/or their agents have taken money from Plaintiffs in the form of lost business opportunity from

subscription sales to persons that, instead, used pirated Access Cards to receive DISH Network programming without paying the subscription price. Plaintiffs therefore have an ownership in the unjust profits received by Defendants and/or their agents. Plaintiffs are entitled to disgorgement of all monies unlawfully earned and restitution of any and all of Plaintiffs' property, including Access Cards, unlawfully obtained or possessed by Defendants and/or their agents.

395. Based upon information and belief, Defendants and/or their agents committed the acts described in this Amended Complaint, including misappropriating Plaintiffs' trade secrets, injuring Plaintiffs, violating the Digital Millennium Copyright Act, and illegally cracking Plaintiffs' Security System, in, amongst other place, the State of California and in Israel.

396. The acts alleged herein constitute unlawful, unfair, and fraudulent business acts or practices within the meaning of Section 17200.

397. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' violations of Section 17200, Plaintiffs have suffered and will continue to suffer irreparable harm, including but not limited to harm to their business reputations, and goodwill. Therefore, Plaintiffs' remedy at law is inadequate and Plaintiffs are entitled to an injunction prohibiting Defendants from taking any steps to contribute to the copying of any of Plaintiffs' software code or any steps to reverse engineer or otherwise violate a technological measure on any EchoStar Access Card, as well as other remedies to which Plaintiffs may prove themselves entitled.

## SEVENTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

# (Tortious Interference with Contractual Relations)

398. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.

399. Defendants have intentionally and knowingly interfered with the contractual relations between EchoStar and its DISH Network subscribers by inducing, procuring, conspiring, and aiding and abetting an as yet undetermined

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number of DISH Network subscribers not to perform their respective contracts with EchoStar by designing, developing, manufacturing, assembling, modifying, importing (to the United States), exporting, trafficking, selling, and otherwise distributing Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) to DISH Network subscribers, and advertising and providing software, information, and technical support services relating to Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) to DISH Network subscribers thereby causing the breach or termination of DISH Network subscribers' accounts resulting in damage to EchoStar.

400. Defendants have interfered with the contractual relations between EchoStar and its DISH Network subscribers without justification or legal excuse. Defendants' interference was willful, wanton, and malicious.

401. Defendants' conduct has injured and will continue to injure Plaintiffs by depriving Plaintiffs of subscription and pay-per-view revenues and other valuable consideration.

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402. Due to Defendants' wrongful conduct, Defendants are liable for all pecuniary losses suffered by Plaintiffs as a result of Defendants' interference, and for punitive damages.

## EIGHTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

## (Tortious Interference with Prospective Contractual Relations)

403. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.

404. Defendants have intentionally and knowingly interfered with EchoStar's business of selling its satellite television programming services to prospective DISH Network subscribers, and selling additional programming services to existing DISH Network subscribers, by providing Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system), and advertising and providing software, information, and technical support services relating to Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) to

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an as yet undetermined number of DISH Network subscribers and prospective subscribers, thereby hindering EchoStar from acquiring such prospective relations.

- 405. Defendants' intentional acts were designed to disrupt the relationships EchoStar has with current and prospective DISH Network subscribers. Defendants' motive and purpose was to effectuate and/or assist others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system for commercial advantage in the satellite encryption industry.
- 406. Such intentional acts proximately caused economic harm to Plaintiffs by depriving Plaintiffs of subscription and pay-per-view revenues and other valuable consideration of current and prospective DISH Network subscribers.
- 407. Defendants engaged in conduct that was unlawful, tortious and otherwise wrongful under Plaintiffs' other causes of action as alleged herein.
- 408. Due to Defendants' wrongful conduct, Defendants are liable for all pecuniary losses suffered by Plaintiffs as a result of Defendants' interference, and for punitive damages.

### NINTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

### (Unjust Enrichment)

- 409. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.
- 410. Defendants have usurped for themselves, as well as assisting others in usurping trade secrets, proprietary information, revenues, programming. and other property rights belonging to Plaintiffs for the purpose of, among others, enhancing the commercial value of Defendants' goods and services by effectuating and assisting others in effectuating a wide spread compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system.
- 411. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendants are still currently in possession of: (a) Plaintiffs' proprietary information including but not limited to proprietary sections of Plaintiffs' ROM code, Plaintiffs' EEPROM code, and/or

other proprietary information unlawfully extracted from the microprocessor embedded in Plaintiffs' Access 'Smart' Cards; (b) software, hardware, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and/or (c) monies or other proceeds unlawfully obtained through the sale/distribution of, or assistance or support provided in connection with, among others, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and/or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system).

412. As a direct and proximate result of their unlawful and improper acts, Defendants have been unjustly enriched and Plaintiffs have suffered, and will continue to suffer, loss of profits, among others, by virtue of Defendants' conduct. The exact amount of unjust profits realized by Defendants, and profits lost by Plaintiffs, are presently unknown to Plaintiffs and cannot be readily ascertained without an accounting.

413. Defendants' unlawful sale of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not

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limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system), and Defendants' usurpation of Plaintiffs' trade secrets, proprietary information, revenues, programming and other property rights belonging to Plaintiffs, is causing, and will continue to cause, irreparable injury to Plaintiffs unless Defendants are preliminarily and permanently restrained and enjoined from this activity.

414. Plaintiffs are, therefore, entitled to a preliminary and permanent injunction restraining and enjoining Defendants and their employees, agents, and representatives, and all persons acting thereunder, in concert with, or on their behalf, from selling pirated, modified, and/or counterfeit EchoStar Access Cards. Plaintiffs are further entitled to economic damages in the forms of disgorgement and/or restitution for all benefits unjustly received, retained and/or appropriated by Defendants, as well as exemplary damages for Defendants' intentional, willful and malicious conduct.

#### TWENTIETH CAUSE OF ACTION

## (Conversion)

- 415. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.
- 416. By virtue of the conduct set forth herein, Defendants have unlawfully converted, and are continuing to convert and assist others in converting Plaintiffs' property, namely EchoStar Access Cards, the proprietary information contained therein, and the DISH Network programming that Plaintiffs' conditional access system is employed to protect, for their own personal and commercial use, benefit and gain.

- 417. Such conversion was and is substantial and unwarranted and done intentionally and wrongfully by Defendants to deprive Plaintiffs of their proprietary interests, economic interests and commercial goodwill, and for Defendants' direct benefit and advantage.
- 418. Due to Defendants' wrongful conversion and disposition of EchoStar's satellite television programming services, Plaintiffs have suffered, and continue to suffer substantial damages.

#### TWENTY-FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

## (Negligent Hiring, Training, Retention and/or Supervision)

- 419. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.
- 420. NDS had a duty to investigate the backgrounds of persons NDS considered hiring for employment. Prior to NDS hiring or establishing an agency relationship with Norris, Hasak, Kommerling, Luyando, Donev, Nedeltchev, Tarnovsky, Menard, Wilson, Main, Dawson, Quinn, Sergei, Dale, Frost, Tarnovsky Sr., Sommerfield and Bruce, among others, to act for and at the direction and under the control of NDS, NDS knew <sup>18</sup> or had reason to know that these individual were well-known hackers in the pirate world or otherwise posed a risk of injury to, among others, Plaintiffs. NDS knew or had reason to know, or failed to use reasonable care to discover the unfitness of Norris, Hasak, Kommerling, Luyando, Donev, Nedeltchev, Tarnovsky, Menard, Wilson, Main, Dawson, Quinn, Sergei, Dale, Frost, Tarnovsky Sr., Sommerfield and Bruce, among others before hiring them for legitimate employment due to their colorful past in the pirate world and the personal connections these individual defendants maintained up through the time NDS hired them and at all times subsequent thereto. NDS knew or had reason to know facts which would warn a reasonable person that these individual

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> In fact, it was Tarnovsky's status as a satellite hacker/pirate that prompted NDS to hire him in the first place.

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defendants presented an undue risk of harm to third persons in *light of the* particular work they would be performing. Due to their known involvement in hacking, NDS risked that these individual defendants would act in conformity with their past reputation and character.

421. NDS breached its duty of care by, inter alia: (a) failure to use ordinary care in the selection and hiring of Norris, Hasak, Kommerling, Luyando, Donev, Nedeltchev, Tarnovsky, Menard, Wilson, Main, Dawson, Quinn, Sergei, Dale, Frost, Tarnovsky Sr., Sommerfield and Bruce, among others; (b) failure to use ordinary in establishing rules, regulations and/or policies for Norris, Hasak, Kommerling, Luyando, Donev, Nedeltchev, Tarnovsky, Menard, Wilson, Main, Dawson, Quinn, Sergei, Dale, Frost, Tarnovsky Sr., Sommerfield and Bruce, among others to follow; (c) failure to take reasonable precautions to prevent negligent, reckless, wonton, willful, intentional and/or careless conduct by Norris, Hasak, Kommerling, Luyando, Donev, Nedeltchev, Tarnovsky, Menard, Wilson, Main, Dawson, Quinn, Sergei, Dale, Frost, Tarnovsky Sr., Sommerfield and Bruce, among others; (d) failure to use ordinary care in the supervision of the activities and conduct of Norris, Hasak, Kommerling, Luyando, Donev, Nedeltchev, Tarnovsky, Menard, Wilson, Main, Dawson, Quinn, Sergei, Dale, Frost, Tarnovsky Sr., Sommerfield and Bruce, among others; (e) failure to use ordinary care to prevent Norris, Hasak, Kommerling, Luyando, Donev, Nedeltchev, Tarnovsky, Menard, Wilson, Main, Dawson, Quinn, Sergei, Dale, Frost, Tarnovsky Sr., Sommerfield and Bruce, among others from causing an unreasonable risk of injury to Plaintiffs; (f) failure to use ordinary care in exercising the degree of control it retained, either directly or indirectly, over Norris, Hasak, Kommerling, Luyando, Donev, Nedeltchev, Tarnovsky, Menard, Wilson, Main, Dawson, Quinn, Sergei, Dale, Frost, Tarnovsky Sr., Sommerfield and Bruce, among others; (g) failure to use ordinary care in the retention of Norris, Hasak, Kommerling, Luyando, Donev, Nedeltchev, Tarnovsky, Menard, Wilson, Main, Dawson, Quinn, Sergei, Dale,

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Frost, Tarnovsky Sr., Sommerfield and Bruce, among others, once NDS knew, or in the exercise of reasonable care should have known that these individual defendants were engaging in unlawfull anticompetitive conduct; (h) failure to use ordinary care to avoid and/or prevent Norris, Hasak, Kommerling, Luyando, Doney, Nedeltchev, Tarnovsky, Menard, Wilson, Main, Dawson, Quinn, Sergei, Dale, Frost, Tarnovsky Sr., Sommerfield and Bruce, among others from creating a foreseeable risk of injury to Plaintiffs; (i) failure to take affirmative action to control or avoid increasing the danger from conduct which Norris, Hasak, Kommerling, Luyando, Donev, Nedeltchev, Tarnovsky, Menard, Wilson, Main, Dawson, Quinn, Sergei, Dale, Frost, Tarnovsky Sr., Sommerfield and Bruce, among others at least partially created; and/or (j) in the event NDS contends that it obtained Plaintiffs' proprietary conditional access Codes through 'reverse engineering'19, failure to use ordinary care by providing, or allowing Norris, Hasak, Kommerling, Luyando, Donev, Nedeltchev, Tarnovsky, Menard, Wilson, Main, Dawson, Quinn, Sergei, Dale, Frost, Tarnovsky Sr., Sommerfield and Bruce, among others to obtain and subsequently misuse this proprietary information. As a direct and proximate cause of NDS's negligence as described in (a) through (j) above, Plaintiffs have suffered and will continue to suffer substantial damage and injury.

422. The acts and/or omissions of Norris, Hasak, Kommerling, Luyando, Donev, Nedeltchev, Tarnovsky, Menard, Wilson, Main, Dawson, Quinn, Sergei, Dale, Frost, Tarnovsky Sr., Sommerfield and Bruce, among others, forming the basis of Plaintiffs' Second Amended Complaint, injured and will continue to injure Plaintiffs by depriving Plaintiffs of subscription and pay-per-view revenues and other valuable consideration, compromising Plaintiffs' security and accounting systems, infringing Plaintiffs' trade secrets and proprietary information, interfering

As stated herein, however, Plaintiffs are informed and believe NDS did not obtain Plaintiffs' proprietary information through a lawful manner and, as such, any potential claim by NDS of 'reverse engineering' is inapposite and should not insulate NDS from liability for its wrongdoing.

with Plaintiffs' contractual and prospective business relations and damaging the commercial reputation and good will Plaintiffs have established in the conditional access system and direct-to-home satellite television market places. Additionally, these unlawful and anticompetitive acts and/or omissions have resulted in Plaintiffs' having to expend substantial economic resources to combat the NDS controlled and facilitated compromise of Plaintiffs' conditional access system that Plaintiffs would not have otherwise been forced to expend.

# TWENTY-SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

#### (Breach of Contract)

- 423. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.
- 424. On or about November 6, 1998, Defendant George Tarnovsky activated services with Plaintiffs on a 3500 model JVC DISH Network receiver, which he purchased from Sears and Roebuck. As part of this transaction Defendant agreed to be bound by Plaintiffs' Residential Subscriber Agreement ("Agreement").
- 425. On or about August 3, 1999, Christopher Tarnovsky purchased a Webstar, model number 7120, DISH Network receiver from Fry's Electronics and activated its programming on August 3, 1999. Additionally, as part of this transaction Defendant also agreed to be bound by Plaintiffs' Residential Subscriber Agreement.
- 426. Pursuant to the Agreement, Plaintiffs granted Defendants a license to use of Plaintiffs' smart card(s), in which legal title was retained with Plaintiffs. In relevant part, the parties' Agreement states that "DISH DBS Smart Cards are [EchoStar's] property and any tampering or other unauthorized modification to the Smart Card may result in, and subject you to, legal action." Further the Agreement states "[s]mart cards are not transferable. Your Smart Card will only work in the DISH Network receiver to which it was assigned by DISH Network."

427. Concerning Defendants efforts to hack and circumvent Plaintiffs' Smart Cards as alleged in Plaintiffs' Second Amended Compliant and incorporated by reference as if stated fully herein, the Agreement specifically provided that Defendants would not reverse engineer or tamper with Plaintiffs' smart cards:

Your DISH Network receiver contains certain components and software which are proprietary to DISH Network. You agree that you will not try to reverse engineer decompile or disassemble any software or hardware contained within your receiver or our Smart Card. Such actions are strictly prohibited and may result in the termination of your Services and/or legal action. (Emphasis added).

428. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendants have illegally, and in breach of the parties' Agreement, reverse engineered and/or hacked Plaintiffs' smart cards. Concerning piracy of Plaintiffs' smart cards, the Agreement further provides:

WARNING AGAINST PIRACY: It is a violation of several federal and state laws to receive any Services, or any portion of such Services, without paying for them. The penalty for violating such laws can range from imprisonment to civil damages awards of up to \$110,000 per violation.

- 429. All conditions precedent have been performed by or have occurred as required by Plaintiffs' Agreement and by applicable law. Plaintiffs have performed their obligations under the Agreement and have provided Defendants the Services they contracted for.
- 430. Defendants, however, Plaintiffs are informed and believe as pleaded herein, have not performed their contractual obligations per the Agreement.
- 431. As a proximate result of Defendants' breach, Plaintiffs have suffered the damages, including but not limited to, loss of net profits, damages for exposure of Plaintiffs' EEPROM over the internet, disclosure of Plaintiffs' ROM code as

facilitated by Defendants' illegal actions which were in breach of the parties' agreement.

- 432. Also as a proximate result of Defendants' conduct, it has become necessary for Plaintiffs' to retain the undersigned counsel in order to prosecute this litigation and seek reimbursement for their reasonable and necessary attorney's fees as authorized by the Agreement, and for all damages allowable by law.
- 433. Concerning Plaintiffs' recovery of attorney fees, the Agreement specifically states, "if we [Plaintiffs] use . . . an attorney to collect money you owe us or to assert any other right which we may have against you, you agree to pay the reasonable costs of collection or other action. These costs might include, but are not limited to, ... reasonable attorneys fees and court costs."

# TWENTY-THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (Civil Conspiracy)

- 434. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate the above as if fully set forth in this cause of action.
- 435. The Defendants and/or their agents have conspired with each other and others working in concert with them to achieve an unlawful goal by unlawful means. Specifically, the Defendants and/or their agents as well as others acting in concert therewith, have conspired and agreed to restrain competition in the market for conditional access systems related to transmission of satellite signals, by unlawfully (a) effectuating and facilitating others in effectuating a wide spread compromise EchoStar's conditional access system, (b) altering, pirating, modifying, compromising, and/or counterfeiting EchoStar Access Cards, (c) distributing Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs,"

AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system), and (d) advertising and providing software, information, and technical support services relating to Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) into the stream of interstate and foreign commerce.

436. The objective of Defendants and/or their agents' conspiracy was unlawfully attempting to hinder and damage a major competitor in the market place (of which Defendants were a participant) because, among other things, NDS was on the verge of losing a valuable contact to supply encryption technology to DirecTV, its major client, who was in the process of negotiating/investigating the conditional access system licensed by NagraStar to EchoStar.

437. Defendants knew, or should have known, that designing, manufacturing, assembling, modifying, importing (to the United States), exporting, selling, and otherwise distributing Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and

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unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) was and is illegal and prohibited.

- 438. The wrongs and tortious conduct flowing from Defendants' conspiracy include, *inter alia*, misappropriating Plaintiffs' trade secrets, injuring Plaintiffs, violating the Digital Millennium Copyright Act, and illegally hacking Plaintiffs' Security System, in addition to committing the other torts and violations set forth in each separate cause of action in Plaintiffs' Second Amended Complaint.
- 439. Defendants' actions have injured, and will continue to injure Plaintiffs by depriving Plaintiffs of subscription and pay-per-view revenues and other valuable consideration, compromising Plaintiffs' security and accounting systems, infringing Plaintiffs' trade secrets and proprietary information, and interfering with Plaintiffs' contractual and prospective business relations.

### **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs seek a judgment against Defendants as follows:

A. Find that Defendants' conduct in designing, developing, manufacturing, assembling, modifying, importing (to the United States), exporting, trafficking, distributing, and selling Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system), placing advertisements for the sale of such Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers,

emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, 1 Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-2 Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and 3 unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system), 4 or providing software, information, and technical support services relating to 5 Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices 6 designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or 7 Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) intended to facilitate the illegal and unauthorized reception and use of EchoStar's satellite television programming services by persons not authorized to receive such programming violates 47 U.S.C. §§ 605(a) and 605(e)(4), 18 U.S.C. §§ 2511(1)(a) and (c), 18 U.S.C. §§ 1962(c) and 1962(d), 15 U.S.C. §§ 1114 and 1125(a), California Penal Code §§ 593(d)(a)(1)-(4), 593e(b), and 593e(c), California Business and Professions Code § 17200, and California state law; Find further that Defendants' violations were willful, for a tortious or illegal В. purpose, or for purposes of direct or indirect commercial advantage or private financial gain; In accordance with 47 U.S.C. § 605(e)(3)(B)(i), 17 U.S.C. § 1203(b)(1), 18 C.

U.S.C. § 2520(b)(1), 18 U.S.C. § 1964(a), 15 U.S.C. § 1116, California Penal Code §§ 593d(g) and 593e(e), California Business and Professions Code § 17206, and California state law, enjoin and restrain Defendants and persons or entities controlled directly or indirectly by Defendants from: (a) designing, manufacturing, assembling, modifying, importing (to the United States), trafficking, possessing,

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distributing, or selling Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); (b) assisting, procuring, or aiding and abetting third persons in the unauthorized reception and use of EchoStar's satellite television programming; (c) placing advertisements for the sale of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); or (d) providing software, information, or technical support services relating to (1) Pirated EchoStar Access Cards, (2) other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system), or (3) the illegal and unauthorized reception and use of EchoStar's

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satellite television programming service by persons not authorized to receive such programming;

In accordance with 47 U.S.C. § 605(e)(3)(B)(i), 18 U.S.C. § 2520(b)(1), D. California Penal Code §§ 593d(g) and 593e(e), and California Business & Professions Code § 17206, grant an Order directing Defendants to return to Plaintiffs all trade secrets, proprietary information, Pirated EchoStar Access Cards, other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system), and any other hardware or software derived from EchoStar Access Cards, Security System, or satellite television programming system;

E. In accordance with 47 U.S.C. § 605(e)(3)(B)(i), 18 U.S.C. § 2520(b)(1), California Penal Code §§ 593d(g) and 593e(e), and California Business & Professions Code § 17206, grant an Order impounding all Pirated EchoStar Access Cards and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) in the possession, custody, or control of Defendants, or related entities of Defendants, that the Court has reasonable cause to believe were involved in a violation of any causes of action alleged herein;

F. Grant an Order requiring Defendants to post a prominent public notice on any Internet website owned, operated, maintained by Defendants notifying all persons in possession of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) that the cards and devices have been recalled and that they must send the cards or devices to EchoStar or destroyed;

G. Grant an Order requiring Defendants to identify all John Does working in concert with Defendants in performing the unlawful acts described herein, and to use all contact information in Defendants' possession, custody, or control to notify anyone who has obtained a Pirated EchoStar Access Cards or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) from Defendants that the cards and devices have been recalled and that they must send the cards or devices to EchoStar or destroyed;

H. Grant an Order directing Defendants to preserve and maintain all records, in any form (including electronic form), that evidences, refers to, or relates to: (a) EchoStar Access Cards; (b) Plaintiffs' encryption technology; (c) Pirated EchoStar

Access Cards; (d) other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); (e) communications or correspondence with manufacturers, suppliers, distributors, or customers of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system), or access card programming services; (f) the identity of any manufacturers, suppliers, distributors, or customers of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); and (g) the quantity of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards, including EchoStar Access Cards that have not yet been altered, pirated, modified, compromised, and/or counterfeited, and other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable

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users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) in inventory and sold by Defendants;

Grant an Order permitting Plaintiffs, through its counsel, to inspect and make mirror image copies of any computer or electronic storage drives or back-up tapes in the possession, custody, or control of Defendants or related entities that contain information that evidences, refers to, or relates to Defendants' conduct of designing, developing, manufacturing, assembling, modifying, importing (to the United States), exporting, trafficking, distributing, and selling Pirated EchoStar Access Cards or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system), or providing software, information, or technical support services relating to Pirated EchoStar Access Cards or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized

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modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system) designed to facilitate the illegal and unauthorized reception and use of satellite television programming by persons not authorized to receive such programming;

- Grant an Order requiring Defendants to file with the Court and to serve on J. counsel for Plaintiffs, within 30 days from entry of the injunction, a report in writing under oath setting forth in specific detail the manner and form in which each respective Defendant has complied with the injunctions and orders described in paragraphs A through I above;
- In accordance with 47 U.S.C. §§ 605(e)(3)(C)(i) and (ii), award Plaintiffs the K. greater of (a) its actual damages together with any profits made by Defendants that are attributable to the violation alleged herein, or (b) statutory damages in the amount of up to \$110,000 for each violation of 47 U.S.C. § 605(a);
- In accordance with 47 U.S.C. §§ 605(e)(3)(C)(i), award Plaintiffs the greater L. of (a) its actual damages together with any profits made by Defendants that are attributable to the violation alleged herein, or (b) statutory damages in the amount of up to \$100,000 for each violation of 47 U.S.C. § 605(e)(4);
- In accordance with 18 U.S.C. § 2520(c)(2), award Plaintiffs the greater of (a) M. its actual damages together with any profits made by Defendants as a result of the violations alleged herein, or (b) statutory damages of which is the greater of \$100 per day for each day of violation of 18 U.S.C. §§ 2511(1) or \$10,000;
- In accordance with California Penal Code § 593d(f), award Plaintiffs the N. greater of (a) three times its actual damages, or (b) statutory damages or \$5,000 for each violation of California Penal Code §§ 593d(a)(1)-(4) and 593d;
- In accordance with California Penal Code § 593e(c)(1), award Plaintiffs the O. greater of (a) three times its actual damages and any revenues obtained by Defendants as a result of Defendants' violations, (b) three times the value of the services unlawfully obtained, or (c) the sum of \$500 for each Pirated EchoStar Access Cards or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable

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users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security

System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards,

glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers,

integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers,

ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended 5

for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's

digital satellite system) that was manufactured, sold, used, or distributed by

Defendants; 8

- In accordance with California Penal Code § 593e(c)(1), award Plaintiffs 9 P. statutory damages in the amount of up to \$10,000 for each violation of California 10
- Penal Code § 593e(b); 11
- In accordance with 18 U.S.C. § 1964(c), award Plaintiffs treble the amount of 12 Q.
- actual damages suffered by Plaintiffs in their business or property by reason of 13
- Defendants' violations of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1964(c) and 1962(d); 14
- In accordance with 15 U.S.C. § 1117, award Plaintiffs treble the amount of 15 R.
- 16 actual damages suffered by Plaintiffs;
- In accordance with 18 U.S.C. § 2520(b)(2) and California Penal Code § 17 S.
- 593e(c)(1), award Plaintiffs punitive damages for each violation of 18 U.S.C. §§ 18
- 2511(1) and California Penal Code § 593e(b), respectively; 19
- In accordance with California state law, award Plaintiffs compensatory Т. 20
- damages, in an amount to be proved at trial, and punitive damages for each of the 21
- claims arising under state law; 22
- In accordance with California state law, Order an accounting, establish a 23 U.
- constructive trust in favor of Plaintiffs, and direct Defendants to disgorge all profits 24
- obtained by them as a result of: (a) designing, manufacturing, assembling, 25
- modifying, importing (to the United States), trafficking, possessing, distributing, or 26
- selling Pirated EchoStar Access Cards or other circumvention or signal theft 27
  - devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards

and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); (b) providing software, information, or technical support services relating to: (1) altering, pirating, modifying, compromising, and/or counterfeiting EchoStar Access Cards; (2) Pirated EchoStar Access Cards; (3) other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system); or (4) the illegal and unauthorized reception and use of EchoStar's satellite television programming by persons not authorized to receive such programming; (c) assisting, procuring, or aiding and abetting third persons in the unauthorized reception and use of EchoStar's satellite television programming; or (d) advertising the sale of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards or other circumvention or signal theft devices designed to enable users to illegally modify or alter EchoStar Access Cards and/or Plaintiffs' Security System (including, but not limited to, loaders, dead processor boot boards, glitchers, bootloaders, unloopers, emulators, printed circuit boards, programmers, integrated receivers/decoders, Audio Video Replicators "AVRs," AVR wafers, ATMEGA 128s, JTAGs, Digi-Locks, and/or other hardware and software intended for the unlawful and unauthorized modification of and/or access to EchoStar's digital satellite system);

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## **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** 1 Plaintiffs EchoStar Communications Corporation, EchoStar Satellite 2 Corporation, and EchoStar Technologies Corporation (collectively, "EchoStar") 3 and NagraStar L.L.C. hereby demand trial by jury in this action. 4 DATED: February 18, 2004 5 Respectfully Submitted, 6 SQUIRE, SANDERS & DEMPSEY L.L.P. 8 9 Cynthia A. Ricketts 10 Attorneys for Plaintiffs ECHOSTAR SATELLITE CORPORATION, 11 ECHOSTAR COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION, 12 ECHOSTAR TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION, AND NAGRASTAR L.L.C. 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

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SQUIRE, SANDERS L.L.P. 801 South Figueroa Street 14th Floor Los Angeles CA 90017

SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT

1	V. In accordance with 47 U.S.C. § 605(e)(3)(B)(iii), 18 U.S.C. § 2520(b)(3), 18
2	U.S.C. § 1964(c), and California Penal Code §§ 593d(f)(2) and 593e(d), direct
3	Defendants to pay Plaintiffs all of Plaintiffs' costs, reasonable attorneys' fees, and
4	investigative fees;
5	W. For pre-judgment interest on all damages, where allowable by law;
6	X. For post-judgment interest on all damages, where allowable by law; and
7	Y. For such additional relief as the Court deems to be just and equitable.
8	D 4 1 F 1 19 2004
9	Dated: February 18, 2004
10	SQUIRE, SANDERS & DEMPSEY L.L.P.
11	By: Cynthia A. Ricketts Attorneys for Plaintiffs
12	By: Cynthia A. Ricketts
13	ECHOSTAR SATELLITE CORPORATION,
14	ECHOSTAR COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION,
15	ECHOSTAR TEĆHNOLOGIES CORPORATION, AND NAGRASTAR L.L.C.
16	Of Counsel
17	T. WADE WELCH & ASSOCIATES
18	T. Wade Welch ( <i>pro hac vice</i> ) Ross W. Wooten ( <i>pro hac vice</i> )
19	T. Wade Welch (pro hac vice) Ross W. Wooten (pro hac vice) Chad M. Hagan (pro hac vice to be filed) 2401 Fountainview Suite 700
20	Houston, Texas 77057 Telephone: (713) 952-4334 Facsimile: (713) 952-4994
21	Facsimile: (713) 952-4994
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20 27	
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SQUIRE, SANDERS L.L.P. 801 South Figueroa Street 14<sup>th</sup> Floo: Los Angeles CA 90017

ason. FAX NO. :

09 Apr. 2002 18:43 P2

JAMES A. DIBOISE, State Bar No. 083296 I ELIZABETH M. SAUNDERS, State Bar No. 138249 WILSON SONSINI GOODRICH & ROSATI 2 Professional Corporation 650 Page Mill Road 3 Palo Alto, CA 94304-1050 Telephone: (650) 493-9300 4 Facsimile: (650) 565-5100 5 Attorneys for Plaintiffs GROUPE CANAL+ S.A., 6 CANAL+ TECHNOLOGIES, S.A. and CANAL+ TECHNOLOGIES, INC. 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION 11 12 GROUPE CANAL+ S.A., CANAL+ CASE NO.: C02-01178 VRW TECHNOLOGIES, S.A., CANAL+ 13 TECHNOLOGIES, INC., DECLARATION OF OLIVER 14 KÖMMERLING IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR Plaintiffs, 15 EXPEDITED DISCOVERY AND TO PRESERVE DOCUMENTS AND 16 **THINGS** NDS GROUP PLC, NDS AMERICAS, INC., Defendants. Date: April 18, 2002 18 Time: 2:00 p.m. Place: Courtroom 6, 17th Floor 19 20 21 22 I, Oliver Kömmerling, declare as follows: 23 I am the same Oliver Kömmerling that Mr. Peled identifies in his declaration 24 submitted in this section. I am the principal shareholder of ADSR, a company that provides 25 security services to many different businesses. These provided and continue to provide security 26 services to both Canali and to NDS Group I have read Mr. Peled's declaration and disagree with several of the maxements he makes in it and disagree with some of those statements that he attributes to me.

ROWHERLING DECLARATION NO. C02-01178 VRW

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3. I have met with Canal+' lawyers at their request and discussed my knowledge regarding NDS activities concerning the publication of Canal+' smart card software on the website "DR7" in March 1999. I have through my lawyer made NDS aware that I am prepared to meet their lawyers also to discuss my knowledge of this matter. I wish to tell the truth concerning what I know of this matter and would respond to a subpoena to testify issued by this Court in connection with Canal+' lawsuit against NDS. As long as my costs were paid, it would not be a burden to me to appear in the United States for a deposition.

- 4. I am fearful that pressure will be brought to bear on me and my friends by NDS to not testify in this action. NDS' lawyer has already spoken with my lawyer, telling him that I should be reminded that I am under contractual obligations to NDS not to divulge any confidential information of NDS. I do not believe that my knowledge of this matter is of a nature that is subject to any such confidentiality agreement with NDS. I was asked to come to a meeting in New York City on Tuesday 9th or Wednesday 10th April 2002 by lawyers working for NDS and News Corporation along with all the other NDS people identified by Canal+ for deposition. I declined to attend that meeting, but did make NDS aware that I was prepared to meet with their lawyers in London.
- ADSR, of which I hold 60% of the shares and NDS holds 40%. I have provided services to both NDS and Canal+, as well as other third parties, for the past two years. This action has, however, led to some of ADSR's other customers expressing concern at the ability of ADSR to maintain confidentiality given that NDS is a shareholder. In addition, Mr. Peled, through an NDS employee, has informed me that I must not continue providing services to Canal+ if this action proceeds. As a result, I am seeking to terminate the joint venture with NDS and have offered to acquire their 40% shareholding. They have refused to sell their shares while this action proceeds. The fact that I have knowledge of NDS' activities concerning the publication of the Canal+ smartcard software means that this action also involves me. I want to testify to tell the truth regarding my knowledge of this matter in a fair proceeding with both sides present in order that I may be done with this

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KOMMERLING DECLARATION - NO. C02-01178 VRW

matter so I may take such steps as are necessary to preserve the reputation of ADSR or, if appropriate, to set up a new business independent of NDS.

- 6. I have provided consultancy services in the field of microelectronics and software security to NDS since mid-1996. I have also provided consultancy services to and worked closely with NDS operational security department helping to defeat piracy during the same period. I was instrumental in the establishment of the NDS research facility in Haifa, Israel in late 1996 and early 1997 and the recruitment of engineers for that facility. I was responsible for the training of all the engineers in Haifa at that time.
- 7. Based on my personal knowledge and on information and belief from conversations with people who were involved in the events, I understand the following to be true:
- a. NDS engineers in the NDS facility in Haifa, Israel obtained Canal+ smart cards and using the techniques taught by me (some of which were described in my paper "Design Principles for Tamper Resistant Smartcards" written with Markus Kuhn) were able to physically extract the Canal+ machine code embedded in their smart cards.
- b. NDS engineers disassembled and analyzed the extracted machine code and were then able to explore methods by which people would be able to circumvent the security measures contained within that machine code.
- c. These efforts and the results were put into a written document and circulated among some NDS employees. I am also in possession of a copy of this report.
- d. I was informed by a friend of the publication of the Canal+ code on the DR7 website. It became apparent to me that it was the same code that had been extracted and analyzed in the NDS Haifa laboratories. Subsequently, I was able to confirm this fact with no reasonable doubt in my mind.
- e. Later I was told by then current NDS employees that the Canal+ code was either handed to or sent from Israel to Southern California to Chris Tarnovsky. The same NDS employees told me that it was agreed that Chris Tarnovsky should emange for the Canal+ code to be published on the internet.

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ť.	In a telephone conversation with Ms. Genie Cavenchak, a lawyer for News
Corporation.	I said that I believed the factual allegations in the Canal+ complaint were accurate
and truthful.	I also told Ms. Gavenchak that I had told all these facts to Mr. Poled, I had done this
at a private di	inner with him in late 1999.

- 8. I have read the allegations contained in paragraph 17 of Mr. Peled's declaration and say the following:
- a. I did inform Mr. Peled that ADSR would be undertaking work for Canal+ on its smart card security measures as I was required to under the terms of the agreement between ADSR and NDS. I informed Mr. Peled in his capacity as a director of ADSR.
- b. I informed Mr. Peled that Canal+ had supplied me with a development version of a type of chip which was one of several candidates for use in their latest generation cards and that Canal+ had asked me to test the security features, not that I had been supplied with a development version of the latest generation card. I told Mr. Peled that the security features of that particular chip were not sufficient to use the eard for their conditional access system because I broke those security features in days. I informed Mr. Peled that I had recommended a different, more secure microprocessor be used. I did not tell him the type to be used, only that minor customization would be necessary to satisfy me that the security features would be adequate. I made no comment to Mr. Peled regarding the new generation card itself.
- c. I never stated to Mr. Peled that Canal+' security measures and smart card were not state of the art, nor would I, as that would have required me to breach my confidentiality obligations to Canal+. I do not know why Mr. Peled chose to attribute those statements to me as I never made them to him. I would question the use of the phrase "state of the art" by Mr. Peled given that I have much more knowledge of the respective technology employed by NDS and Canal+ than he has. I do not believe that it is possible to make any reasonable judgment on whether a chip or card is state of the art or not given the limited information I gave to Mr.Peled about the work I was undertaking on behalf of Canal+.

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I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on 9 April 2002, in London, England.

Oliver Kommerling

KOMMERING DECLARATION - NO. CO2-01178 VRW

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JAMES A. DiBOISE, State Bar No. 083296 ELIZABETH M. SAUNDERS, State Bar No. 138249 WILSON SONSINI GOODRICH & ROSATI Professional Corporation 650 Page Mill Road Palo Alto, CA 94304-1050 Telephone: (650) 493-9300 4 Facsimile: (650) 565-5100 5 Attorneys for Plaintiffs GROUPE CANAL+ S.A., 6 CANAL+ TECHNOLOGIES, S.A. and CANAL+ TECHNOLOGIES, INC. 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION 11 12 GROUPE CANAL+ S.A., CANAL+ CASE NO.: C02-01178 VRW 13 TECHNOLOGIES, S.A., CANAL+ TECHNOLOGIES, INC., DECLARATION OF JAN 14 SAGGIORI IN SUPPORT OF Plaintiffs. PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR 15 EXPEDITED DISCOVERY AND TO V. PRESERVE DOCUMENTS AND 16 THINGS NDS GROUP PLC. NDS AMERICAS, INC., 17 Defendants. Date: April 18, 2002 18 Time: 2:00 p.m. Place: Courtroom 6, 17<sup>th</sup> Floor 19 20 21 22 I, Jan Saggiori, declare as follows: 23 l am employed by SSS LLC, based in Geneva, Switzerland. SSS Llc is 24 engaged in providing consulting services to Canal+ in the area of conditional access systems for digital TV. 26 2. I have known Chris Tarnovsky since the mid-1990s and have had various email exchanges with him concerning digital television and security measures used to protect those signals. I met Chris via the internet and a user group called TV-Crypt Group. TV-Crypt SAGGIORI DECLARATION No. C02-01178 VRW EXHIBIT\_

Group was managed by Markus Kuhn when Markus was a student at the University of Erlangen in Germany. While Chris was living in Germany, he and I exchanged email messages and exchanged software concerning D2MAC-Eurocrypt (Canal+/TV1000) and Videocrypt (Sky/Filmnet) systems. Chris went back to the United States but we continued our email correspondence. Chris began to study the Videoguard system (version P1) utilized by DirecTV in the United States to protect its satellite TV signals. Chris asked me for some source code I had written concerning the DES encryption algorithm and associated tables.

- 3. In 1997 Chris contacted me and requested that I put him in contact with people who were able to analyze smart cards. I introduced Chris to Vesselin Ivanov Nedeltchev ("Vesco") and gave Vesco's phone number to Chris. Vesco is an engineer I had met in Geneva who had studied smart cards and their associated security systems. I also met Vesco in mid-2001 in Geneva when he came to see me specifically to discuss questions related to the security encryption of access control systems and at that time I understood Vesco was working directly for Reuven Hasak of NDS.
- 4. Very shortly after its publication on the DR7 website, I became aware that the Canal+ smart card code was available for downloading from the DR7 website. I downloaded that smart card code from the DR7 website and examined that binary code and the text files included with it. The text document indicated that the code associated with the EEPROM had been lost during the extraction process but indicated that the rest of the data from the user-ROM was included in the file. I examined that binary code and determined that the code present at the 2000 address was missing.
- 5. Knowing that Chris Tarnovsky knew Al Menart because I had introduced the two of them in 1996 and knowing that Al Menart was the Webmaster of DR7, I asked Chris Tarnovsky if he could obtain the [missing] code present at the 2000 address from Al Menart. By an email exchange from Chris Tarnovsky, Chris sent me an 8kb binary file that he claimed comained the requested code extracted from the Canal÷ smart card. Attached as Exhibit A to this declaration is a copy of the email I received from Chris Tarnovsky (using the alias of Arthur

1	von Neumann or "Von") and attached as Exhibit B is the binary code that Chris sent me with the						
2	email.						
3	6. Later in 1999, after Chris had visited me in Geneva, we discussed the						
4	possibility of obtaining additional information regarding the Thomson chip used by Canal+ in its						
5	smart cards. Chris sent me a PDF by email that contained the user manual for the Thomson chip						
6	The first page of the document I received from Chris is attached as Exhibit C to this declaration.						
7	The received document is a copy of the Thomson confidential user manual which is only						
8	possible to obtain from Thomson under a strict nondisclosure agreement.						
9	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the						
10	foregoing is true and correct.						
11	Executed on April 8, 2002 at Paris, France.						
12							
13	/s/Jan Saggiori						
14	Jan Saggiori						
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SAGGIORI DECLARATION - No. C02-01178 VRW

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mail P.O. Box 150 Berkeley CA 94701

Date: April 10, 2002

Re: 25012.500

## CERTIFICATION OF EDITING

This certifies that the editing and verification of the translation from French to English of the two French legal documents entitled: "DECLARATION OF JAN SAGGIORI IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR EXPEDITED DISCOVERY AND TO PRESERVE DOCUMENTS AND THINGS" and: "DECLARATION OF VINCENT LABIE IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR EXPEDITED DISCOVERY AND TO PRESERVE DOCUMENTS AND THINGS" have been performed by a qualified professional translator competent in both languages, and is an accurate and complete rendering of the content of the original document to the best of our ability.

Signed:

Marlo R. Martin, Ph.D.

Director

1	JAMES A. DiBOISE, State Bar No. 083296					
2	Professional Corporation 650 Page Mill Road					
3						
4	Palo Alto, CA 94304-1050 Telephone: (650) 493-9300					
5	Facsimile: (650) 565-5100					
6	Attorneys for Plaintiffs GROUPE CANAL+ S.A.,					
7	CANAL+ TECHNOLOGIES, S.A. and CANAL+ TECHNOLOGIES, INC.					
8	LINITED CTATES D	ACTRICT COLUMN				
9	UNITED STATES D					
10	NORTHERN DISTRIC					
11	SAN FRANCISC	CO DIVISION				
12	CDOURT CANAL SALES					
13	GROUPE CANAL+ S.A., CANAL+ TECHNOLOGIES, S.A., CANAL+	) CASE NO.: C02-01178 VRW				
14	TECHNOLOGIES, INC.,	<ul><li>DECLARATION OF JAN</li><li>SAGGIORI IN SUPPORT OF</li></ul>				
15	Plaintiffs,	) PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR EXPEDITED DISCOVERY AND TO				
16	V.	) PRESERVE DOCUMENTS AND ) THINGS				
17	NDS GROUP PLC, NDS AMERICAS, INC.,	)				
18	Desendants.	) Date: April 18, 2002 ) Time: 2:00 p.m.				
19		Place: Courtroom 6, 17 <sup>th</sup> Floor				
20		)				
21						
22						
23	Je soussigné Jan Saggiori, déclare ce qui suit :					
24	sarright tuin suggion, declare ce qui suit :					
25						
26	1. Je suis employé par la société SSS Llc. basée à Genève, en Suisse. SSS Llc fournit des					
	services de consulting à Canal÷ dans le domaine d'a	accès conditionnel pour la télévision				
li'	numérique.					
	Saggiori Declaration No. C02-01178 VRW	/				

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Symmetric Declaration - No. C02-01178 VRW

2. Je connais Chris Tarnovsky depuis le milieu des années 90 et nous avons échangé différents email ayant trait à la télévision numérique et aux mesures de sécurité mises en œuvre pour protéger les signaux. J'ai connu Chris à travaers internet, et un ggroupe appelé « TV-Crypt ». Le groupe « TV-Crypt » était géré par Markus Kuhn quand il était étudiant à l'université d'Erlangen en Allemagne. Lorsqu'il vivait en Allemagne, Chris et moi avons échangé des E-mail et des logiciels cooncernant les systèmes D2MAC-Eurocrypt (Canal+/TV1000) et Videocrypt (Sky/Filmnet). Chris est rentré aux Etats-Unis et nous avons continué à correspondre par E-mail. Chris commença à étudier les système Videoguard (version P1) utilisé par DirecTV aux Etats-Unis pour protéger l'accès à ses signaux satellites. Chris me demanda du code source que j'avais écrit et qui concernait l'algorithme de cryptage « DES » et les tables associées.

3. En 1997, Chris me contacta et me demanda de le mettre en contact avec des personnes susceptibles d'analyser des cartes à puce. J'ai présenté à Chris Vesselin Ivanov Nedeltchev (« Vesco ») et ai donné à Chris le numéro de téléphone de Vesco. Vesco est un ingénieur que j'ai rencontré à Genève et qui avait étudié les cartes à puce et leur systèmes de sécurité. J'ai également rencontré Vesco en mi 2001 à Genève quand il m'a contacté pour aborder en particulier des questions relatives à la sécurité du cryptage de systèmes de contrôle d'accès ; à cette époque, je compris que Vesco travaillait directement pour Reuven Hasak de NDS.

4. Très rapidement après sa publication sur le site web DR7, je fus informé qu'il était possible de télécharger à partir du site DR7 le code de la carte à puce de Canal+. Je téléchargeai ce code de la carte à puce à partir du site DR7 et examinai le code binaire ainsi que les fichiers textes inclus. Le document texte indiquait que le code de l'EEPROM avait été perdu lors du processus d'extraction mais précisait que le reste des données de la ROM utilisateur était présent dans le

1	fichier. J'examinai le code binaire et déterminai que le code présent à partir de l'adresse N°2000			
2	était manquant.			
3				
4	5. Sachant que Chris Tarnovski connaissait Al Ménart parce que je les avait présentés en 1996 e			
5	1			
6	sachant qu'Al Ménart était le gestionnaire du site DR7, je demandai à Chris s'il pouvait obtenir			
7	d'Al Ménart le code présent à partir de l'adresse N°2000. Par un échange d'Email, Chris			
8	m'envoya un fichier binaire de 8 Kilo Octets qui contenait, m'assurait-il, le code réclamé extrait			
9	de la carte à puce Canal+. Sont joints en annexe de cette présente déclaration, une copie de l'			
10	Ernail reçu de Chris Tarnovski (qui utilisait le pseudonyme « Arthur von Neumann » ou			
11	« Von ») en Annexe A et le code binaire transmis par cet Email en annexe B.			
13				
14	6. Plus tard en 1999, après que Chris m'eût rendu visite à Genève, nous discutâmes la possibilité			
15	d'obtenir plus d'information concernant le composant Thomson utilisé dans les cartes à puce			
16	Canal÷. Chris m'envoya par Email un fichier qui contenait le manuel utilisateur du composant			
17	Thomson. La page de garde du document que j'ai reçu de Chris est joint en annexe C de cette			
18	présente déclaration. Le document reçu est une copie d'un manuel utilisateur confidentiel de			
9	Thomson qu'il n'est possible d'obtenir de Thomson qu'à travers un strict accord de			
20	confidentialité.			
2	Je déclare, sous risque de poursuites selon les lois des Etats Unis d'Amérique, que ma présente			
3	déclaration est exacte et sincère.			
4				
5	Signé : 8 Avril 2002, à Paris, France.			
6	in the second se			
7				
	/s/Jan Saggiori Jan Saggiori			
	Saggiori Declaration -3- 2118778.01			
	100 C02-011/6 VKW			
	188			

FROM: Arthur Von Neumann, INTERNET:von@metro2000.net SAGGIORI Jan, jan\_saggiori DATE: 28.03.99 13,36 Re: Re: Hi Contents: 1 Internet Message Header 2 <no topic> Topic: Internet Message Header Sender: von@metro2000.net Received: from relay1.smtp.psi.net (relay1.smtp.psi.net [38.8.14.2]) by hpdmgaaa.compuserve.com (8.8.8/8.8.8/HP-1.1) with ESMTP id NAA22853 for <jan\_saggiori@compuserve.com>; Sun, 28 Mar 1999 13:36:11 -0500 (EST) Received: from [38.223.67.2] (helo=ad2.com) by relay1.smtp.psi.net with esmtp (Exim 1.90 #1) for jan\_saggiori@compuserve.com id 10RKPx-00070z-00; Sun, 28 Mar 1999 13:36:17 -0500 Received: from hers (38.12.3.110) by ad2.com with ESMTP (Apple Internet Mail Server 1.1.1); Sun, 28 Mar 1999 10:41:36 -0700 Message-Id: <4.2.0.25.19990328183134.00a377d0@metro2000.net> X-Sender: von@metro2000.net X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Pro Version 4.2.0.25 (Beta) Date: Sun, 28 Mar 1999 18:32:42 +0000 To: SAGGIORI Jan < jan\_saggiori@compuserve.com> From: Arthur Von Neumann <von@metro2000.net> Subject: Re: Hi In-Reply-To: <199903281247\_MC2-6FBD-5DC0@compuserve.com> Mime-Version: 1.0 Content-Type: multipart/mixed; boundary="========6511890== " Good news from up north here.. Enjoy, keep for you please.. extremely top secret! 

----BEGIN PGP MESSAGE----Version: 2.6.3ia

Name: 16cf54.asc

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2050
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2060
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2070
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2080
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2090
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20a0
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20b0
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      b3 2e 26 f5 4f 20 15 cd 1f 55 ad 1c ad 6e 20 85
20c0
20d0
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20f0
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2100
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2110
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2120
      20 02 14 03 07 01 04 3f 03 20 fe b6 31 ae 63 5a
2130
      26 fd 4a 26 f8 11 03 15 03 15 21 81 ae 06 cc 20
2140
      la 18 01 ad 12 10 03 14 03 1c 03 4f c7 e1 00 11
2150
      03 18 03 a6 le 20 9f 12 03 13 03 81 99 39 88 ad
2160
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2170
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2180
      bb a6 20 b7 2c a6 e0 b7 2f 81 ae 1f d6 e0 00 e7
2190
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21a0
      08 5c a3 08 26 f8 cd 21 17 4f c7 df fe b7 27 18
21b0
      03 10 03 ad 14 10 04 ad 12 11 04 4c ad 0d 4c 3a
21c0
      27 26 f2 3f 03 3f 04 3f 01 a6 0a ae 63 5a 26 fd
21d0
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21e0
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21f0
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2200
2210
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2220
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2230
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2280
2290
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22a0
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22b0
22c0
      00 ae 08 bf 22 3f 23 9d ad 20 46 25 04 11 00 20
      04 10 00 33 23 3a 22 26 ef ad 0f 00 23 04 11 00
22d0
22e0
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22£0
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         23 c9 cc 21 99 cd 21 7f a6 7f b7 27 3c 2a ae
      lf cd 21 57 a6 ff bd 2a 5a 2a fb cd 21 17 cd 23
      de 3a 27 26 ea 3a 2a 10 21 cd 21 7f cc 20 55 ad
      fil ed 21 8a 11 21 ed 21 3c ed 20 ea ec 21 5c 20
      a8 20 c3 20 ea 20 0c 20 1b 20 31 20 b6 20 19 20
      37 20 78 a6 79 b7 26 ad 83 d1 e0 09 27 02 3f 26
      5a 2a f4 81 5f cc 20 9d a6 40 ae 3f b7 2b 3f 2c
     bf 2e 3f 2f 20 b6 a6 28 ae 0b 20 f0 cd 21 8a a6
5.396
 ٦٥,
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     ad 4e ca e0 07 b1 f5 26 fe cd 21 57 c7 e0 07 b6
3150
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JBe0
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EXHIBIT 2

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2850
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2860
      f5 81 a6 06 ad f5 20 19 a6 0e ad ef 20 4b 3f f5
2870
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2880
      Oc cd 29 el 0e f5 03 4f 20 05 b6 f5 a4 7f 4a 97
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2970
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2980
      00 36 f6 36 f7 36 f8 36 f9 01 fd 18 b6 0a bb fd
      b7 fd b6 0a b9 fc b7 fc b6 0a b9 fb b7 fb b6 0a
2990
      b9 fa b7 fa 36 fa 36 fb 36 fc 36 fd 3a f5 26 ce
29a0
29b0
      17 Oc ae 04 e6 f5 b7 Ob 5a 26 f9 81 a6 46 b7 Oc
29c0
      a6 01 b7 0b ae 03 20 06 a6 46 b7 0c ae 04 4f b7
29d0
      0b 5a 26 fb 81 a6 40 20 02 a6 60 b7 f3 a6 01 b7
29e0
      f2 a6 d6 b7 f1 a6 81 b7 f4 81 d6 01 00 b7 0b 5c
29f0
      d6 01 00 b7 0b 5c d6 01 00 b7 0b 5c d6 01 00 b7
2a00
      0b 5c 81 a6 01 20 05 cd 28 46 a6 02 ad 32 18 0c
2a10
      0d 0d fd 81 be f6 20 01 5f ad 06 ad 15 0d 0d fd
2a20
      81 a6 03 ad 1b a6 45 b7 0c a6 0f 0f 0d 01 44 b7
2a30
      f5 81 ad b6 18 0c 09 0d fd ad af 3a f5 26 f7 81
2a40
      b7 f5 b6 0d a4 f0 ba f5 b7 0d 81 be f6 ad b8 ad
2a50
      c8 20 c6 be f6 ad b0 ad c0 9f a0 20 0e 0d 02 a0
2a60
      20 97 20 ed bf f6 a6 23 b7 0d 1d 0c 5f ad 6c cd
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      29 bc be f6 a6 07 b7 f5 a6 45 b7 0c ad b4 09 0d
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      fd ae 04 cd 29 ce 0d 0d fd 1b 0d 81 ad 0a be f6
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      20 bd ad 04 be f6 20 bf a6 4b cd 29 19 3a f5 98
2aa0
      5c 4f b2 0a e7 ff 3a f5 26 f6 4f b2 0e d7 01 00
2ab0
      cd 29 0a a6 49 cd 29 19 3a f5 98 5c b6 0a 49 e7
      ff 3a f5 26 f6 b6 0e 49 d7 01 00 cd 2a 18 ae 09
2ac0
      0f 0d 01 5a cd 2a 03 5a 26 fa 81 a6 01 b7 0c a6
2ad0
      20 b7 f5 cd 28 81 ae 20 cc 29 ce be f6 cd 28 f2
2ae0
      cd 29 3b ae 40 cd 29 2b ae 42 cd 2d f4 cd 29 d5
2af0
      3f f8 be ff d6 01 3f 26 02 3a ff ad 64 ad 46 20
2b00
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      44 cd 29 1b b6 06 5c e7 ff 26 02 3c 06 b3 f5 26
2b20
      f3 81 ad ed c6 01 00 aa 01 c7 01 00 cd 29 06 cd
2b30
      29 67 ad dd cd 29 0a ad d8 cd 2a 18 cd 2a 03 cc
      29 3b be f6 4f b7 f8 cd 2a 07 cd 2a 19 cd 29 3b
      6f ad le 27 1b a6 03 cd 2a 40 a6 01 b7 0b ae 03
      od 29 ce 18 0c 09 0d fd ae 04 cd 29 ce 0d 0d fd
      31 be ff 27 55 5a bf ff cd 29 e1 bd f1 27 4b b7
      16 a6 08 b7 f7 cd 2a 21 3a f7 39 f6 24 fa 3d f7
         75 13 0d 18 0c 0d 0d fd 06 f8 06 39 f6 24 13
        06 39 f6 25 02 16 0d 12 0d cd 2a 25 5f cd 2a
11110
      1b 17 0d 3a f7
                     26 db be ff 27 0d 5a bf ff a6 08
     157 £7
           bd fl b7 f6 20 ca a6 55 81 cd 23 fl cd 29
1220
el ed 2e 65 cd 29 25 cd 2c cl cd 2e 65 cd 29 3b
     ed 3c 91 ae 20 cd 29 27 a6 80 cd 2c cf cd 29 51
      cd 28 f0 cd 29 3b cd 2c 91 cd 29 3b a6 60 cd 2c
. . . : 0
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     Of ad 49 bd f1 5c e9 ff e7 ff 3a f6 26 f5 24 f1
2010
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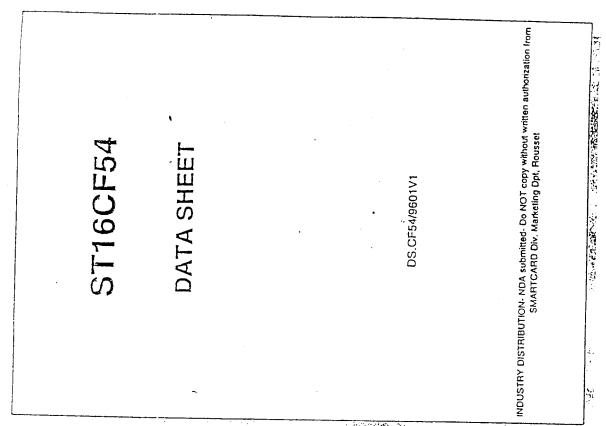
49 b7 0c ad 17 b6 0a 5c d9 01 1f e7 ff 3a f5 26 2050 14 4f b9 0a 5c e7 ff 3a f6 26 f6 81 a6 20 b7 f6 2060 b7 f5 5f 98 81 3f 0d ad 43 ad 45 1e 0d cd 29 51 2c70 1f 0d ad 0f cd 2a 07 ad 06 cd 2a 18 1e 0d 81 a6 2c80 49 20 02 a6 4b b7 0c ae 1f b6 0a 5a 26 fb 17 0c 2090 81 cd 2c b9 ae 1f ad 08 3f f8 cd 2b 71 cc 2b 55 2ca0 bd fl 4d 26 03 5a 20 f8 5c bf ff 81 a6 43 20 02 2cb0 a6 01 b7 0c ae 40 cc 29 ce a6 60 20 06 a6 40 20 2000 02 a6 20 bb f3 b7 f3 4f b9 f2 b7 f2 81 a6 20 97 2cd0 b6 f3 bf f3 b0 f3 b7 f3 b6 f2 a2 00 b7 f2 81 cd 2ce0 23 fl 3f 0d cd 28 74 cd 29 3b ae 20 cd 2a 64 cc 2cf0 29 3b be f6 cd 2a 07 cd 2a 19 a6 10 b7 f6 cd 2a 2d00 03 3a f6 26 f9 cc 2a 59 3f 0d cd 29 51 ad ae ae 2d10 3f ad 8d 5f cc 2b 44 cd 23 fl ae 60 bf fe cd 2e 2d20 9f ad 51 ae 80 bf fe cd 2e 9f ad 48 cd 29 d9 cd 2d30 29 51 ae 62 cd 2d f4 a6 20 b7 ff ae 80 cd 2b 44 ae a0 cd 29 27 ae 60 cd 29 2b cd 29 d9 cd 2c e2 2d40 2d50 cd 29 06 cd 29 67 ae 40 a6 55 e7 ff 5a 26 fb cd 2d60 2c f4 cd 29 3b cd 2b ce ae 40 e6 ff al 55 26 aa 2d70 5a 26 f7 81 cd 2e 40 ad 42 cd 2d e4 a6 23 b7 0d 2d80 be fe cd 2e 2f a6 01 b7 0c 3f 0b 9f ab 20 b7 f5 3f 0b cd 29 0e ae 1e cd 29 ce cd 2e 04 cd 2e 6a 2d90 cd 2a 0e be fe cd 2e 39 9f ab 60 97 a6 83 b7 2da0 2db0 cd 29 27 b6 fe ab 60 97 cc 2e 39 cd 29 3b c6 01 2dc0 00 c7 01 a0 c6 01 01 c7 01 a1 a6 45 b7 0c a6 0f 2**d**d0 b7 f5 13 0d cd 2a 0e 12 0d cd 2e 5c cd 2e 87 3a 2de0 f5 26 ef 81 a6 49 b7 0c 9d b6 0a c7 01 a0 b6 0a c7 01 a1 81 e6 fe a0 02 e7 fe e6 ff a2 00 e7 ff 2df0 2e00 5c 25 f7 81 cd 29 c8 a6 23 b7 0d a6 45 b7 0c ae 04 cd 29 ce ae 0f 18 0c 09 0d fd b7 0b 5a 26 f8 2e10 2e20 c6 01 a0 b7 0b c6 01 a1 b7 0b 0d 0d fd 81 5f d6 2e30 01 00 a4 fe d7 01 00 81 5f d6 01 00 aa 01 20 f4 2e40 a6 83 b7 0d ad 20 ad 2e a6 01 b7 0c a6 01 b0 f5 2e50 b7 0b 4f b2 f6 b7 0b ae 1e cc 29 ce c6 01 a0 b7 2e60 0b c6 01 a1 20 0c a6 46 20 02 a6 45 b7 0c a6 ff 2e70 b7 0b ae 02 20 0c a6 43 b7 0c a6 01 b7 0b 3f 0b ae 1d b7 0b cc 29 ce b6 0d a4 f0 aa 03 b7 0d 18 2e80 0c 09 0d fd ae 04 3f 0b 5a 26 fb 0d 0d fd 81 1e 2e90 0d cd 2b 22 ad 92 c6 01 1f aa c0 c7 01 1f cd 2f 2ea0 2eb0 82 4f 3f f5 cd 2f ef cd 29 06 cd 29 67 ad 11 27 04 a6 02 20 ed 81 03 05 07 0b 0d 11 13 17 1d 1f 2ec0 2ed0 a6 0a b7 f6 a6 01 b7 0c be f6 d6 2e c5 b7 0b ae 2ee0 1f cd 29 ce ad 55 a6 49 b7 0c be f6 b6 0a d1 2e 2ef0 c5 26 d2 ae 1e 3d 0a 26 cc 5a 26 f9 3d 0e 26 c5 2f00 3a f6 26 d0 be fe cd 29 2b a6 83 b7 0d cd 2e 2e cd 2e 66 cd 2e 76 a6 01 cd 2f d0 cd 2a 18 a6 49 2f10 b7 0c 9d b6 0a b7 f5 b6 0a b7 f6 cd 2e 38 3d f5 2f20 26 07 3d f6 26 03 ae 01 81 5f 81 a6 05 b7 0c ae 2£30 20 bf ff c6 01 1f 49 b7 f5 a6 07 b7 f7 a6 81 b7 2f40 0d 18 0c 0d 0d fd 39 f5 24 13 a6 83 b7 0d be f6 2f50 ---d6 2e c5 b7 0b ae 03 cd 29 ce cd 2e 87 3a f7 26 do 3a ff 27 Oc a6 08 b7 f7 be ff e6 ff b7 f5 2033 81 4f c7 01 21 c7 01 22 c7 01 23 a6 01 ad 40 a6 03 ad 21 b7 f4 a6 01 ad 36 a6 05 ad 17 b7 f3 56 62 ad 2c a6 07 ad 0d b7 f2 a6 09 ad 22 a6 0b ad 03 b7 f1 81 c7 01 20 ad 10 ae 20 cd 29 68 cd 18 48 49 b7 0c 9d b6 0a 81 b7 f5 a6 43 20 04 57 f5 a6 01 b7 0c b6 f5 b7 0b ae 1f cc 29 ce b7 fó 5a e6 f1 b1 f6 25 02 b0 f6 e7 f1 81 a6 02 4d 27 0d 3c f5 3c f5 ae 04 6c f0 6c f0 5a 26 f9 ae 94 a6 03 ad da a6 05 ad d6 a6 07 ad d2 a6 0b ad ce ae 04 6d f0 27 d6 5a 26 f9 b6 f5 cb 01 00 c7 01 00 ae 02 24 08 4f e9 ff e7 ff 5c 20 f6 81 cc 3020 28 46 1f 0d 81 le 0d 81 cc 28 4d cc 28 55 cc 28

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2a 07 cc 2a 14 9d 5. 81 cc 2a 03 cc 2a 4b cc 2a
 1070
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       cc 2b 42 9d 9d 81 cc 2d 17 cc 2d 08 cc 2b cb cc
 3090
       2c f2 cc 30 a4 cc 32 56 cc 2c df cc 2a 98 cc 2a
 30a0
       8c cc 2a 92 cd 23 fl 3f 0d cd 29 el cd 31 5a ae
 0d0E
       60 cd 29 27 a6 30 cd 2c c3 cd 31 5a cd 29 3b a6
 30c0
       90 cd 2c c3 ae 2f cd 2c a0 cd 2b 50 ae c0 cd 29
       27 a6 c0 cd 2c cf cd 29 51 cd 32 38 a6 90 cd 2c
 30d0
 30e0
      c3 ae 2f cd 2c a0 ae 60 cd 28 f2 cd 32 25 cd 29
 30f0
       3b cd 2b 50 cd 29 3b a6 90 cd 2c cf cd 31 df 5c
      e6 ff d2 01 bf e7 ff 3a f5 26 f4 24 10 cd 31 df
 3100
 3110
      bd f1 5c e9 ff e7 ff 3a f6 26 f5 24 f0 cd 2c b9
 3120
      cd 28 74 cd 32 25 5f cd 31 e4 cd 29 3b 3f ff ae
 3130
      2f ad 6c cd 29 3b a6 30 cd 2c cf cd 31 f1 cd 31
 3140
      df 5c e6 ff d9 01 bf e7 ff 3a f5 26 f4 24 0a ae
3150
      31 4f e9 ff e7 ff 5c 25 f8 81 1d 0c cd 29
                                               51 cd
3160
      32 38 cd 32 4d cd 2a 07 cd 32 43 cd 32 49 ae 30
3170
      ad 72 ae 90 bf ff a6 49 b7 0c ad 63 5c b6 0a e9
3180
      ff d7 01 8f 3a f6 26 f4 24 13 98 5f bd f1 b7 f6
3190
      d6 01 90 b2 f6 d7 01 90 5c 3a f5 26 ef ae 3e cd
31a0
      32 4f cd 2a 07 cd 32 43 cd 32 49 cd 2a 03 a6 03
31b0
      b7 0d a6 45 b7 0c ae 04 cd 29 ce ae 08 18 0c 09
31c0
      0d fd 3f 0b 5a 26 f8 a6 01 b7 0b ae 03 cd 29 ce
31d0
      09 0d fd ae 04 cd 29 ce 0d 0d fd be ff 20 05 a6
31e0
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31f0
      94 a6 23 b7 0d 1d 0c cd 29 c8 cd 28 74 ad 26 cd
      2a 18 cd 29 25 cd 28 74 ad 1b cd 29 bc cd 2a 18
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      a6 49 b7 0c a6 40 ad c9 b6 0a 5c d2 01 3f e7 ff
3220
      3a f5 26 f4 81 a6 49 ae 2f ad 11 ae 0f a6 4b b7
      Oc 9d b6 0a 5a 26 fb 81 ae 2f a6 4b ad 13 ae 10
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3250
      4b ad dc 17
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3260
      b6 f3 b7 fc b6 fd b7 f2 b6 fe b7 f3 5f bd f1 d7
3270
      01 a0 5c a3 60 26 f6 a6 23 b7 0d 1d 0c cd 29 c8
3280
      b6 fc ab 80 b7 fa 4f b9 fb b7 f9 ad 27 a6
                                               10 b7
3290
      f7 a6 01 b7 f9 a6 a0 b7 fa ad 19 3a f7 26 f2 b6
32a0
      fd b7 f9 b6 fe b7 fa ad 0b ae 60 d6 01 9f e7
32b0
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32c0
      c0 ad 31 a6 e0 ad 2d cd 33 d7 a6 60 cd 31 e1 bd
      fl b7 f5 d6 01 00 b2 f5 d7 01 a0 5c 3a f6
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                                               26 ef
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      24 11 d6 01 00 a2 00 24 0a ae 60 e6 ff d7 01 9f
32f0
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      5f cd 33 a0 cd 33 ec cd 33 95 5f ad 56 cd 33 88
3300
3310
      cd 33 d7 cd 33 95 ae 80 ad 49 5f cd 33 a0 5f 5c
3320
      d6 01 1f e7 ff a3 50 26 f6 ae 20 4f d7 01 4f 5a
3330
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3340
      e6 ad 52 ae 80 ad 1c ae 20 ad 55 cd 33 cb ad 45
3350
      be f8 ad 0f 5f ad 49 ad 78 ad 3a be f8 ad 04 ae
3360
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3370
      b7 f5 b7 f6 a6 15 b7 0c 09 0d fd 3f 0b 3a f6
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3380
      f7 cd 2a 39 0d 0d fd 81 a6 49 b7 0c a6 9f b7 f5
        80 cd 29 41 cd 2c b0 ae 20 bf f5 51 cc 28 81
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      fa 98 b7 f3 b6
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EXL. C

EXHIBIT.

1 2 3 4	SQUIRE, SANDERS & DEMPSE P. Craig Cardon (State Bar No. 168 Michael T. Purleski (State Bar No. 801 S. Figueroa St., Fourteenth Flo Los Angeles, California 90017 Telephone: (213) 624-2500 Facsimile: (213) 623-4581	8686) 216307)				
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	T. WADE WELCH & ASSOCIAT T. Wade Welch (pro hac vice) Ross W. Wooten (pro hac vice) Joseph H. Boyle (pro hac vice) 2401 Fountainview Suite 700 Houston, Texas 77057 Telephone: (713) 952-4334 Facsimile: (713) 952-4994  Attorneys for Plaintiffs ECHOSTAR SATELLITE CORPORATION, ECHOSTAR COMMUNICATION CORPORATION, ECHOSTAR TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION, AND NAGRAS L.L.C.	TS				
14 15	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
16 17	SOUTHERN DIVISION					
18						
19	ECHOSTAR SATELLITE	No.				
20	CORPORATION, ECHOSTAR COMMUNICATIONS	AFFIDAVIT TESTIMONY				
21	CORPORATION, ECHOSTAR TECHNOLOGIES	OF MARTIN PAUL STEWART				
22	CORPORATION, AND NAGRASTAR L.L.C.					
23	Plaintiffs,					
24	V.					
25	NDS GROUP PLC, NDS AMERICAS, INC.,					
26	Defendants.					
27						
28		Tybibir				

SQUIRE, SANDERS L.L.,P., 801 South Figueron Street 14th Floor 4.05 Angeles CA 90017 AFFIDAVIT TESTIMONY OF MARTIN PAUL STEWART Exhibit 3

27<sup>.</sup>  **BEFORE ME,** the undersigned notary public, on this day personally appeared **Martin Paul Stewart**, a person whose identity is known to me. After I administered the oath to him, and being duly sworn, he stated as follows:

- 1. My name is Martin Paul Stewart. I was formerly known as, and am still referred to at times as Martin "Marty" Mullen. I am over 18 years of age and am duly competent in all respects to make this affidavit. The facts stated herein are based upon my own personal knowledge, unless otherwise stated, and are true, accurate to the best of my current knowledge, and correct. If called to testify in the above styled and numbered cause, I would provide sworn testimony in accordance with the facts stated herein.
- 2. I am the owner/operator of a business entity known as Multi-Media Images ("MMI"). I started this business as a sole proprietorship in 1997. MMI was formerly engaged in a wide variety of enterprises including: internet & new media design; video productions; CD ROM presentations; audio production; networking; network security analysis; and retail sales/installations of home entertainment consumer electronics and Star Choice satellite systems. MMI is currently engaged in security consulting providing these services to clients including major Canadian banks, the medical industry and the Canadian Department of Defense.
- 3. During the early years of operation MMI engaged in the sale and installation of other satellite systems. Specifically, during that time MMI's satellite business consisted of approximately 85% DirecTV systems, 10% DISH Network systems and 5% C-Band systems. Of these satellite system sales, approximately 20% were based upon what was commonly referred to as 'grey market' sales with the remaining approximately 80% consisting of what was commonly referred to as 'black market' sales.
- 4. 'Grey market' sales consist of situations where satellite systems are sold to consumers in an area, such as Canada, where a particular satellite system's

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QUIRE, SANDERS L.L.P.

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provider is not authorized to procure subscribers. 'Grey market' sales are set up by the subscriber providing a valid credit card number and designating a United States address for the purposes of billing such that the satellite system provider is unaware of the subscriber's residence in an area not authorized to pay the subscription fee for receiving that provider's signal.

- 5. 'Black market' sales consist of situations where the consumer purchases the equipment necessary for the reception and decryption of a satellite system provider's signal without paying the provider the requisite subscription fees. 'Black market' sales are set up by a consumer purchasing satellite reception/decryption equipment (including what is known as an Access Card or 'Smart Card') which has been altered, modified or 'pirated' such that the consumer could receive, decrypt and view the provider's satellite signal without paying the monthly fees.
- 6. Importantly, at the time MMI was established in or around February 1997, the only method available for distributing satellite receivers for the DISH Network signal was via the 'grey market' as, to my knowledge, no one had been able to successfully procure the dump of the EchoStar/NagraStar ROM Code yet.
- 7. After initially starting MMI in or around February 1997, MMI was purchasing satellite receivers (or 'set-top boxes') from local area distributors in Toronto, Canada. Two of the primary distributors were Tech Electronics and Incredible Electronics.
- 8. With regard to the satellite systems set up under the 'black market' model, Access Cards (or 'smart cards') which had been altered, modified or 'pirated' were needed for these receivers to decrypt the particular provider's satellite Specifically, the Access Cards (or 'smart cards') needed to have certain software loaded onto their microprocessors in order for them to allow the receiver (or 'set-top box') to decrypt the encrypted satellite signal.

AFFIDAVIT TESTIMONY OF RON LORNE EREISER

SQUIRE, SANDERS L.L.P. 801 South Figueron Street 14" Floor Los Angeles CA 90017 9. Initially, prior to May of 1996 while I was working/residing in the Cayman Islands, I was receiving some of these software-loaded pirated devices, as well as subsequent support for same to combat or overcome electronic counter measures ("ecm") directed at disabling these cards, from an individual named Gary Toscholke.

- During this same period, I was placed in contact with an individual referenced as "the visitor" or "the European". I was placed in contact with this individual by a former business associate named Chuck 'Hauser'. This European, who spoke with a distinct German accent, was in the business of, among other things, providing software-loaded access cards that would facilitate the unauthorized decryption of a satellite provider's satellite signal. I was initially instructed by Chuck 'Hauser' to refer to this 'European' by the fictitious name of Martin. I later came to refer to this 'European' by another possibly fictitious name "Palma" or "Lorenzo Palma".
- 11. After initially being introduced to 'Palma', he advised that he was able to write software to satellite access cards which would allow the enduser/consumer to decrypt a satellite provider's encrypted satellite signal. 'Palma' requested that money be sent to the following address in order to receive these software loaded access cards: Lorenzo Palma, Pielle Electronica, Vicolo Vigneto o/c, 24030 Caprino Bergamasco BG, Italy.
- 12. In order for 'Palma' to communicate with me, he instructed me to set up several email accounts. Subsequently, he provided me with a DES encryption engine known as FSCRAM and instructed me to use this program to encrypt all communications with him. He further instructed me to begin each such encrypted communication with seemingly innocuous phrases such as: "Hi, how are you? Here is the recipe for the turkey dinner."

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QUIRE, SANDERS L.L.P. 801 South Figueroa Street 14th Floor AFFIDAVIT TESTIMONY OF RON LORNE EREISER

13. After 'Palma' provided me with the FSCRAM encryption software for electronic communications, he advised that for \$45,000 he would guarantee MMI future purchases of software-loaded DirecTV H-Cards that would allow the end-user to obtain unauthorized access to the encrypted satellite signal. 'Palma' was provided with this requested amount via Paul Cater, Mike McAllister and Peter Beacock. Cater, McAllister and Beacock were distributors of 'Palma's' software-loaded access cards.

14. After MMI was originally formed, 'Palma' continued to provide software-loaded access cards for the DirecTV satellite system that were, eventually, distributed to end-users who could then obtain access to the encrypted satellite signal. Importantly, the software utilities provided by 'Palma' were somehow 'pre-loaded', 'prepped' or otherwise pre-equipped to handle future ecm updates launched by NDS. Specifically, these utilities were pre-equipped to handle ecm's when NDS updated the access cards to, among others, 18-updates, 23-updates, 26-updates and 28-updates. explained more fully below, 'Palma' was able to pre-equip his utilities to maintain the access cards he provided because he was an NDS agent/employee and, as he candidly acknowledge to me, had full access to both the nner workings of the card's microprocessor and prior knowledge of upcoming ecm's. In addition, each time a new generation card was about to be released, 'Palma' informed me that not to worry because he already had the 'fix' for the new card prior to that new generation card to be released.

15. In or about December 1997 or January 1998 I became aware that 'Palma' was actually working for, and under the direct control of NDS. Specifically, the day after 'Palma' had provided me with a supply of his software-loaded access cards for distribution, he called me and inquired into whether or not those access cards had already been released for distribution. When I inquired into why he was asking, he told me that the following day

- 5 -

an ecm was going to be released that would disable these cards. After informing 'Palma' that most of his cards had already been released to Paul Cater. 'Palma' told us to get these cards back immediately and that he could send a program that would correct the cards and defeat the <u>upcoming</u> ecm. During this conversation, which was also heard by another individual present with me at the time, I was able to clearly hear an intercom announcement in 'Palma's' background which stated words to the affect of would all "NDS employees" please report immediately to the boardroom. 'Palma' unsuccessfully attempted to cover the receiver on his phone to muffle the announcement and then abruptly ended the conversation. Importantly, just as 'Palma' told me on the phone at that time, within the next few days an ecm was released that effectively disabled 'Palma's' cards that we were unable to recall.

In August 1997 I was contacted via telephone by an individual named 16. Oliver Kommerling. During this conversation, Kommerling introduced himself to me and informed me that he would soon be in possession of the first hack of the EchoStar/NagraStar ROM Code. Kommerling stated to me that this ROM Code was currently being extracted in a highly sophisticated labatory in Europe. Kommerling then informed me that he was able to offer me the hack on the EchoStar/NagraStar microprocessor and that he wanted to come to Canada and arrange a meeting to discuss the details. Kommerling said that he was informed that I was in possession of pirating software for the DirecTV H-Card and that if I delayed in releasing that software he was authorized to provide me with the DISH Network ROM Code. It is my understanding, after speaking with numerous individuals, including without limitation, Kommerling's agent John Luyando (or "Yanni"), as well as reading Kommerling's sworn declaration filed in support of the Canal+ litigation against NDS, that at the time Kommerling contacted me and stated

AFFIDAVIT TESTIMONY OF RON LORNE EREISER

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QUIRE, SANDERS L.L.P. 801 South Figueron Street 14th Floor Los Angeles CA 90047 that he would provide me with the soon-to-be-completed EchoStar/NagraStar ROM Code extraction, Kommerling was an NDS employee and was acting on behalf of, and under the direct control of NDS.

- 17. After Kommerling's initial phone call to me, he sent me an email with the following contact information: "O. Kommerling, 66484 Riedelberg, M hlstr. 7, Germany, Tel: +49 6339 9219 11, or +49 6339 9219 44, Fax: +49 6339 9219 46, Cell: +49 1712 6446 80."
- 18. On Saturday August 23, 1997 at 11:03 a.m. I called Kommerling to further discuss his offer. Using the information he provided me via email, I contacted him through his cell number at + 49 1712 6446 80. (Attached to this Affidavit as Exhibit A is a true and correct copy of a Bell Canada phone record evidencing this call.)
- 19. My August 23, 1997 phone call to Kommerling lasted approximately one (1) hour. During this conversation, Kommerling informed me that the DISH Network hack was almost completed and that he would arrange a trip to Canada in the immediate future to discuss details of his authority to sell me the EchoStar/NagraStar ROM Code.
- 20. In October 1997 I was informed by Paul Cater that Kommerling and an individual identified as Yanni (whose real name I know to be John Luyando) traveled to Canada to meet with Cater, Mike McAllister and Peter Beacock and discuss Kommerling's ability to provide the DirecTV hack and for Kommerling to set up a meeting with me to discuss his offer to sell the DISH Network hack. When I asked Yanni why they did not come and discuss Kommerling's offer with me directly, he informed me that they were 'instructed' to go through Cater, McAllister and Beacock in order to get to me. After speaking with Yanni on or about September 20, 2002, it is my understanding that this 'instruction' came directly from NDS.

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SOURE, SANDERS L.L.P.
804 South Figueroa Street

Los Angeles CA 90017

21	In February 1998 Kommerling contacted me again via telephone and
	advised me that the DISH Network hack had been completed and that the
	ROM Code had been fully extracted from the access card's microprocessor.
	He further told me that Yanni would be contacting me within the next couple
	of weeks to set up a meeting in Canada to discuss Kommerling's authority to
	offer me this ROM Code. During this conversation Kommerling stated that
	he was also able to provide me with support for the DirecTV H-card hack in
	addition to providing us the DISH Network ROM Code, as long as I delayed
	in releasing any software for the H-Card.

- In accordance with Kommerling's statements to me, Yanni called me in early March of 1998 and arranged a meeting to discuss Kommerling's offer of the DISH Network ROM Code. This meeting took place on Friday March 13, 1998 at the Hilton hotel in Windsor, Ontario. Myself, Archie Timuik and Joseph Lucker were in attendance at this meeting with Yanni (John Luyando). Yanni informed us that Kommerling could not be in attendance at the meeting because of work conflicts, but that Kommerling had bestowed full authority on Yanni to negotiate Kommerling's offer of the DISH Network hack.
- 23. During this meeting Yanni informed us that Kommerling was authorized to offer us the DISH Network ROM Code for \$1,000,000. During this March 13, 1998 meeting, Yanni informed us that Kommerling was willing to either set up a demonstration of the DISH Network hack, or provide us with a portion of the EchoStar/NagraStar ROM Code so that we could verify that Kommerling was in fact in possession of the hack.
- 24. After lengthy negotiations took place at this March 13, 1998 meeting, we were ultimately unable to come to any mutually agreeable terms regarding Kommerling's offer to sell us the DISH Network hack. However, Yanni informed us that he would pass our counter-offer on to Kommerling

and get back with us. It is my understanding, after speaking with numerous individuals, including without limitation, Kommerling's agent John Luyando (or "Yanni"), as well as reading Kommerling's sworn declaration filed in support of the Canal+ litigation against NDS, that at this time Kommerling was an NDS employee and was acting on behalf of, and under the direct control of NDS.

- During the period from the March 13,1998 meeting until the end of April 1998 I received several phone calls from Yanni. Yanni advised me that Kommerling was unable to sell us the DISH Network hack for anything less than his stated price of \$1,000,000. It is my understanding, after speaking with numerous individuals, including without limitation, Kommerling's agent John Luyando (or "Yanni"), as well as reading Kommerling's sworn declaration filed in support of the Canal+ litigation against NDS, that at this time Kommerling was an NDS employee and was acting on behalf of, and under the direct control of NDS.
- Because we were unwilling to provide Kommerling with the entire \$1,000,000 upfront, negotiations came to an end. Shortly thereafter, I learned through common knowledge in the satellite pirating community, as well as through Al Menard's <a href="https://www.dr7.com">www.dr7.com</a> website and Chris Tarnovsky's postings on same, that this DISH Network ROM dump had been provided to another group known as the 'Swiss Cheese' Group.
- 27. I swear under the penalties of perjury pursuant to the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct and is based upon my own personal knowledge.

QUIRE, SANDERS 1,,1,,P,

Los Angeles CA 90017

AFFIDAVIT TESTIMONY OF RON LORNE EREISER

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3	Further Affiant sayeth not.
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5	Sworn, subscribed to and executed on February 7, 2004 in London, Ontario Canada.
6	Canada.
7	Martin Paul Stewart
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10	SWORN TO and SUBSCRIBED before me by Martin Daul Stewart on February 7, 2004.
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13	Notary Public in and for the
14	City Town of London, Province of Ontario,
15	Country of Canada
16	My commission expires: <u>Λ.Q</u> .
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.L.P.	AFFIDAVIT TESTIMONY OF
reet	RON LORNE FREISER

SQUIRE, SANDERS L.L.P. 803 South Figueron Street 14th Floor Los Angeles CA 90017

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1 2 3 4	SQUIRE, SANDERS & DEMPSEY Michael T. Purleski (State Bar No. 2 Angela N. O'Rourke (State Bar No. 801 S. Figueroa St., Fourteenth Floo Los Angeles, California 90017 Telephone: (213) 624-2500 Facsimile: (213) 623-4581	(16307)
5 6 7 8 9	T. WADE WELCH & ASSOCIATE T. Wade Welch (pro hac vice) Ross W. Wooten (pro hac vice) Joseph H. Boyle (pro hac vice) 2401 Fountainview Suite 700 Houston, Texas 77057 Telephone: (713) 952-4334 Facsimile: (713) 952-4994 Attorneys for Plaintiffs ECHOSTAR SATELLITE CORPORATION	
11 12 13	CORPORATION, ECHOSTAR COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION, ECHOSTAR TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION, AND NAGRAST L.L.C.	
14	UNITED STA	TES DISTRICT COURT
15	CENTRAL DIS	TRICT OF CALIFORNIA
16		HERN DIVISION
17		
18	ECHOSTAR SATELLITE	No. SA CV 03-950 DOC(ANx)
19	CORPORATION, ECHOSTAR COMMUNICATIONS	DECLARATION OF REGINALD SCULLION
20	CORPORATION, ECHOSTAR TECHNOLOGIES	Date:
21	CORPORATION, AND NAGRASTAR L.L.C.	Time:
22	Plaintiffs,	Dept: Judge David O. Carter Courtroom 9-D
23	V.	
24	NDS GROUP PLC, NDS	
25	AMERICAS, INC.,	
26	Defendants.	
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are, Sanders L.L.P.		
Il Soigh Figueroa, Street	DECLARATION OF REGINALD SCULLION	

BEFORE ME, the undersigned notary public, on this day, personally appeared Reginald "Reg" Scullion, a person whose identity is known to me. After I administered the oath to him, and being duly sworn, he stated as follows:

- 1. My name is Reginald Scullion. I am over 18 years of age and am duly competent in all respects to make this affidavit. The facts stated herein are based upon my own personal knowledge, unless otherwise stated, and are true, accurate, to the best of my current knowledge, and correct. If called to testify in the above styled and numbered cause, I would provide sworn testimony in accordance with the facts stated herein.
- 2. I have been involved in the satellite television business generally since approximately 1980 owning a satellite installation and receiver repair business. I temporarily retired from the satellite business in 1994 due my pursuit of other business opportunities, in addition to personal health issues, among other reasons. I returned to the satellite business in approximately July 1996 whereupon I went back into the satellite sales and service industry.
- 3. Upon my return to the satellite sales and service industry in approximately the middle of 1996, I began selling DBS systems for the DirecTV satellite system. I purchased my products from distributors such as DSI, New Advanced Technologies, and Zed Marketing, among others. I sold DirecTV products locally and over the Internet. I also installed the DBS systems for my customers and assisted in the activation of the customers' DirecTV subscription accounts. For activation assistance, I dealt with grey marketers, specifically New Advanced Technologies in Quebec and Zed Marketing in Ontario. I was involved in selling systems with both altered and unaltered Access Cards which were both believed to be legal in Canada due both to the reading of the law and to Canadian court rulings which constantly said that it was legal to decode systems that were not those of authorized distributors in

Canada. I would obtain the hacked cards from my DirecTV distributors and from grey marketers in Canada. Hacked DirecTV Access Cards were sold very openly at that time since they were considered to be totally legal. Since I was quite knowledgeable with computers, I was also writing some of my own code for the DirecTV Access Cards and was programming my own DirecTV Access Cards which were purchased directly from DirecTV on my behalf and for this purpose. I also had manufactured my own "green cards" and programmers/unloopers, bootstrap writers, and other signal reception devices, deemed legal in Canada. I had purchased a large quantity of DirecTV Access Cards through various authorized DirecTV dealers who were actually Canadians known to DTV such as Z-Marketing and others and those cards came directly from DirecTV.

- 4. On or about November 4, 1998, my business (Avantec, Inc.) was raided by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police ("RCMP"). As a result of the raid, the RCMP seized (1) satellite and non-satellite equipment, (2) approximately \$5.5 million dollars in my bank accounts and safety deposit boxes belonging to me and several other members of my family, and (3) approximately 12,000 new DirecTV Access Cards purchased from DTV. The Canadian government is still in possession of these seized items.
- 5. I am currently the owner and operator of a website named <u>www.legal-rights.org</u>, which focuses primarily on the anti-piracy of satellite television systems in Canada and the United States in addition to general news, publications, commentaries, and updates on the battle against satellite piracy.
- 6. I am also currently an Administrator on several other websites including <a href="https://www.piratesden.com">www.piratesden.com</a>, <a href="https://www.dsschat.com">www.dsschat.com</a>, <a href="https://www.dsschat.com">www.d

and banning certain persons and/or posts on the websites which may contain offensive, illegal, and/or inappropriate material.

- 7. Due to my status as an Administrator on these websites, among others, I have and/or had complete access to the control panels on all of these websites, among others, which enables me to view all of the information that members and other Administrators post in their registration sheets, as well as, all related information obtained on these people which is stored in the websites' databases. A member's personal information provided in their registration sheet is also often useful in obtaining additional information related to that person from other websites since people are often members of several different website forums at the same time and members often use the same password from website to website. Accordingly, members' IP addresses, real names, and much other information can be obtained by cross-referencing the members' information in different forums. In this way I can be sure that a person on one web site is the same person as uses a different Nick on a different website.
- 8. Through my work as an Administrator on pirate websites and forums, I initially became familiar with Christopher Tarnovsky ("Tarnovsky") in approximately middle of 1996 and engaged in numerous telephone and email correspondence exchanges regarding satellite piracy.
- 9. In or about late 1996, Tarnovsky was working with Ron Ereiser ("Ereiser") in Kerrobert Manitoba developing and distributing "battery cards." Shortly after the "battery card" release, Tarnovsky and Ereiser abandoned their customers and refused to provide support for the "battery cards" for a few months. At some time thereafter, "L-cards" and "T-cards" were released to compensate for this lack of support in the battery cards. I decided to provide support for the "L-cards" and "T-cards" in terms of coding and programming,

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in part, because Tarnovsky and Ereiser had abandoned people and were not providing technical support for these cards. In fact, Tarnovsky accused me of stealing his code from the "battery card" because Tarnovsky knew that the DS5000 DALLAS chip on the "L-Card" could be pulled, and thus a good programmer could reprogram the file to support "battery cards" he had designed by Norman Dick; however, this was not the case and I did not steal Tarnovsky's code. As a result of Tarnovsky and Ereiser abandoning people and not providing technical support for the "L-cards" and "T-cards," and my subsequent decision to support these persons and devices, Tarnovsky and I became arch enemies starting in approximately October 1996. Accordingly, Tarnovsky spent a lot of time on the Internet chat rooms and forums criticizing me and calling me names thinking I was dumping his cards.

As a result of my providing support and my disagreements with Tarnovsky, 10. on or about January 29, 1997, Tarnovsky, using the nickname "biggun," sent me an email from "bg@wbm.ca" wherein he threatened me and established his relationship with NDS, formerly NDC. (Attached hereto as Exhibit A.) Tarnovsky's email stated, among other things, "[i]f I am against you, you will not have happy customers under your side. I give you the tv and I can remove the tv." Concerning my failure to respond to his offer, Tarnovsky stated that if he did not hear back from me, he would "consider you [Scullion] a threat to me [Tarnovsky] and commence something very drastic soon after. I may just give the source to NDC. I am sure they will purchase it from me and if I agree to stop, then your world stops also . . . . You could have been a distro. point for us . . Instead you are a thefe." Tarnovsky then signs off, "bye! biggun." At this time, I came to believe that Tarnovsky had a relationship with NDC and/or NDS.

In or about fall 1998, Al Menard ("Menard"), owner and operator of 11.

www.dr7.com, first approached me wherein he informed me that he was involved in a plan to be the Canadian leader in distributing Pirated EchoStar Access Cards. Menard inquired as to whether I was interested in participating in his distribution network. I declined his offer.

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12. Shortly thereafter, Tarnovsky disappeared entirely from the IRC forums. In approximately September 1998, I noticed that Tarnovsky had reemerged and began posting and chatting on www.dr7.com website under the nickname "Swiss Cheese Productions" ("SCP"). The "SCP" consisted of Tarnovsky and Menard who had sub-distributors acting at the direction and supervision of Menard. The "SCP" initially posted certain EchoStar "freeware" (which is software that people do not need to pay for as it is offered "free" on the Internet on the website www.dr7.com. I did not pay much attention to "SCP's" operations and the freeware posts because they were directed at the EchoStar system, a system that I was not interested in and/or involved with, and a system that no known hack was available for at that time, even though Tarnovsky and Menard were promising a release of the hack shortly.

On or about early 1999, Menard personally contacted me by telephone

wherein he invited me to become a moderator on his website, www.dr7.com.

Shortly thereafter, I was made an Administrator. Consistent with my current

responsibilities as an administrator on the current websites that I am an

Administrator on, my responsibilities as both a Moderator and an Administer

on Menard's website, www.dr7.com, included reviewing, controlling,

deleting, and banning certain persons and/or posts on the website. At or

about the same time, I was also an Administrator on both a DSS chat

(www.risestar.com) and Sean Quinn's website (www.hitecsat.com). As a

result of my Administrator position, I had possession of certain users'

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passwords and could access their accounts. For example, I had passwords that belonged to Tarnovsky, Sean Quinn, and Dave Dawson.

- 14. Shortly thereafter, on or about early 1999, I verified that Tarnovsky was part of the "SCP." I initially discussed particular chat posts made by "SCP" with other administrators on a private forum chat on the DR7 website wherein I commented about the similarities between "SCP" and Tarnovsky's previous posts he made as using other nicknames including, but not limited to, "Scatman Cran," "Von," "Vonrola," "Big Gun," "Shrimp," and "Nipper." Shortly thereafter, I also reviewed the information on "SCP's" profile and compared the passwords and IP addresses of "SCP" with that of Tarnovsky's other nicknames including, but not limited to, "Scatman Cran," "Von," "Vonrola," "Big Gun," "Shrimp," and "Nipper." The results of such a search revealed that "SCP's" and Tarnovsky's other nicknames' and IP addresses were identical and that the same anonymizer was used for both when they differed.
- Tarnovsky also registered the nicknames Von, Vonrola, and Nipper on the 15. DR7 website on the same day. I have personal knowledge of this fact because, due to my status as administrator which allowed me to access particular files and databases on the DR7 website, I had full access to the Control Panel which showed all registrations, IP addresses, and complete information on all of the members of the DR7 website. Although these files do not contain specific "CHRISTIAN" names, one can confirm the identity of certain users by cross-referencing email addresses and passwords contained in users' registration profiles. Moreover when people post, the IP address they use can be determined and traced back to the actual person. Examples of registration profiles of Tarnovsky's aliases include, but are not limited to. the following information: (a) Von phoenix

| von@fumanche.net|http://| Write|| |3| Junior Member|||no|; (b) VONrola | hello| vonrola@fumanche.net| http://www.vegetablesRus.com| W rite | Lowlife dweeb on drugs| |1|Junior Member | Fucking with Vegetable | Scallion||yes|; and (c) nipper |nipper |charlie@dicknetwork.sux| http://|Write|||16|Junior Member|||yes|. As a result of my investigation, it was revealed that Tarnovsky was using the nickname Nipper.

16. My investigation as to the identity of Tarnovsky being the same person who was using the nicknames "SCP," "Scatman Cran," "Von," "Vonrola," "Big Gun," "Shrimp," and "Nipper," among others, was further strengthened once Menard instructed me to no longer perform my administration duties, including monitoring, with respect to any posts made by Tarnovsky, "SCP," "Scatman Cran," "Von," "Big Gun," "Shrimp," or "Nipper," among other known nicknames used by Tarnovsky.

17. On or about April 1999, Menard approached me a second time to solicit my participation in his distribution network to sell Pirated EchoStar Access Cards. During this conversation, Menard informed me that he was "close to receiving a full hack of the EchoStar system" and, because of the pirate community's past interest in Swiss Cheese Production's products, Menard's distribution plan was a guaranteed money maker. Menard also informed me that the distribution network was going to have something special attached with its operation: the protection and control of NDS. Menard informed me that NDS was the entity whom had ordered the hack and the distribution of Pirated EchoStar Access Cards through Menard's distribution network via Tarnovsky. Menard informed me that NDS had an arrangement with Tarnovsky to provide the support and facilitation of the hacked EchoStar ROM Code to be sent to Menard to be used in the distribution network.

Menard also informed me that I had nothing to worry about with respect to being raided by the RCMP due to the fact that NDS would be running interference in the distribution network and that NDS was connected and had a solid relationship with the RCMP. Menard then instructed me to get over my prior disagreements with Tarnovsky because this was such a good deal that I should not pass up.

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18. On or about November 1999, I spoke with Menard wherein he informed me that the Pirated EchoStar Access Cards were "ready to be distributed to the public," he had certain vendors in place, and that he wanted me to be one of those vendors. Menard informed me that the vendors who had agreed to participate in the distribution network included Sean Quinn (a/k/a "Hitec" www.hitecsat.com), Andre Sergei (a/k/a "Koin" www.koinvizion.com), Dave Dawson (a/k/a "JD," "Jack Daniels," "John Gotti," and "Teflon Don" d/b/a www.discountsatellite.com and www.dsscanada.com), and Stan Frost (a/k/a "Frosty" and "Wheels" d/b/a

During this November 1999 discussion, Menard informed me that his role in

the distribution network was that of the reprogrammer and that he had four

vendors (Quinn, Sergei, Dawson, and Frost, among others) who agreed to be

the persons responsible for delivering EchoStar Access Cards to Menard.

Once received, Menard would use the equipment he was provided with and

received from NDS via Tarnovsky to reprogram, update, and otherwise load

EchoStar's Code onto the Access Cards (which resulted in the Access Card

becoming "hacked" or "pirated" thus enabling the user to receive

unauthorized DISH Network television programming). I specifically recall

other Administrators on Menard's DR7 website requesting from Menard that

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he reprogram EchoStar Access Cards for them. Menard would respond by requesting that the Administrators send the cards to him and, once the Access Cards had been reprogrammed, Menard would return the Pirated EchoStar Access Cards to the vendor who, in turn, would return the card to the customer to complete the transaction. These transactions occurred between Canada and the United States, among other places. Customers were charged approximately \$300-400 USD which payment was sent from the United States to Canada, among other places.

- In fact, Quinn ("Hitec") told me on numerous occasions that he was traveling 20. to Menard's place of business in order to deliver EchoStar Access Cards for reprogramming in furtherance of their distribution network.
- Although I did not want to tell Menard ("DR7") much about my personal 21. affairs, I was not interested in working in his distribution network because I had sold my business and was no longer interested in selling any products in the satellite piracy business. As a result, I respectfully declined his offer.
- 22. I have received approximately 20 emails from Tarnovsky and approximately 50-100 emails from Menard that support the facts as stated herein.

Further Affiant sayeth not.

Sworn, subscribed to, and executed on February 16, 2004 in Rigaud, Quebec

Canada.

Reginald Scullion

SWORN TO and SUBS

on February <u>//</u>, 2004

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Notary Public in and for the Town of Rigaud, Province of Quebec, Country of Canada My commission expires: Derny 8, 2006 DECLARATION OF REGINALD SCULLION

JIRE, SANDERS L.L.P.

(1 South Figueroa Street
14th Floor

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Message-ID: <32EF6D4E.403B@wbm.ca>
Date: Wed, 29 Jan 1997 10:31:26 -0500
From: bg <bg@wbm.ca>
X-Mailer: Mozilla 3.01Gold (WinNT; I)
MIME-Version: 1.0
To: Reg Scullion <regs@total.net>
Subject: No response. Time finished..
References: <v03007800af0dd2ed8fcd@[205.236.86.22]>
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii
X-UIDL: 2481db0946cb23d4aea057df26818398

You have chosen to ignore me an no reply since your last message. I begin to think you accept my proposition to you and make things nice for both of us. If I am against you, you will not have happy customers under your side. I give you the tv and I can remove the tv. I have been very patient with you and my patient is now expireing. You have until 1800hrs my time! (This is 1200 for you.) If I do not hear from you before I go to my school, I will consider you a threat to me and commence something very drastic soon after. I may just give the source to NDC. I am sure they will purchase it from me and if I agree to stop, then your world stops also. You leave me no other choice. I also know one of people with the .hex file has given this to you. Perhaps for some money. I am not sure. This is not fair to me. You could have been a distro. point for us.. Instead you are thefe.

je attendre sur toi alors!
bye!

biggun

p.s.- I have my Sky TV to enjoy! So, DSS is a simple part time work!

EXHIBIT \_\_\_\_



SQUIRE, SANDERS & DEMPSEY L.L.P.
801 South Figueroa Street

#### PROOF OF SERVICE

I, Villirie Harmon, declare:

I am a resident of the State of California and over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to the within action; my business address is 801 South Figueroa Street, 14th Floor, Los Angeles, CA 90017-5554. On February 18, 2004, I served the within documents:

#### **EchoStar Satellite Corporation's Second Amended Complaint**

X by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United States mail at Los Angeles, California addressed as set forth below.

by causing personal delivery of the document(s) listed above to the person(s) at the address(es) set forth below.

by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope and affixing a pre-paid air bill, and causing the envelope to be delivered to Federal Express for delivery overnight.

By transmitting via facsimile the document(s) listed above to the fax number(s) set forth below on this date.

Darin W. Snyder
David R. Eberhart
O'Melveny & Myers LLP
Embarcadero Center West
275 Battery Street
San Francisco CA 94111-3305

Patrick Lynch
Maitreya Jani
O'Melveny & Myers LLP
610 Newport Center Drive, 17<sup>th</sup> Floor
Newport Beach CA 92660-6429

I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit. I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the bar of this court at whose direction the service was made. I further declare under the penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on February 18, 2004, at Los Ángeles, California.

Villirie Hamon